

Colebrook
Garrison Geo 11 feb 00

THE NAPANEE

Vol. XXXVIII] No. 52 -JNO. POLLARD, Editor and Publisher.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA—FRIDAY

All Ready for Christmas Business

XMAS SILKS

This store is justly noted for its splendid silk bargains. Our assortment of Xmas Silks waists is very extensive and includes every shade and a tremendous variety of patterns. 22c per yard up to \$1.50 per yd. This week we offer two great values in Plain Black Merv—the one a regular \$1.25 quality for \$1.00 and the other a \$1.75 quality for \$1.25

LADIES' AND MISSES' GAUNTLETS

We've a grand value in Ladies' and Misses' Gauntlets in Black and Grey Curl. They are well lined, beautifully made, and comfortable for winter wear. In both sizes the price is 90c per pair, and in misses' sizes 50c per pair.

Rigby Proofed Frieze Ulsters

Another big shipment of our celebrated Rigby Proofed Frieze Ulsters is to hand this week. We can scarcely supply the demand for these goods. They're heavy and warm with large storm king collars—keep out the cold and rain. The price is only \$7.00, not any more and not any less.

Xmas Umbrellas.

We have just opened this week our special lines of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Xmas Umbrellas. Each line is a special bargain and they're made by the best manufacturers.

Umbrellas, 25 inch ribs, best horn handle, paragon frame, steel rod, Gloria silk covering, suitable for either ladies or gentlemen, regular \$2.00, our price \$1.50.

Umbrellas, 25 inch ribs, steel rods, paragon frame, beautiful horn handle, pure Taffeta silk covering, our special price \$3.50.

Ladies' Umbrellas, tight rolling, steel rod, paragon frame, best Taffeta silk covering, special at \$2.50, \$3.50 and \$5.

Bargain in Black Serge,

Regular 45c. for 22½c. yd.

We've new pieces only Black Estamine French Dress Serge, 25 inches wide, guaranteed pure wool, regular 45c per yard, while it lasts you can buy it at 22½c per yd.

Bargain in Dress Goods,

Regular 85c. for 25c per. yd.

We opened this week ten pieces Dress Goods which we got at a great bargain. They're in four shades only, black, old rose, hile green, and peacock, and are 43 and 44 inches wide. They're regular 85c quality, but while they last we sell them at 25c per yard.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS

"Buller" Muffler.

The newest Muffler in the trade, suitable either for ladies or gentlemen's wear. They make very acceptable presents. We have a large assortment at 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.50.

Men's Ties

We are showing a grand assortment of ties for Men's four-in-hand and knot ties very special at 25c each or for 25c. Men's bow ties, new pretty patterns, at 20c which are regular 25c goods. Men's puffs flowing ends, for hands, bow and knot, very special at 25c and 50c each.

Boy's Sweaters

We've just received a special line of Boys' all Sweaters in Navy, Black, Green, Garnet and Brown shades fit boys 6 to 15 years of age. These goods make very Xmas presents for boys.

Men's Linen Handkerchiefs

We keep in stock a line of Men's Irish Linen Handkerchiefs which we import direct from Belfast, Ireland. We guarantee each article pure linen. Prices are 15c, 20c and 25c. Men appreciate them for Xmas.

Men's Irish Knit Hose.

We've just received a special line in Men's Irish knit Hose. They come in sizes 10, 10 and 11. They're regular 35c per pair but while this lot lasts we sell them at 25c per pair.

Bargain in Dress Goods, Regular 85c. for 25c per. yd.

We opened this week ten pieces Dress Goods which we got at a great bargain. They're in four shades only, black, old rose, Nile green, and peacock, and are 43 & 44 inches wide. They're regular 85c quality, but while they last we sell them at 25c per yard.

Xmas Smyrna Rugs.

These Rugs make exceedingly pretty and tasty Xmas presents. They come in all sizes, and in very new and pretty patterns. We have them in four prices, viz; 90c, \$2, \$3, and \$4.75 each.

Men's Linen Handkerchiefs

We keep in stock a line of Men's Irish Linen Handkerchiefs which we import direct from Belfast, Ireland. We guarantee each article pure linen. Prices are 15c, 25c and 25c Men appreciate them for Xmas.

Men's Irish Knit Hose.

We've just received a special line in Men's Irish Knit Hose. They come in sizes 10, 10 and 11. They're regular 35c a pair but while this lot lasts we sell them at 25c per pair.

"Victor" Fleece Lined Underwear

Our celebrated line of Men's Fleece Lined Underwear called the "Victor" beats the world. The price is only 50c a garment or \$1.00 for the suit. Always ask for the "Victor" brand.

THE ROBINSON CO.

NOTICE - TUITION.

Mrs. Jarvis is prepared to take Pupils in Music and French. Terms on application.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

Farm at Switzerville, convenient to school house and church, post office, cheese factories, markets, etc., etc. Good buildings, good soil, good roads, good neighbors—everything first-class, except the price. Apply to N. A. ASSELSTINE. 37th Wilton

PROPERTY FOR SALE OR TO LET.

That substantial brick residence on the Newburgh road, formerly occupied as the rectory house, Church of St. Mary Magdalene. Hard and soft water—bath room (hot and cold water)—good furnace—Electric light throughout—good barn and stable. One acre of land (more can be secured at option of purchaser). Suitable for market gardener or retired farmer—immediate possession a bargain. Apply to Churchwardens, MESSRS. W. S. HERRINGTON and DUDLEY HILL, (Dominion Bank) or to the Rector.

FARM FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

That desirable farm containing about 200 acres, situated about three miles from Napanee on the York road, being lot 25 in the 6th concession of North Fredericksburgh. Would sell on bloc or would sell 180 acres. Upon the premises there are two dwellings, one brick and one frame, with two drive houses and two barns and outbuildings complete. All in a good state of repair, well fenced and well watered, with a creek running across the farm. On the premises there is a good orchard of apples, pears and plum trees. Will be sold at a bargain and on easy terms of payment. For particulars apply on the premises or Napanee P. O. 38:2mp G. G. MILLER.

FARM FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

That desirable farm formerly known as the Shurtliff farm, consisting of 210 acres, more or less, being parts of lots 19 and 20 in the seventh concession of Ernestown, 1 1/2 miles south of Camden East, 8 miles from Napanee, 18 miles from Kingston. In a good state of cultivation, living spring, good bearing orchard, including 60 young cherry trees. Good frame buildings, house barn, driving shed, stables, etc. Good school about 1/2 mile. For full particulars apply to ELEFTA BICKNELL, Napanee. Will be sold at a bargain and on easy terms of payment.

MONEY, Bring your cash and get a Bicycle.
50 WHEELS, NEW AND SECOND HAND, must be sold for cash within a few days. Prices from \$12.00 to \$40.00.

Also 2 NEW TOP BUGGIES, McLaughlin make
S. CASEY DENISON,
store north end Centre street.

Grinding at Close's Mill every day.
JAS. A. CLOSE.

School Books at
Pollard's Bookstore.

RECEIPT FOR MAKING YOUR CHRISTMAS CAKE.

Go to Taylor & McKim's and buy the ingredients which you will find there in plenty. All new and fresh goods bought especially for the Christmas trade, consisting of

**RAISINS, CURRANTS, SPICES,
.....NUTS AND PEELS**

and to ensure success in the making you must use their "PEACE-NAKER" Pastry Flour, made especially for high class pastry.

A full line of general Groceries always in stock at correct prices

Do you use "Grape Nut" for Breakfast.

TAYLOR & MCKIM.

NOTICE - NURSING.

Miss Grasswell is prepared to undertake monthly nursing at shortest notice. Apply at MRS. STEVENS, over Dominion Bank. References, Dr. Vrooman and Dr. Leonard.

SCRANTON ----COAL

I now have in stock all sizes of that celebrated Scranton Coal, and am prepared to deliver it to my customers in perfect condition and on shortest notice.

My prices are as follows: 1/4 tons \$1.45, 1/2 tons \$2.90, full tons \$5.75, delivered. 25c per ton less on the yard. Less than 1/4 tons 30c per 100 lbs.

Terms, strictly cash.

C. E. BARTLETT

43-2-m

NOTICE OF MUNICIPAL NO TION.

Notice is hereby given that the meeting of the electors to nominate candidates for different municipal offices in the Town of North Fredericksburgh for the year 1900, held at the town hall on Friday, the

22nd Day of December,

Nominations to be made in writing from 1 p.m.

FRED A. PERRY.

NOMINATION MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the electors of the Township of Richmond held at the Town Hall, in the Village of

Friday, December 22

1899, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices of Reeve and Councillors, held at the said Township of Richmond, commenced at 1 o'clock noon. And further notice is hereby given that all nominations must be in writing and all persons in are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

ABRAM WINTERS, Township
Selby, Dec. 17th, 1899.



TRENT CANAL

TRENTON AND FRANKFORD DIVISION

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Engineer, and endorsed "Tender for the Trent Canal" will be received at this office on Saturday, 30th December, 1899, for construction of about nine miles of Canal between Trenton and Frankford.

Plans, specifications of the work, and of Contract can be seen at the office of the Engineer of the Department of Railways and Canals, at Ottawa, or at the Superintending Engineer's office, Peterboro', where a tender can be obtained on an after Tuesday, 30th, 1899.

In the case of firms there must be the actual signatures of the full name of each member of the same, and, for acceptance, must be accompanied by the sum of \$100.00, which tender; this cheque must be endorsed over to the Minister of Railways and Canals, and will be forfeited party tendering declines entering into for work at the rates and terms stated offer submitted. The accepted cheque sent in will be returned to the respective whose tenders are not accepted.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order,
L. K. JONES

Department of Railways and Canals,
Ottawa, 24th November, 1899.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement out authority from the Department will be paid for it.

FARM FOR SALE—THE SUBSCRIBERS

having decided to give up farming offer for sale their choice situation and farm, containing about one hundred and thirty acres situated four miles from Napanee on York road. Brick church, Morven, stands on farm, being parts of lots No. 27 and 28, fifth concession, North Fredericksburgh, about twenty acres sown to wheat and rye, looking fine, about thirty-five acres fall ploughed, all in a good state of cultivation, buildings in fair state of repair, spring creek runs across the farm, living spring in door yard for house and cattle, desirous of selling soon, would give possession in March next. For full particulars apply on the premises of B. B. VANSLYCK, or A. B. VANSLYCK.

APPLICATION TO PARLIAMENT.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made by the

Corporation of the
Township of Sheffield.

to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario at its next session for an Act to consolidate the debt of the said Township and to authorize the said Corporation to issue debentures for the payment of the said debt in annual instalments.

DEROCHE & MADDEN,

Solicitors for said Corporation,
Napanee, Nov. 22nd, 1899.

Al. Adams and Geo. Watson were both served with summonses to appear before the P. M. on Monday morning to answer to a charge of buying liquor for Charlie Smith, a prohibited person. They failed to put in an appearance at the proper time and warrants have been issued for their arrest. As the parties cannot be found it is supposed they have left town to avoid the consequences.

THE NEE EXPRESS.

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

NADA—FRIDAY, DECEMBER 8th, 1899.

Business

ment of Xmas Silks for variety of patterns from ties in Plain Black Satin 75 quality for \$1.25.

ue in Ladies and Misses and Grey Curl. They cutifully made, and very winter wear. In ladies

Proofed Frieze Ulsters the demand for these form king collars. They y \$7.00, not any more

SHINGS

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chiefs

's Irish Linen Handker- lfast, Ireland. We guar- are 15c, 25c and 25c each.

30.

ne in Men's Irish knit hose they're regular 35c goods, 25c per pair.

3 Underwood

Don't Listen to Yarns!

Bricks are the same price, they have been for years, viz:
\$6.00 per M. for building bricks.
80c. per hundred, Chimney tops.
1 cent per foot for good drain tile.
A large stock on hand.

GEO. WHITTINGTON,
521st Brick and Tile maker, Napanee.

COUNTY COUNCIL.

DECEMBER SESSION.

{ COUNCIL CHAMBER,
Napanee, Dec. 5th 1899.

Council met as per adjournment at 2 p.m.

Warden in the chair.
Members all present.
Minutes of previous session were read and approved.

A communication from Mr. W. J. Shannon, for appointment as county auditor was laid on the table.

Communications re Napanee river ferry from Provincial Secretary's department were filed.

A communication from the clerk of Hastings County re Sucker Creek bridge and bill for repairs to same was referred to Roads and Bridges Committee.

A communication from Mr. Chas. Stevens requesting \$300 as part payment of printing contract.

On motion of Mr. Martin seconded by Mr. Keech, Mr. Stevens was granted \$250 on printing contract.

The clerk read the Grand Jury presentment at recent assizes. On motion it was ordered filed.

A communication from the Napanee Board of Education requesting payment of grant of \$3000 towards Collegiate Institute. Referred to Finance Committee.

A communication from the clerk of the County of York respecting county roads and asking the council to appoint a delegate to attend a meeting of county delegates at the court house in Toronto. Referred to Roads and Bridges Committee.

A communication from the clerk of the counties of Stormont, Dundas, and Glengarry containing memorials to government re reduction of public and high school fees and taxing of telephone and telegraph lines, gas and water mains, railways and contractor's plant. The memorial re schools was referred to the Education and Printing Committee and that re taxation to the Finance Committee.

A communication from the County of Victoria re memorializing government re strikes on railways etc. was laid on the table until Wednesday.

A communication asking the council to sign a memorial to Provincial Government advising a provincial grant to hospitals for scientific treatment of pauper inebriates and a communication from Prisoner's Aid Association were filed.

On motion of Mr. Keech, seconded by Mr. Oliver the appointments of Messrs. F. Aesclatine and W. H. Milling as students to Experimental Farm were confirmed.

The Clerk read Warden and Clerk's orders on treasurer. On motion of Mr. Keech, seconded by Mr. Amey the report was referred to County Property Committee.

Mr. Martin gave notice of the introduction of a by-law to assume certain roads in the county as county roads.

LAND PLASTER FOR SALE

ALSO.... Lumber, Lath, Shingles, and all kinds of Building Material. Star Portland Cement, the best in the market.

DRY MILL WOOD AND CEDAR BLOCKS.

THE RATHBUN COMPANY,
R. SHIPMAN, Agent.

A Very Interesting Subject

Your Christmas Baking. We have just received our Christmas stock of Currants, both cleaned and uncleaned, cleaned and uncleaned Raisins.

All kinds of Peels, and everything necessary for your Christmas baking.

We have Bevans layer Raisins in quarter boxes, and seeded Raisins and Currants in 1 lb. boxes.

All kinds of Nuts, Almonds, Walnuts, Filberts, etc. Also all kinds of Christmas Fruit.

Just received some choice Grapes in eleven pound packages—40c.

We are also selling 20 lbs. Granulated Sugar for \$1, and 25 lbs. Light Yellow Sugar for \$1.

J. F. SMITH.

from the Dominion Bank to pay county officers, etc., for the current month.

Mr. Symington made a motion confirming the dismissal of E. R. Sills as high county constable, and appointing Mr. Rankin, chief of police for the town, to fill the office.

Council adjourned for the benefit of committees.

Xmas is drawing near and bear in mind that we will have a most complete line to choose from in ebony brushes, mirrors etc., sterling silver novelties, souvenir spoons, broaches, rings etc.

F. CHINNECK'S Jewelry Store.

PERSONALS.

Mr. B. P. Aylsworth, who has been seriously ill for several weeks, is recovering. His mother and sister, Mrs. and Miss Aylesworth, of Napanee, visited him last week—Picton Gazette.

Mr. Frank Hamilton, eldest son of Rev. Charles Hamilton, Warwickshire, Eng., and grand nephew of Rev. Arthur Jarvis has left with his regiment for the transvaal.

Miss Ethel Scott is visiting friends in town.

Mr. Thos. McGoun, of Parry Sound, is spending a few days this week the guest of Mr. D. McGoun.

Miss Etta Callaghan is the guest of Judge and Mrs. Wilkison.

Miss Maude Green returned on Friday from a visit in Ogdensburg, her grandmother Mrs. Chapin, and her aunt Mrs. Vane, accompanied her.

Miss Amy Davis, of Adolphustown, spent Saturday and Sunday in town visiting friends.

Miss Robert N. Switzer and family, of

ODESSA.

The jingle of the many sleigh bells are heard in our midst once more.

A large bear and his owner were among the guests at Queen's hotel this week.

At the service in the Methodist church on Sabbath morning a child was baptised.

Major J. E. Mabey has returned from Toronto, where he has been attending the Military school for the past six weeks. Every one is pleased to see him again.

The Methodist Sabbath school are making arrangements for a Christmas Tree on the evening of the 22nd.

The Rev. W. Limbert, of Selby, will occupy the pulpit of the Methodist church next Sunday evening. On the Monday evening following the Missionary meeting will be held when addresses will be delivered by the Revs. W. Limbert and E. Crumney of Sharbot, Lake a returned missionary.

Miss Floss Laidley is visiting her sister, Mrs. Geo. Bell, Sharnbrook.

Miss George Watts is renewing old acquaintances at Sharnbrook.

The pale horse and his rider has been in our community visiting a couple of homes during the past week.

Mrs. Wm. Summerville and Mrs. Houston have been called away to try the relatives of another world.

The concert in aid of the Odessa Public Library held on the evening of Nov. 30th was a decided success in every respect.

kerchiefs

en's Irish Lane Handker-
Belfast, Ireland. We guar-
s are 15c, 25c and 25c each.

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line in Men's Irish knit hose
They're regular 35c goods,
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The price is only 50c per
always ask for the Victor

CO'.Y

VICE OF MUNICIPAL NOMINA-
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lectors to nominate candidates for the
ent municipal offices in the Township of
Fredericksburgh for the year 19.0 will be
at the town hall on Friday, the

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nations to be made in writing from 12 to
FRED A. PERRY, Clerk.

MINATION MEETING.

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rs of the Township of Richmond will be
at the Town Hall, in the Village of Selby,
on and Frankford.

riday, December 22nd.

or the purpose of nominating candidates
e offices of Reeve and Councillors to repre-
the said Township of Richmond in the
il for the year 1900, commencing at the
of 12 o'clock noon. And further notice is
y given that all nominations must be
d in writing and all persons interested
quired to take notice and govern them-
s accordingly.

ABRAM WINTERS, Township Clerk,
ec. 1th, 1899.



TRENT CANAL.

ENTON AND FRANKFORD DIVISION.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

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" will be received at this office until noon
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tion of about nine miles of Canal between
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eer of the Department o' Railways and
s, at Ottawa, or at the Superintendent
eer's office, Peterboro', where forms of
can be obtained on an after Tuesday,
30th, 1899.

he case of firms there must be attached
ctual signatures of the full name, the
e of the occupation and place of residence
member of the same, and, further, an
ed bank cheque for the sum of \$25,000
accompany the tender; this accepted
e must be endorsed over to the Minister
of ways and Canals, and will be forfeited if the
tendering declines entering into contract
ork at the rates and terms stated in the
submitted. The accepted cheques thus
in will be returned to the respective parties
e tenders are not accepted.

he lowest or any tender not necessarily ac-
ed.

By order,
L. K. JONES,
Secretary.

rtment of Railways and Canals,
ttawa, 24th November, 1899.

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table until Wednesday.

A communication asking the council to
sign a memorial to Provincial Government
advising a provincial grant to hospitals for
scientific treatment of panper inebriates
and a communication from Prisoner's Aid
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On motion of Mr. Keech, seconded by
Mr. Oliver the appointments of Messrs. F.
Asselstine and W. H. Milling as students
to Experimental Farm were confirmed.

The Clerk read Warden and Clerk's
orders on treasurer. On motion of Mr.
Keech, seconded by Mr. Amey the report
was referred to County Property Com-
mittee.

Mr. Martin gave notice of the introduc-
tion of a by-law to assume certain roads in
the county as county roads.

On motion council adjourned.

WEDNESDAY MORNING.

Council met as per adjournment.
Warden in the chair.

Minutes were read and approved.

The matter of the account of Messrs.
Boyle & Son, presented to the Board of
Audit and rejected was brought up.

Moved by Mr. Keech, seconded by Mr.
Riley that the account of Boyle & Son, be
referred to the County Property Com-
mittee. Carried.

The account of Town of Napanee for
hydrant rental \$50.00 and grant to sewer
\$300 00 was on motion referred to County
Property Committee.

Account of I. J. Lockwood for stationery
\$1.17 was on motion referred to Education
and Printing Committee.

Account of R. Light \$21.85 for board for
walk was on motion ordered paid.

Council adjourned until 2 p.m.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON.

Council resumed at 2 p. m.

The following accounts were referred to
the County Property Committee :

Boyle & Son., Judges chamber.....	\$ 1 50
Boyle & Son., gaol account.....	27 75
Thos. Meagher.....	2 10
Napanee Gas Co.....	9 60
Madole & Wilson, gaol account.....	172 20
Madole & Wilson, court house acc. 117 35	
J. J. Perry, supplies.....	5 59
M. S. Madole, gaol.....	3 40
M. S. Madole, courthouse account.....	6 29
Napanee Water and Electric Light Company.....	16 10

The following accounts were referred to
the Education and Printing Committee :

F. Burrows, postage account.....	\$ 7 00
Express Book Store, supplies.....	2 85
NAPANEE EXPRESS, printing.....	18 91

The following accounts were ordered
paid :

W. G. Wilson, contingent account.....	\$ 8 50
M. S. Madole, gaol account.....	5 44
Bell Telephone Co., rental.....	10 00
Irvine Parks, contingent account.....	8 25

Moved by Amey, seconded by Miller,
that the caretaker keep track of the gas
meter reading, and report to this council,
and keep the gas turned off when not in
use.

A communication from the Clerk of the
Peace enclosing the following accounts,
which were presented to the board of Audit
and referred to the council.

Taylor & Morris.....	\$ 2 70
J. F. Smith.....	14 88
T. A. Huffman.....	21 82

The accounts were referred to the County
Property Committee.

Mr. Martin presented an account for
repairs to Petworth bridge \$19.10. On
motion account was referred to the Roads
and Bridges Committee.

An account of J. Richardson claiming
\$10 balance due him was presented and on
motion of Messrs. Symington and Riley no
action was taken.

Moved by Amey, seconded by Lane that
the chairman of the County Property
Committee have hat and coat hooks put up
in the council chamber for use of coun-
cillors. Carried.

Council adjourned till 10 a. m.

THURSDAY MORNING.

The minutes for Wednesday were read
and confirmed.

Several communications was on motion
ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Keech gave notice of a motion to
appoint auditors on Friday.

Mr. Riley gave notice of a motion to
authorise the borrowing of sufficient money

Mr. Frank Hamilton, eldest son of Rev.
Charles Hamilton, Warwickshire, Eng.,
and grand nephew of Rev. Arthur Jarvis
has left with his regiment for the transvaal.

Miss. Ethel Scott is visiting friends in
town.

Mr. Thos. McGoun, of Parry Sound, is
spending a few days this week the guest of
Mr. D. McGoun.

Miss Etta Callaghan is the guest of Judge
and Mrs. Wilkison

Miss Maude Green returned on Friday
from a visit in Ogdensburg, her grand-
mother Mrs. Chapin, and her aunt Mrs.
Vaue, accompanied her.

Miss Amy Davis, of Adolphustown,
spent Saturday and Sunday in town visit-
ing friends.

Miss Robert N. Switzer and family, of
Philadelphia, moved to town on Tuesday,
and will occupy the Elliott house on Bridge
street.

Mrs. Charles Perry and Mrs. Rud Perry
made a trip to Kingston on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Demming have returned
to town from Providence.

Miss Edith McRossie left on Wednesday
for Brooklyn.

Mr. W. S. Herrington was in Toronto on
Wednesday.

Mr. Preston, Mr. Farrer, and H. War-
ner made a trip to Kingston Tuesday.

Miss Hermine Connolly, of Yarker, is
visiting friends in town this week.

Mrs. S. D. Clark, of Odessa, was visit-
Mrs. Warner Wednesday and Thursday.

Mr. Stepler Gibson, left on Saturday
for Calgary, took two car loads of horses
with him.

Mr. Chas. Parrott left on Thursday last
for Detroit.

Mr. F. P. Douglas returned on Friday
from a business trip to St. St. Marie.

Mr. W. J. Taylor, subscription manager of
the Montreal Herald, spent Sunday in
town with his parents,

Rev. F. T. Dibb, of Wolfe Island, has
been appointed successor to Rev. Evans,
Bath. He will also have Odessa congrega-
tion under his charge. We extend con-
gratulations to Mr. Dibb on his new appoint-
ment.

Mr. R. E. Armstrong, Bracebridge, is
the guest of his brother Hamilton Arm-
strong.

Mr. C. T. Bolting is confined to the
house with heart trouble.

Children Cry for
CASTORIA.

English Spavin Liniment removes all
hard, soft or calloused Lumps and Blem-
ishes from horses, Blood Spavin, Curbs,
Splints, Ring Bone, Sweeney, Stiffles,
Sprains, Sore and Swollen Throat, Coughs,
etc. Save \$50 by use of one bottle.
Warranted the most wonderful Blemish
Cure ever known. Sold by Detlor & Wal-
lace.

Charles Macauley, a market gardener
living three miles from Trenton, was killed
on Tuesday morning of last week. He
was returning home after selling some of
his product in Trenton, when his rig upset
by a sharp turn. His body was discovered
lying under the upturned vehicle. Death
had been caused by suffocation, as the
waggon fell upon him. Deceased was sixty
years of age and leaves four children.

NO CENSORSHIP.

In Giving the News of the Great Cures
Effected by South American Nerveine
—It Has Saved an Army of Suffer-
ers From the Pangs of Indigestion
and Nerve Trouble.

L. M. Holmes, of Parrsboro, N. S., was
taken severely ill about a year ago with
nervousness and indigestion, and for some
time was completely prostrated. He con-
sulted best doctors, but they failed to help
him. A newspaper advertisement brought
South American Nerveine to his notice.
He tried it with the result that he was
greatly benefitted from the first bottle, and
six bottles completely cured him, and he
would be pleased to give all details of his
case to any person asking him. Sold by
Detlor & Wallace.

Monday evening following the Mission-
ary meeting will be held when ad-
dresses will be delivered by the Revds.
W. Limbert and E. Crummeys of Shar-
bot, Lake a returned missionary.

Miss Floss Laidley is visiting her
sister, Mrs. Geo. Bell, St.

Miss George Watts is visiting old
acquaintances at Sharp

The pale horse and his rider has been
in our community visiting a couple
of homes during the past week.

Mrs. Wm. Summerville and Mrs.
Houston have been called away to try
the relatives of another world.

The concert in aid of the Odessa
Public Library held on the evening of
Nov. 30th was a decided success in
every respect, in spite of the inclem-
ency of the weather. The committee
of management are to be congratulated
and especially is the thanks of the
Board of management due to Miss E.
Booth Miss J. Davy and Mrs C. G.
Booth, who labored so faithfully in
preparing the choruses which were
heartily applauded by the audience.

Mrs. J. G. Day spent a couple days
this week visiting friends in Kings-
ton.

Messrs. M. Lapum and J. Morrison
have purchased the threshing machine
owned by B. Toomey.

Mr. Bowen Perry, C.P. R., operator,
and Miss M. Perry were in the village
last week. Mr. Perry has just returned
from Crow's Nest Pass, where he has
been spending three months. He pre-
fers to live in this part of Canada,
and has secured a situation near
Ottawa.

Visitors: A. Kenyon, at Queen's
Hotel, F. Henderson, Kingston, at O.
D. Lewis's; Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Clark,
and Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Benjamin
Asselstine, at J. McQueens; B. Hen-
derson, Kingston, and Mr. and Mrs.
Alva Snider, at N. F. Snider's; W. B.
Perry at J. Jones's; S. Clark at A.
Williams's; S. Davy at P. A. Mabee's;
H. Mabee, Kingston, at his father's,
Dr. J. E. Mabee.

Hood's Pills are non-irritating and the
only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsa-
parilla.



IF YOU CAN'T GO !

Often it is impossible to
accompany a dear one on a journey;
why not send a like-like represen-
tative---one of our splendid photo-
graphs?

They are finely finished
and sure to give pleasure to
the one to whom sent and
sure to be a credit to you in
sending them.

CALL AT

HULETT'S
NEW STUDIO

and see our latest.

A Little Rebel.

CHAPTER II.—Continued.

Her voice is sweet and clear, a little petulant perhaps, but still very sweet. She is quite small—a little girl—and clad in deep mourning. There is something pathetic about the dense black surrounding such a radiant face, and such a childish figure: Her eyes are fixed on the professor, and there is evident anxiety in their hazel depths; her soft lips are parted; she seems hesitating as if not knowing whether she shall smile or sigh. She has raised both her hands as if unconsciously, and is holding them clasped against her breast. The pretty fingers are covered with costly rings. Altogether she makes a picture—this little girl, with her brilliant eyes, and mutinous mouth, and soft black clinging gown. Dainty-sweet she looks,

"Sweet as is the bramble-flower," "Yes," says the professor, in a hesitating way, as if by no means certain of the fact. He is so vague about it, indeed, that "some one's" dark eyes take a mischievous gleam.

"Are you sure?" says she, and looks up at him suddenly, a little sideways, perhaps, as if half-frightened, and gives way to a naughty sort of little laugh. It rings through the room, this laugh, and has the effect of frightening her altogether this time. She checks herself, and looks first down at the carpet, with the big roses on it, where one little foot is wriggling in a rather nervous way, and then up again at the professor, as if to see if he is thinking bad things of her. She sighs softly.

"Have you come to see me or Aunt Jane?" asks she; "because Aunt Jane is out—I'm glad to say"—this last pianissimo.

"To see you," says the professor absently. He is thinking! He has taken her hand and held it, and dropped it again, all in a state of high bewilderment.

Is this the big, strong, noisy girl of his imaginings? The bouncing creature with untidy hair, and her clothes hitchforked on to her?

"Well—I hoped so," says she, a little wistfully, as it seems to him, every trace of late sauciness now gone, and with it the sudden shyness. After many days the professor grows accustomed to these sudden transitions that are puzzling, yet so enchanting, these rapid, inconsequent, but always lovely changes.

"From grave to gay, from lively to severe."

"Won't you sit down?" says his small hostess, gently touching a chair near her with her slim fingers.

"Thank you," says the professor, and then stops short.

"You are—"

"Your ward," says she ever so gently, yet emphatically. It is plain that she is now on her very best behavior. She smiles up at him in a very encouraging way. "And you are my guardian, aren't you?"

"Yes," says the professor, with enthusiasm. He has seated himself, not on the chair she has pointed out to him, but on a very distant lounge. He is conscious of a feeling of growing terror. This lovely child has created it, yet why, or how? Was ever guardian mastered by a ward before? A desire to escape is filling him, but he has got to do his duty to his dead friend, and this is part of it.

He has retired to the far-off lounge with a view to being it as distantly as possible. But this poor subterfuge fails him. Miss Wynter, picking up a walking stick, advances leisurely toward him, and seating herself upon it just in front of him, crosses her hands over her knees, and looks expectantly up at him with a charming smile.

"Now we can have a good talk," says she.

CHAPTER III.

"And if you dreamed how a friend's smile, And nearness soothe a heart that's

"Your aunt." "That's nothing—nothing at all—even a guardian is better than that. And you are my guardian. "Why,"—coming closer to him and pressing five soft little fingers in an almost feverish fashion upon his arm, "why can't you take me away?"

"I!" "Yes, yes, you," she comes even nearer to him, and the pressure of the small fingers grows more eager—there is something in them now that might well be termed coaxing. "Do," says she.

"Oh! Impossible!" says the professor.

The color mounts to his brow. He almost shakes off the little clinging fingers in his astonishment and agitation. Has she no common sense—no knowledge of the things that be?

She has drawn back from him and is regarding him somewhat strangely.

"Impossible to leave Aunt Jane?" asks she. It is evident she has not altogether understood and yet is feeling puzzled. Well, "defiantly," "we shall see!"

"Why don't you like your Aunt Jane?" asks the professor, distractedly. He doesn't feel nearly as fond of his dead friend as he did an hour ago.

"Because," lucidly, "she is Aunt Jane. If she were your Aunt Jane you would know."

"But, my dear—"

"I really wish," interrupts Miss Wynter, petulantly, "you wouldn't call me 'my dear.' Aunt Jane calls me that when she is going to say something horrid to me. Papa—" she pauses suddenly and tears rush to her dark eyes.

"Yes. What of your father?" asks the professor, hurriedly, the tears raising terror in his soul.

You knew him—speak to me of him," says she, a little tremulously.

"I knew him well indeed. He was very good to me, when—when I was younger. I was very fond of him."

"He was good to everyone," said Miss Wynter, staring hard at the professor. It is occurring to her that this grave sedate man with his glasses could never have been younger. He must always have been older than the gay, handsome, debonaire father, who had been so dear to her.

"What are you going to tell me about him?" asks the professor, gently.

"Only what he used to call me—Dootie! I suppose," wistfully, "you couldn't call me that?"

"I am afraid not," says the professor, coloring even deeper.

"I'm sorry," says she, her young mouth taking a sorrowful curve. "But don't call me Miss Wynter, at all events, or 'my dear.' I do so want some one to call me by my Christian name," says the poor child, sadly.

"Perpetua—is it not?" says the professor, ever so kindly.

"No—Pet," corrects she. "It's shorter, you know, and far easier to say."

"Oh!" says the professor. To him it seems very difficult to say. Is it possible she is going to ask him to call her by that familiar—almost affectionate—name? The girl must be mad.

"Yes, much easier," says Perpetua; "you will find that out, after a bit, when you have got used to calling me by it. Are you going now, Mr. Curzon? Going so soon?"

"I have classes," says the professor.

"Students?" says she. You teach them? I wish I was a student. I shouldn't have been given over to Aunt Jane, then, or," with a rather wilful laugh, "if I had been I should have led her, oh!" rapturously, "such a life!"

It suggests itself to the professor that she is quite capable of doing that now, though she is not of the male sex.

"Good-by," says he, holding out his

deed, to-day being Wednesday in the heart of June, he may be seen sitting bolt upright in a hansom on his way to the unlovely house that holds Miss Jane Majendie.

As he enters the dismal drawing-room, where he finds Miss Majendie and her niece, it becomes plain, even to his inexperienced brain, that there has just been a row on, somewhere.

Perpetua is sitting on a distant lounge, her small vivacious face one thunder-cloud. Miss Majendie, sitting on the hardest chair this hideous room contains, is smiling. A terrible sign. The professor pales before it.

"I am glad to see you, Mr. Curzon," says Miss Majendie, rising and extending a bony hand. "As Perpetua's guardian, you may perhaps have some influence over her. I say 'perhaps' advisedly, as I scarcely dare to hope any one could influence a mind so distorted as hers."

"What is it?" asks the professor, nervously—of Perpetua, not of Miss Majendie.

"I'm dull," says Perpetua, sullenly.

The professor glances keenly at the girl's downcast face, and then at Miss Majendie. The latter glance is a question.

"You hear her," says Miss Majendie coldly—she draws her shawl round her meagre shoulders and a breath through her lean nostrils that may be heard. "Perhaps you may be able to discover her meaning."

"What is it?" asks the professor, turning to the girl, his tone anxious, uncertain. Young women, with "wrongs" are unknown to him, as are all other sorts of young women for the matter of that. And this particular young woman looks a little unsafe at the present moment.

"I have told you! I am tired of this life. I am dull—stupid. I want to go out." Her lovely eyes are flashing, her face is white—her lips trembling.

"Take me out," says she, suddenly.

"Perpetua!" exclaims Miss Majendie. "How unmaidenly! How immodest!"

Perpetua looks at her with large, surprised eyes.

"Why?" says she.

"I really think," interrupts the professor, hurriedly, who sees breakers ahead, "if I were to take Perpetua for a walk—a drive—to—er—to some place or other—it might destroy this ennui of which she complains. If you will allow her to come out with me for an hour or so, I—"

"If you are waiting for my sanction, Mr. Curzon, to that extraordinary proposal, you will wait some time," says Miss Majendie, slowly, frigidly. She draws the shawl still closer and sniffs again.

"But—"

"There is no 'But,' sir. The subject doesn't admit of argument. In my young days, and I should think,"—scrutinizing him exhaustively through her glasses, "in yours, it was not customary for a young gentleman to go out walking, alone, with 'a man'!" If she had said with a famished tiger, she couldn't have thrown more horror into her tone.

The professor had shrunk a little from that classing of her age with his, but has now found matter for hope in it.

To Be Continued.

REMOVING THE ROYAL DEAD.

Great Changes Being Made in the Mausoleum at Windsor Castle.

Never since King George III. built for himself and his children the underground mausoleum among the foundations of Windsor Castle has there been so much life, if not bustle, amid the tombs of the kings and queens and royal personages as there is now.

The coffins with the remains of George III., George IV., William IV., the Duke of Kent, the Duke of York, Princess Octavius and Alfred, children of George III., removed from Westminster Abbey; the Duchess of Brun-

HOUSEHOLD.

SOME GOOD RECIPES.

Steamed Oysters.—Select three dozen large oysters, put on to drain, in a pan hot, put in piece of butter size an egg, let brown, add oysters, with dash of pepper, celery salt if desired, steam five minutes; add few sprigs parsley, chopped fine, and serve on dishes with banquet wafers.

Turkey Soup.—Take the turkey bone and boil one hour and a quarter water enough to cover them. Add little summer savory and celery, chopped fine. Just before serving thicken with a little flour, browned, and season with salt, pepper and a small piece of butter. This is a cheap but good soup, using the remains of cold turkey which might otherwise be thrown away.

Mince Meat.—One pound finely chopped boiled beef, one half pound chop suet, a pound each of stoned raisins and of currants, a pound of citron, pound of sugar, one half teaspoon of salt, also add the juice and grate of two oranges and one lemon mixed with a half pint of water, an half pint each of brandy and sherry and a teaspoonful each of ground cloves, cinnamon, nutmeg and mace and three pounds of finely chopped apples.

Raisin Pie.—One cup of sugar, one seeded raisins, one cup of sweet cream, juice of one lemon and yolk of egg. Chop raisins fine and bake crust, white of one egg beaten stiff and add tablespoonful of sugar for meringue. Then sit in oven until becomes a golden brown.

Hickory Nut Macaroons.—Beat whites of three eggs to a froth, slowly one cupful of pulverized sugar and one cupful of nuts chopped fine. Mix thoroughly and drop on buttered tins and bake slowly.

French Cream Custard.—One quart of milk, four eggs, five tablespoonfuls sugar, four tablespoonfuls of starch. When milk is at a boil point add eggs and sugar beaten together; thicken with the cornstarch dissolved in a little milk; flavor with vanilla. When cold line dish with lady fingers or sponge cake, pour the custard and serve with whip cream.

RUBBER PLANTS.

Both sides of the leaves should be sponged frequently, using soapy water. The most likely insect to attack the leaves is that little blacky inious pest known as thrips, which does damage.

The growth of a rubber plant has the tendency to extend as one side only, and very handsome plants are formed, while they remain within length of four feet. Young stock, however, be topped at an early stage and this will cause lateral growth, break, two or three of which can be allowed to extend for forming plants a more busy habit. This is chiefly matter of taste, and adapted in cases where numbers of plants are grown. Turfy loam, leaf soil, sand and coal, with the addition of a little peat form an excellent compost. Plants have been growing for nearly two years, so that they will soon establish before winter and the pots filled with roots. Pot firmly, making the material as substantial as the bare roots. The pots ought to be clean well drained.

Apply water in sufficient quantity to pass right through the ball of roots and wait until more is needed. After getting on good watering,

man mastered by a word before? A desire to escape is filling him, but he has got to do his duty to his dead friend, and this is part of it.

He has retired to the far-off lounge with a view to being it as distantly as possible from this poor subterfuge-tails him. As Wynter, picking up a millstone, advances leisurely toward him, placing herself upon it just in front of him, crosses her hands over her knees, and looks expectantly up at him with a charming smile.

"Now we can have a good talk," says she.

CHAPTER III.

"And if you dreamed how a friend's smile, And nearness soothe a heart that's sore, You might be moved to stay awhile Before my door."

"About?" begins the professor, and stammers, and ceases.

"Everything," says she, with a little nod. "It is impossible to talk to Aunt Jane. She doesn't talk, she only argues, and always wrongly. But you are different, I can see that. Now tell me,"—she leans even more forward and looks intently at the professor, her pretty brows wrinkled as if with extreme and troublous thought—"What are the duties of a guardian?"

"Eh?" says the professor. He moves his glasses up to his forehead and then pulls them down again. Did ever anxious student ask him question so difficult of answer as this one—that this small maiden has propounded?

"You can think it over," says she, most graciously. "There is no hurry and I am quite aware that one isn't made a guardian every day. Do you think you could make it out while I count forty?"

"I think I could make it out more quickly if you didn't count at all," says the professor, who is growing warm. "The duties of a guardian—are—er—to see that one's ward is comfortable and happy."

"Then there is a great deal of duty for you to do," says she solemnly, letting her chin slip into the hollow of her hand.

"I know—I'm sure of it," says the professor with a sigh that might be called a groan. "But your aunt, Miss Majendie—your mother's sister—can—"

"I don't believe she's my mother's sister," says Miss Wynter, calmly. "I have seen my mother's picture. It is lovely! Aunt Jane was a changeling—I'm sure of it. But never mind her. You were going to say—"

"That Miss Majendie, who is virtually your guardian—can explain it all to you much better than I can."

"Aunt Jane is not my guardian!" The mild look of inquiry changes to one of light anger. The white brow contracts. "And certainly she could never make one happy and comfortable. Well—what else?"

"She will look after—"

"I told you I don't care about Aunt Jane. Tell me what you can do—"

"See that your fortune is not—"

"I don't care about my fortune, either," with a little gesture. "But I do care about my happiness. Will you see to that?"

"Of course," says the professor gravely.

"Then you will take me away from Aunt Jane!" The small vivacious face is now all aglow. "I am not happy with Aunt Jane. I—clasp her hands, and letting a quick, vindictive fire light her eyes—"I hate Aunt Jane. She says things about poor papa that—Oh! how I hate her!"

"But—you shouldn't—you really should not. I feel certain you ought not," says the professor, growing vaguer every moment.

"Ought I not?" with a quick little laugh that is all anger and no mirth. "I do though, for all that! I"—pausing and regarding him, with a somewhat tragic air, that sits most funnily upon her—am not going to stay here much longer!"

"What?" says the professor aghast.

"But my dear,—Miss Wynter, I'm afraid you must."

"Why? What is she to me?"

ate—name? The girl must be mad.

"Yes, much easier," says Perpetua; "you will find that out, after a bit, when you have got used to calling me by it. Are you going now, Mr. Curzor? Going so soon?"

"I have classes," says the professor.

"Students?" says she. You teach them? I wish I was a student. I shouldn't have been given over to Aunt Jane, then, or," with a rather wilful laugh, "if I had been I should have led her, oh!" rapturously, "such a life!"

It suggests itself to the professor that she is quite capable of doing that now, though she is not of the male sex.

"Good-by," says he, holding out his hand.

"You will come soon again?" demands she, laying her own in it.

"Next week—perhaps."

"Not till then? I shall be dead then," says she with a rather mirthless laugh this time. "Do you know that you and Aunt Jane are the only two people in all London whom I know?"

"That is terrible," says he, quite sincerely.

"Yes. Isn't it?"

"But soon you will know people. Your aunt has acquaintances. They—surely they will call; they will see you—"

"Will take an overwhelming fancy to me? just as you have done," says she, with a quick, rather curious light in her eyes, and a tilting of her pretty chin. "There, go," says she. "I have some work to do, and you have your classes. It would never do for you to miss them. And as for next week—make it next month! I wouldn't for the world be a trouble to you in any way."

"I shall come next week," says the professor, troubled in some wise by the meaning in her eyes. What is it? Simple loneliness, or misery down-right? How young she looks—what a child! That tragic air does not belong to her of right. She should be all laughter, and lightness and mirth—

"As you will," says she; her tone has grown almost haughty; there is a sense of remorse in his breast as he goes down the stairs. Had he been kind to old Wynter's child? Has he been true to his trust? There had been an expression that might almost be termed despair in the young face as he left her. Her face, with that expression on it, haunts him all down the road.

Yes. He will call next week. What day is this? Friday. And Friday next he is bound to deliver a lecture somewhere—he is not sure where, but certainly somewhere. Well, Saturday then he might call. But that—

Why not call Thursday—or even Wednesday?

Wednesday let it be. He needn't call every week, but he had said something about calling next week, and she wouldn't care, of course—but one should keep their word. What a strange little face she has—and strange manners, and—unable to get on evidently with her present surroundings.

What an old devil that aunt must be.

CHAPTER IV.

"Dear, if you knew what tears they shed, Who live apart from home and friend, To pass my house, by pity led, Your steps would tend."

He makes the acquaintance of the latter very shortly. But requires no spoon to sup with her, was Miss Majendie's invitations to supper, or indeed to luncheon, breakfast or dinner, are so few and rare that it might be rash for a hungry man to count on them.

The professor, who has felt it to be his duty to call on his ward regularly every week, has learned to know and, I regret to say, to loathe that estimable spinster christened Jane Majendie.

After every visit to her house he has sworn to himself that "this one" shall be the last, and every Wednesday following he has gone again. In

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Never since King George III. built for himself and his children the underground mausoleum among the foundations of Windsor Castle has there been so much life, if not bustle, amid the tombs of the kings and queens and royal personages as there is now.

The coffins with the remains of George III., George IV., William IV., the Duke of Kent, the Duke of York, Princess Octavius and Alfred, children of George III., removed from Westminster Abbey; the Duchess of Brunswick, the Princesses Charlotte and Elizabeth, children of William IV.; Queen Charlotte, Princess Charlotte, Princess Amelia, Queen Adelaide, Princess Augusta, King George V., of Hanover, and last of all the present Duchess of York's mother, the Duchess of Gloucester, are being moved from where they lay to make room for those who must inevitably follow in the years that are to come.

The royal sepulchre, which is situated directly beneath St. George's Chapel and the Royal memorial chapel at Westminster Castle, is one of the places to which no member of the public is ever admitted. Some one of the royal family may pay an occasional visit; some few, very few, privileged persons have at times been known to have their curiosity satisfied, but from the public eye the place is kept secret. Even by those who have been permitted to descend the stairs and pass through the gates into the presence of

THE ROYAL DEAD

the visit could not be called inspiring. First of all there was the getting down—no easy matter even with the required permission; and there is no wonder the visitors were few, except when the sepulchre had to be opened to receive a new inmate. Heavy iron plates which guarded the stone stair that led down into the vaults had to be removed.

The bottom gained, nothing more was visible for a time, but the heavy gloom all the more weird by the dim light given by one or two sickly candles and the lantern carried by the watchman. Gradually, as the eyes accustomed themselves to the light, or rather the darkness, one began to distinguish massive octagonal pillars, supporting what seemed a vaulted roof. Down the centre ran a long stone table, and round the sides some shelves, upon which rested strange dark things that did not, in the gloom, look what they really were—the coffins containing the dust and ashes of long since departed royalties.

To discover who lay there the privileged visitor had to explore with the aid of the lantern and peer into the inscriptions on the tombs. Cool, silent,

BOER NAMES.

The origin of the names of some of the towns in Cape Colony and Natal which are at present so prominently attracting public attention, is of interest. Durban is named from Sir Benjamin Durban, who was Governor of the Cape in 1834. Grahamstown and Harrismith are named respectively from military commanders—Colonel Graham and Colonel Sir Harry Smith, Caledon, Beaufort, Somerset and Cradock are named from former Governors. The towns of Ladysmith, Port Elizabeth and Lady Grey are called after the wives of Cape Governors. Kimberley is named after the Earl of Kimberley, who was Colonial Secretary from 1870 to 1874, when that town advanced from the position of a mushroom camp to that of a permanent mining center.

break, two or three of which can be allowed to extend for forming plant a more busy habit. This is chief matter of taste, and adapted in where numbers of plants are grown. Turfy loam, leaf soil, sand and coal, with the addition of a little form an excellent compost. Plants have been growing lately the few months may now require a so that they will be well established before winter and the pots filled roots. Pot firmly, making the material as substantial as the roots. The pots ought to be clean well drained.

Apply water in sufficient quantity to pass right through the ball of soil and wait until more is needed. After potting one good watering suffice for some time, but when pots are becoming well occupied roots water is needed oftener. Light, but not a sunny position, the india rubber plant best, and house or window is hot, shade should be afforded during the hottest portion of the day. Sour soil caused through errors in watering is the cause of the lower leaves turning brown before they ought to. It is fatal for the lower leaves to fall when they do the leaf-stalks separate readily from the stem.

Another course which will throw plants into bad health is allow them to become very dry when pots are full of roots. If temporary this should occur, the best cure rectify it is to plunge the plants lukewarm water in order to moisten the soil and roots completely. Well-established and growing plants cool treatment is the best, but after potting, or when propagating heat and moisture are essential for encouraging new growth.

TO PREVENT COLDS.

An excellent preventive against is an all-over sponge bath, in which that has stood in the bowl over a iron rising in the morning. The heroic treatment on a cold day, persevered in, where one is not delicate, the result is beneficial.

Rub the body well with the oil and a coarse towel. This will set blood to circulating, opens the pores of the skin and keeps it in a healthy condition, and tones the entire system.

Buy a bag of sea salt, pour a quart of boiling water over a cup full of salt, add a tablespoonful of ammonia and one of camphor. Put the mixture in a quart bottle and keep on your shelf. Add one or two tablespoonfuls of this to the water for the morning bath, and it will be found an excellent tonic and cleanser.

KITCHEN HELPS.

An ironing-board about half the length of the table, of that ordinarily used in the laundry is indispensable in a house where there are child frocks to be ironed. Tiny iron sleeve-boards are also useful, especially where the wash includes waists, infants' and nurse-maids' etc.

The newest glass lemon squeezer a perforated gutter, through which juice runs, minus seeds.

A double and a triple saucepan which two or three vegetables simmer at one cooking, may be had for 35 cents.

A sink strainer which will save sink pipes, costs 15 cents.

A very desirable dish drainer a quarter, and a pipe crimper and mer which cuts off ragged edges ornaments the rim of dough, you get for five cents.

FRUIT BREADS.

Fruit breads are recommended by diet specialists as a wholesome substitute cake for the children's table. An important fact that children like is not omitted. Date-bread is a favorite and is easily made. A cupful

HOUSEHOLD.

SOME GOOD RECIPES.

Teamed Oysters.—Select three dozen large oysters, put on to drain, have hot, put in piece of butter size of egg, let brown, add oysters, with a little pepper, celery salt if needed, in five minutes; add few sprigs of sley, chopped fine, and serve on hot plates with banquet wafers.

Turkey Soup.—Take the turkey bones, boil one hour and a quarter in water enough to cover them. Add a little summer savory and celery, chop fine. Just before serving thicken with a little flour, browned, and seasoned with salt, pepper and a small piece of butter. This is a cheap but good soup, using the remains of cold turkey which might otherwise be thrown away.

Beef Meat.—One pound finely chopped beef, one half pound chopped onion, one pound each of stoned raisins of currants, a pound of citron, a pound of sugar, one half teaspoonful salt, also add the juice and grated rind of two oranges and one lemon with a half pint of brandy, and a pint each of brandy and sherry, a teaspoonful each of ground cloves, cinnamon, nutmeg and mace, three pounds of finely chopped beef.

Raisin Pie.—One cup of sugar, one cup of stoned raisins, one cup of sweet cream, one of one lemon and yolk of one egg. Chop raisins fine and bake one hour, white of one egg beaten stiff add tablespoonful of sugar for the filling. Then sit in oven until it becomes a golden brown.

Cherry Nut Macaroons.—Beat the whites of three eggs to a froth, and add one cupful of pulverized sugar, one cupful of nuts chopped fine, thoroughly and drop on buttered paper and bake slowly.

French Cream Custard.—One quart milk, four eggs, five tablespoonfuls sugar, four tablespoonfuls cornstarch. When milk is at a boiling point add eggs and sugar beaten together; thicken with the cornstarch dissolved in a little milk; flavor with vanilla. When cold line dish with fingers or sponge cake, pour on custard and serve with whipped cream.

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Plenty of water in sufficient quantity is right through the ball of roots,

dates, measured after they have been stoned and lightly chopped, is floured, and added to each loaf of risen white bread just before it is put into the press to rise for the last time. A cupful of chopped figs or of seeded raisins or of currants that have been thoroughly washed may be used in the same way.

SAD SIDE OF WAR.

Women and Children Left Behind to Look After Themselves.

Every week by the thousands troops are leaving England for the seat of war in South Africa. They go forth amid the cheers and acclamations of the throngs that accompany them to the dock side. But among these throngs are many heavy hearted women and children who are not uplifted by the general enthusiasm, for what of the girls that the soldiers leave behind them? What of the wives and children who are left, for they must part to look after themselves as best they may?

The burden falls most heavily on those women and children whose husbands and fathers are "off the strength," as the soldier's term is. By this term is meant the natural outcome of such marriages as are not officially recognized by the regimental authorities. Matrimony as an institution for the rank and file of the army is not enthusiastically encouraged by the British military powers that be. The number of officially recognized unions among privates is severely limited to four per cent. The wives and children, therefore, of only four per cent of the English private soldiers are officially recognized, and only for such as are "on the strength" is any provision made when the blast of war imperiously summons the husband and father to the field. Certain arrangements are then made to relieve the families duly borne in the "married establishment" while the bread winners are necessarily absent.

Thus the women and children are either kept in barracks or given a lodging allowance until their husbands and fathers return. In addition to this a "separation allowance" is granted by the government, and a compulsory deduction is made from their husbands' pay.

But as at the most the wife and mother can draw only a few pence per day, her lot, never a luxurious one, is particularly hard during the husband and father's active service. The wife, however, who is not "on the strength" has a still harder row to hoe. For her no provision is made either in time of war or peace. In time of peace such families as are not "on the strength" have to get along as best they may during home service. The husband employs his leisure in doing tailoring or cobbling or such work, while the wife earns a little by washing and mending for her helpmeet's comrades-in-arms. Thus, in one way or another, the contracting parties in such improvident marriages contrive to at least keep their heads above water.

But when the main support of such a family is suddenly summoned to join the "far flung battle line" it means a breaking up which is terrible in its sequences for this wife and children left behind. Consequently, amid all the pomp and circumstance of war there is much weeping and wailing in echoless, as weird a place as ever one found himself in, is the royal sepulchre at Windsor.

But all that is being changed now. The shelves for the reception of the dead are being re-arranged by Her Majesty's order. In fact, the coffins are being shifted now. The stone tablets upon which the dead have lain ever since their entombment are being lifted to the sides and a beautiful marble altar is being erected at the east side of the vault.

The cumbersome iron plates which have hitherto sealed the entrance are to be taken away, and an arched doorway

DUKE AS A SURGEON

Remarkable Philanthropic and Scientific Work of Bavaria's Charles Theodore.

The sixtieth anniversary of a very notable man was recently celebrated in Germany. It is that of Duke Charles Theodore of Bavaria, who has acquired high distinction by his work as a philanthropist and by his skill as a surgeon. For many years he has been treating persons afflicted with diseases of the eyes, and he has up to date performed operations on three thousand persons suffering from cataracts. The removal of cataracts is indeed the work to which he now devotes almost his entire time.

At first he declined to accept any fees from patients. Physicians throughout the country, however, seeing that he had practically a monopoly as regards the removal of cataracts, addressed a petition to him some time ago in which they requested him to charge the customary fee, on the ground that otherwise he would be doing an unintentional injustice to other physicians, and the Duke at once promised to comply with their request.

He planned, therefore, to charge his wealthy patients a good round sum and to spend the money, when it reached him, in establishing three hospitals, where the poor afflicted with eye diseases could be treated, one in Munich, another in Meran and a third in Tegernsee. As the money, however, did not come in as quickly as he expected, he began to build the hospitals at his own expense, and the cost of their maintenance to-day comes almost wholly out of his own pocket. This amounts to about \$20,000 a year. Of his many wealthy patients few pay him for his services, and they know well that he will never press for payment.

A BUSY PAYMENT.

Such ingratitude would deter many men from continuing in their philanthropic work, but the Duke is not laboring in order to earn gratitude or money. As a matter of fact, he and his family in order to maintain the hospitals have been obliged to reduce their living expenses almost to a minimum. Like most Germans the Duke loves a good horse, but to-day almost all the stalls in his stable are empty. His wife, who was the Princess De Braganza, and his children have also given up many luxuries in order to be able to continue the good work.

About thirty patients visit the Duke daily, and from hardly one of them does he receive a fee. If he is very busy his daughters, Elizabeth and Mary, receive the patients as they arrive and give them any immediate relief that may be necessary. That they are competent to do so will be clear from the fact that they have both studied medicine and have given great attention to their father's work.

The Tegernsee hospital occupies an entire wing of the castle in which the Duke and his family reside. Poor patients on their arrival receive at once a hearty meal and a bath. Then the young ladies examine them and report to their father in regard to the condition of each.

If there is imperative necessity the operation is performed without delay, but otherwise not for several days, or until the patient has regained strength by a comfortable rest at the hospital. During these days of rest the patients receive the best possible food and care, so that, as has been well said, the Duke does not only keep a free hospital but also a free restaurant and a free home.

HINTS FOR THE FARMER.

DOSING HORSES.

Under the above caption a writer gives some excellent advice. He says: Among the most pernicious ideas which possess the minds of many farmers is the notion that almost any one can "doctor a horse," that some kind of medicine must be given to every one upon the least symptom of disease, and when he is well and thrifty some drugs must be given now and then to keep him well. The reader will not have to strain his thinker very badly to recall some one who believes that good feed, exercise and comfortable quarters are not nearly so essential to health and thrift as a few doses of condition powders given occasionally. That foul water and no salt is all right, if he has a little sulphur and copperas once in a while.

One of the most unaccountable traits in the make-up of many men is the propensity to drug animals, and to be deluded by the boastful pretensions of ignorant vendors of nostrums warranted to cure all ills, restore shattered constitutions and be a perfect substitute for good, wholesome food and proper, humane treatment. In the light of these closing years of the Nineteenth Century every one should know that medicine is always an evil, a great evil, though it may be necessary to obviate a greater evil. No one will deny that medicine in the hands of one competent to make a correct diagnosis and skillfully administered the same is a powerful agent for relieving nearly all the ills to which the horse is subject. The point I am trying to make is that medicine, not skillfully handled, is highly injurious, even dangerous, and, with the exception of a few simple remedies, should be given only by a skilled veterinarian. Even the simpler remedies should be handled with caution.

We have all seen mild cases of colic, scours, costiveness, etc., relieved by some intelligent farmer who made no pretension to veterinary skill; but mind, the animal was really sick and in need of help, and was treated by one whose intelligence and experience enabled him to determine beyond a doubt what the trouble was, who knew about as well as any one what would give relief.

Almost reprehensible folly is that of experimenting with drugs on the horse every time he shows some trifling ailment. The man who would undertake to treat a member of his family who is sick by trying this or that drug would be set down as an idiot by every intelligent person in the community. Yet this is not a very uncommon practice in dealing with the sick horse. If the animal dies under this treatment, as it does sometimes, the owner consoles himself with the reflection that he tried everything he could hear of and did his best to save it. If, by some happy circumstance, the horse overcomes both the disease and the bungling treatment, the owner pats himself on the back as a natural "hoss doctor" and wouldn't give 10 cents to boot between himself and the most skilled veterinary surgeon.

ICE HOUSE FOR DAIRY.

We have seen some very suitable home dairies which were built as a basement, the upper floor being used for supply room, etc., while all the milk was handled below. In this way the dairymen economized on ice and in the winter found his building to keep warmer. Where the ice-house and dairy are built in combination, the ice-house should be on the north side of the dairy and the cold room can be built in one corner of the ice-house. Where this is done, the cold supply

d to extend for forming plants of ore busy habit. This is chiefly a matter of taste, and adapted in cases where numbers of plants are grown. rich loam, leaf soil, sand and charcoal, with the addition of a little peat, an excellent compost. Plants that have been growing freely the last months may now require a shift and they will be well established for winter and the pots filled with peat. Pot firmly, making the fresh material as substantial as the ball of soil. The pots ought to be clean and drained.

ply water in sufficient quantity so right through the ball of roots, wait until more is needed. Just potting one good watering will be for some time, but when the are becoming well occupied with water is needed oftener. A fair position, but not a sunny position, suits india rubber plant best, and if the window is hot, shade should be afforded during the hottest portion of the day. Sour soil caused high errors in watering is the chief cause of the lower leaves turning yellow before they ought to. It is necessary for the lower leaves to fall, but they do the leaf-stalk separates itself from the stem.

other course which will throw the plants into bad health is allowing them to become very dry when the are full of roots. If temporarily should occur, the best course to follow is to plunge the plant into warm water in order to moisten the roots completely. When established and growing freely treatment is the best, but after rooting, or when propagating heat and moisture are essential for encouraging growth.

TO PREVENT COLDS.

excellent preventive against colds is an all-over sponge bath, in water has stood in the bowl over night, and in the morning. This is a treatment on a cold day, but if given in, where one is not too cold, the result is beneficial. Rub the body well with the hand and a coarse towel. This will set the blood to circulating, opens the pores of the skin and keeps it in a healthy condition, and tones the entire system.

Take a bag of sea salt, pour a quart of boiling water over a cup full and a tablespoonful of ammonia and a few camphor. Put the mixture in a bottle and keep on your washstand. Add one or two tablespoonfuls of this to the water for the morning bath, and it will be found an excellent tonic and cleanser.

KITCHEN HELPS.

Ironing-board about half the size of an ordinary one, of that ordinary size in the laundry is indispensable where there are children's clothes to be ironed. Tiny irons and small boards are also useful, especially where the wash includes shirtwaists, infants' and nurse-maids' caps, etc.

A new glass lemon squeezer has been patented, through which the juice of lemons, minus seeds, can be squeezed. A double and a triple saucepan, in which two or three vegetables may be cooked at one cooking, may be had for five cents.

FRUIT BREADS.

Fruit breads are recommended by specialists as a wholesome substitute for the children's table. The important fact that children like them is omitted. Date-bread is a favorite and is easily made. A cupful of

left behind. Consequently, amid all the pomp and circumstance of war there is much weeping and wailing in echoless, as weird a place as ever one found himself in, is the royal sepulchre at Windsor.

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The cumbersome iron plates which have hitherto sealed the entrance are to be taken away, and an arched doorway, with handsome gates, is to be erected in their place, making access much easier, while it will be just as safe from intruders as before. Electric wires are being run through the whole sepulchre, so that when the visitor descends, some time in the near future, he will suddenly find the place flooded with bright light. From a vault of depressing gloom the royal mausoleum is being transformed into a place of beauty.

THE BOER ARTILLERY.

Higher Officers Are Deficient in Technical Knowledge.

In all the military forecasts of the probabilities of the war it was from the very first estimated that encounters between the British and Transvaal artillery could end only in one way. The Royal artillery force is perhaps the one branch of the British army which has been kept at the highest pitch of efficiency since the mutiny. Guns, horses, equipment and professional training are admitted to place the corps on a level with the best of the Continental armies, except in the matter of numbers, and the mobility of the field batteries has been in recent years amply tested in Indian campaigns and in the manoeuvres at Aldershot and on Salisbury Plain.

The Transvaal artillery force is divided in the regular way into horse, field and garrison artillery and possesses a good and efficient telegraph staff. The men have been well drilled, and the shooting has been good and accurate. The weak point, however, is in the higher officers, who are utterly deficient in technical knowledge. The Free State, indeed, wisely entrusted its command to Major Albrecht, an able German artilleryman but the Transvaal has retained its chief commands within the limits of the principal Boer families. The whole Transvaal corps is nominally under the command of Colonel Trichardt, who as a subordinate officer was much ridiculed for coming up too late at Dornkop in the Jameson raid. Lieutenant Colonel Erasmus, the next in command, has no scientific training, and in the Mapoch war lost his gun to a small number of Kaffirs. Major Wolmarans and other officers, however, have studied in Holland, and as the standard of the Dutch artillery is high may have acquired some knowledge of handling their guns effectively. Up to a recent date there were no foreign officers in the artillery owing to the Boer jealousy and suspicion of the foreigners.

EVENING SHOES.

The most fashionable evening shoes are of satin the exact shade of the dress. Black satin embroidered in various colors so that they will go with any dress are more useful, and quite proper, according to the latest London advice.

DUBIOUS GENEROSITY.

Mrs. Henpeck—It costs a great deal to keep me in the country all summer.

Henpeck—Yes, my dear, but you know I never begrudged the money.

Duke and his family reside. Poor patients on their arrival receive at once a hearty meal and a bath. Then the young ladies examine them and report to their father in regard to the condition of each.

If there is imperative necessity the operation is performed without delay, but otherwise not for several days, or until the patient has regained strength by a comfortable rest at the hospital. During these days of rest the patients receive the best possible food and care, so that, as has been well said, the Duke does not only keep a free hospital but also a free restaurant and a free home.

THE PRICE OF STYLE.

How British Society Pays \$3,500,000 a Year to the Government.

People who want to keep up a single establishment in England have to pay for permission to do so. The excise authorities see to that.

Last year society paid into the national exchequer by way of taxation and as the price of style or "establishment" "licenses" no less a sum than £740,863.

Think first of all, what it costs to keep "James" in all his dignity. The exchequer values him at 15s. a year. Two hundred and five thousand five hundred and thirty-six licenses for male servants were issued last year and brought in a revenue of £153,999.

There are other ranks for carriages than the cab rank. There is a 2-guinea rank a 1-guinea rank, and the democratic 15s. rank. Between these three ranks are the greatest conceivable differences. If your carriage has four or more wheels and is fitted to be drawn by two or more horses, or even mules, then you must pay £2 2s. a year for it.

But if your carriage has four or more wheels and is only drawn by one horse or mule, you can have the thing for 1 guinea a year. And if perchance you cannot live up to the four-wheeled style, but are content with a carriage or cart, if less than four wheels, then you can get off with a yearly payment of 15s. That is the cheapest style the government can tolerate. Hackney carriages come under this head and pay the 15s.

Of course the 15s. carriages are greatest in number. Last year 316,485 of them paid 15s apiece, in addition to 125,971 hackney carriages. People who ride in one-horse four-wheeled carriages come next in number with 76,208 carriages. The lucky people who ride in carriages with four wheels or more and drawn by two or more horses number 49,307.

Altogether those who ride in carriages and carts pay £510,890 a year for the privilege of riding on wheels instead of walking. But the hackney carriage and the two wheeled cart pay three-fifths of that amount.

What is a carriage without armorial bearings? Absolutely styleless. But if you wish armorial bearings painted on your carriage you must pay £12 2s for permission, as well as something to the painter for his skill.

If you wish to use armorial bearings in any other way—say on your note-paper—then a guinea a year will suffice. More people use bearings in this way than on carriages. Last year £31,909 was received for permission to put armorial bearings on carriages and £43,438 to use them in other ways.

In this way is made up the £740,863, which is paid each year for permission to live in style. But it is only when that is paid that the real expense begins.

MOST OF THEM DO.

She—Do you believe that man sprang from the ape?

He—No. But I believe all women spring from the mouse.

the most skilled veterinary surgeon.

ICE HOUSE FOR DAIRY.

We have seen some very suitable home dairies which were built as a basement, the upper floor being used for supply room, etc., while all the milk was handled below. In this way the dairyman economized on ice and in the winter found his building to keep warmer. Where the ice-house and dairy are built in combination, the ice-house should be on the north side of the dairy and the cold room can be built in one corner of the ice-house. Where this is done, the cold supply should not be expected from the ice-house, but from blocks of ice placed in the upper part of the cold room as you would treat a common refrigerator. The cold room should be built with the law that cold air drops and warm air rises in view; also that it requires the melting of ice to produce cold. A pattern may be taken from any good refrigerator providing the ice is placed in the upper part of the box and by forming cold will give a current of air circulating in the box. As to the size of the ice-house, a room 12x13 and 15 ft. high would supply enough ice. It should be built with a dead air space in the walls and roof. The ventilation should be through the roof, so as to prevent any warm air accumulating over the ice. As to the cost of such buildings it would be hard to make an estimate. We should say all the way from \$300 to 1000 or even more could be well expended on such an outfit. This would be a matter which the owner would have to settle for himself. But in the handling of milk a few of the above suggestions would be considered essential, and no building should be built for such a purpose which cannot be kept clean and answer the few requirements essential in good butter making.

CARE AND FEED FOR HORSES.

The stomach of horses should not be overloaded. They should not be fed immediately before starting on a long journey, and moldy corn should always be avoided. Feed three times a day each from a separate manger. The amount needed by each animal can only be determined by observation. Corn and oats mixed with plenty of good hay and fodder with an occasional bran mash will keep the animal in good condition.

TRADING IN THE TRANSVAAL.

The Easy-Going Way in Which It Is Done in That Country.

Ordinarily the Transvaal trading store is of galvanized iron, upon which the sun bears down with all its intensity, making the air within almost unbearable. But the trader does not mind this. Dressed in a pair of trousers, a light pair of shoes, and a flannel shirt, he reclines on a convenient part of the counter, and with the aid of his pipe passes the time until a customer arrives.

Should the customer be a white man the storekeeper and he will as a rule retire into the little side room for a few minutes, and a bottle and a couple of glasses will be produced. Should he, on the other hand, be a negro, the trader will glance at him casually, and, without moving, will ask him what he wants. He does this because Kaffirs often want something which they know the storekeeper has not got. The shelves in the back of the shop are piled up with gaudy blankets, clothing of all descriptions, tinned goods, clocks and vases, cheap "jewelry," and various other commodities. Below these shelves are the bins where the sugar, flour, meal and coffee are kept. On one side are small shelves where patent medicines stand.

Outside the store, on the stoop, are the agricultural implements, ploughs, harrows, new inventions of all sizes and descriptions that are too big or too heavy to be easily carried away.

A MEDITERRANEAN STORM.

Rev. Dr. Talmage Draws Some Lessons From It.

Jonah Punished for Disobedience—Caught in a Storm and Wrecked—Some People Have Friends Who Are Not Christians—What Are They Doing to Bring Them to Christ—The Dr. Preaches a Powerful Sermon.

A despatch from Washington says:—Rev. Dr. Talmage preached from the following text: "The men rowed hard to bring it to land, but they could not, wherefore they cried unto the Lord."—Jonah i. 13, 14.

Navigation in the Mediterranean Sea always was perilous, especially so in early times. Vessels were propelled partly by sail and partly by oar. When, by reason of great stress of weather, it was necessary to reef the canvas or haul it in, then the vessel was entirely dependent upon the oars, sometimes twenty or thirty of them on either side of the vessel. You would not venture outside Sandy Hook with such a craft as my text finds Jonah sailing in; but he had not much choice of vessels. He was running away from the Lord; and when a man is running away from the Lord, he has to run very fast.

God had told Jonah to go to Nineveh to preach about the destruction of that city, Jonah disobeyed. That always makes rough water, whether in the Mediterranean, or the Atlantic, or the Pacific, or the Caspian Sea. It is a very hard thing to scare sailors. I have seen them when the prow of the vessel was almost under water, and they were walking the deck knee deep in the surf, and the small boats by the side of the vessel have been crushed as small as kindling wood, whistling as though nothing had happened; but the Bible says that these mariners of whom I speak were frightened. That which sailors call "a lump of sea" had become a blinding, deafening swamping fury. How mad the wind can get at the water, and the water can get at the wind, you do not know unless you have been spectators. I have in my house a piece of a sail of a ship, no larger than the palm of my hand; that piece of canvas was all that was left of the largest sail of the ship Greece, that went into the storm five hundred miles off Newfoundland. Oh! what a night that was. I suppose that it was in some such storm as this that Jonah was caught.

He knew that the tempest was on his account, and he asked the sailors to throw him overboard. Sailors are a generous-hearted race, and they resolved to make their escape, if possible, without resorting to such extreme measures. The sails are of no use, and so they lay hold on their oars. I see the long rank of shining blades on either side the vessel. Oh! how they did pull, the bronzed seamen, as they laid back into the oars. But rowing on the sea is very different from rowing upon a river, and as the vessel hoists, the oars skip the wave, and miss the stroke, and the tempest laughs to scorn the flying paddles. It is of no use, no use. There comes a wave that crashes the last mast, and sweeps the oarsmen from their places,

illies are brought to Christ. Ah! it is an awful thing to have half a household on one side the line and the other part of the household on the other side the line. Oh, the possibility of an eternal separation! One would think that such a thought would hover over the pillow, and hover over the arm-chair, and hover over the table, and that each clatter at the door would cause a shudder as though the last messenger had come. To live together in this world five years, or ten years, or fifty years, and then afterwards to live away from each other millions, millions of years, and to know and feel that between us and eternal separation there is only one heart beat! When our Christian friends go out of this life into glory, we are comforted. We feel we shall meet them again in the good land. But to have two vessels part on the ocean of eternity, one going to the right and the other to the left, farther apart, and farther apart, and the signals cease to be recognized, and there are only two specks on the horizon, and then they are lost to sight for ever!

I have to tell you that the unavailing efforts of these Mediterranean oarsmen has a counterpart on the efforts some of us are making to bring our children to

THE SHORE OF SAFETY.

There never were so many temptations for young people as there are now. The literary and the social influences seem to be against their spiritual interests. Christ seems to be driven almost entirely from the school and the pleasurable concourse, yet God knows how anxious we are for our children. We cannot think of going to heaven without them. We do not want to leave this life while they are tossing on the waves of temptation and away from God. From which of them could we consent to be eternally separated? Would it be the son? Would it be the daughter? Would it be the eldest? Would it be the youngest? Would it be the one that is well and stout, or the one that is sick? Oh, I hear some parent saying to-night: "I have tried my best to bring my children to Christ. I have laid hold of the oars until they bent in my grasp, and I have braced myself against the ribs of the boat, and I have pined for their eternal rescue, but I can't get them to Christ." Then, I ask you to imitate the men of the text and cry mightily unto God. We want more importunate praying for children, such as the father indulged in when he had tried to bring his six sons to Christ, and they had wandered off into dissipation. Then he got down in his prayers and said: "Oh, God, take away my life, if through that means my sons may repent and be brought to Christ;" and the Lord startlingly answered the prayer, and in a few weeks the father was taken away, and through the solemnity the six sons fled unto God. Oh, that father could afford to die for the eternal welfare of his children. He rowed hard to bring them to the land, but could not, and then he cried unto the Lord. There are parents here who are almost discouraged about their children. Where is your son to-night? He has wandered off, perhaps, to the ends of the earth. It seems as if he cannot get far enough away from your Christian counsel. What does he care about the furrows that come to your brow; about the quick whitening of

right hand, give me a stout oar for my left hand, and I will pull myself into safety." No. A wave of sin comes and dashes you one way, and a wave of temptation comes and dashes you in another way, and there are plenty of rocks on which to founder, but seemingly no harbour into which to sail. Sin must be thrown overboard or we must perish. There are men in this house, in all these galleries, who have tried for ten years to become Christians. They believe all I say in regard to a future world. They believe that religion is the first, the last, the infinite necessity. With it, heaven! Without it, hell! They do everything but trust in Christ. They make sixty strokes in a minute. They bend forward with all earnestness, and they lay back until the muscles are distended, and yet they have not made one inch in ten years toward heaven. What is the reason? That is not the way to go to work. You might as well take a frail skiff, and put it down at the foot of Niagara, and then head it up toward the churning thunderbolt of waters, and expect to work your way up through the lightning of the foam into calm Lake Erie, as for you to try to pull yourself through the surf of your sin into the peace, and pardon, and placidity of the Gospel. You cannot do it in that way.

SIN IS A ROUGH SEA;

and long-boat, yawl, pinnace, and gondola go down unless the Lord deliver; but if you will cry to Christ and lay hold of Divine mercy, you are as safe from eternal condemnation as though you had been twenty years in Heaven.

I wish I could put before this audience, unpardoned, their own helplessness. You will be lost as sure as you sit there if you depend upon your own power. You cannot do it. No human arm was ever strong enough to unlock the door of heaven. No foot was ever mighty enough to break the shackle of sin. No oarsman swarthy enough to row himself into God's harbour. Wind is against you. Tide is against you. The law is against you. Ten thousand corrupting influences are against you. Helpless and undone. Not so helpless a sailor on a plank mid-Atlantic. Not so helpless a traveller girdled by twenty miles of prairie on fire. Prove it you say. I will prove it. John v. 44! "No man can come to me, except the Father which hath sent me draw him."

But while I have shown your helplessness, I want to put by the side of it the power and willingness of Christ to save you. I think it was in 1686 a vessel was bound for Portugal, but it was driven to pieces on an unfriendly coast. The captain had his son with him, and with the crew they wandered up the beach and started on the long journey to find relief. After a while the son fainted by reason of hunger and the length of the way. The captain said to the crew: "Carry my boy for me on your shoulders." They carried him on; but the journey was so long, that after awhile the crew fainted from hunger and from weariness, and could carry him no longer. Then the father rallied his almost wasted energy, and took up his own boy, and put him on his shoulder, and carried him on mile after mile, mile after mile, until, overcome himself by hunger and weariness, he too, fainted by the way. The boy laid down and died, and the father, just at the time rescue came, also perished, living only long enough to tell the story—sad story, indeed. But glory be to God that Jesus Christ is able to take us up out of our shipwrecked and dying condition, and put us on the shoulder of His strength, and by the omnipotence of His gospel, bear us on through all the journey of this life, and, at last, through the opening gates of heaven!

HE IS MIGHTY TO SAVE.

Hear it, ye dying men and women. Though your sin be long, and black, and inexcusable, and outrageous, the very moment you believe I will proclaim pardon—quick, full, grand, unconditional, uncompromising, illimitable, infinite. Oh, the grace of God! I am overwhelmed when I come to think of it. Give me a thousand ladders, lashed fast to each other, that



This picture of oxen for-troyed, the British troops can-

quet. Ye who are in rags of sin the robe of Christ. Ye who are swayed by the breakers around you, O Christ to pilot you into smooth waters. On account of the peculiar phase of the subject, I have drawn illustrations, you see, chiefly, night.

FROM THE WATER.

I remember that a vessel went pieces on the Bermudas, a great years ago. It had a vast treasure board. But the vessel being sunk, effort was made to restore it. many years had passed, a company of adventurers went out from England and after a long voyage, they reached the place where the vessel was supposed to have sunk. They got into a small boat and hovered over the place. The divers went down, and broke through what looked like a limestone cave and the treasures rolled out—what a found afterwards to be, in our money worth 1,500,000 dollars, and the foundation of a great business-house. At that time the whole world rejoiced what was called the luck of these venturers. Oh, ye who have been lying towards the shore, and have been able to reach it, I want to say to-night, that your boat has over infinite treasure. All the mercies of God are at your feet. Treat that never fail, and crowns that grow dim. Who will go down, and seek them? Who will dive for pearl of great price? Who will prepare for life, for death, for torment, for the long eternity? Who hear my voice hear it for the time, and I shall meet them not until the heavens be rolled up, scroll, and the books be opened, scroll, and the books be open. you. I am clear of the blood of sin. See two hands of blood, stretched towards the dying soul, as Jesus "Come unto me, all ye who labour are heavy laden, and I will give you rest."

ABOUT CANADA.

Information of All Sorts Concerning Big Dominion of Ours.

The rainfall in Ontario last year 30.14 inches, the greatest since 18 the latter year 19.40 inches of fell, the smallest on record.

The great Laurentian lakes, their connecting rivers, from the of Lake Superior to the At-

to throw him overboard. Sailors are a generous-hearted race, and they resolved to make their escape, if possible, without resorting to such extreme measures. The sails are of no use, and so they lay hold on their oars. I see the long rank of shining blades on either side the vessel. Oh! how they d-d pull, the bronzed seamen, as they laid back into the oars. But rowing on the sea is very different from rowing upon a river, and as the vessel hoists, the oars skip the wave, and miss the stroke, and the tempest laughs to scorn the flying paddles. It is of no use, no use. There comes a wave that crashes the last mast, and sweeps the oarsmen from their places, and tumbles everything in the confusion of

IMPENDING SHIPWRECK.

or, as my text has it: "The men rowed hard to bring it to land, but they could not; wherefore they cried unto the Lord."

This scene is very suggestive to me, and I pray God I may have grace and strength enough to represent it before this dying yet immortal auditory. I preached you a sermon on another phase of this very subject, and I got a letter from Houston, Texas, the writer saying that the reading of that sermon in London had led him to God. And I received another letter from South Australia, saying that the reading of that sermon in Australia had brought several souls to Christ. And then, I thought, why not now take another phase of the same subject, for, perhaps, that God who can raise in power that which is sown in weakness, may this night, through another phase of the same subject, bring salvation to the people who shall hear, and salvation to the people who shall read. Men and women, who know how to pray, lay hold of the Lord God Almighty to-night, and wrestle for the blessing. Bishop Latimer would stop sometimes in his sermon, in the midst of his argument, and say: "Now, I will tell you a fable;" and to-night I would like to bring the scene of my text as an illustration of a most important religious truth. As those Mediterranean oarsmen trying to bring Jonah ashore were discomfited, I have to tell you that they were not the only men who have broken down on their paddles, and have been obliged to call on the Lord for help. I want to say that the unavailing efforts of those Mediterranean oarsmen has a counterpart in the efforts we are making to bring souls to the shore of safety, and set their feet on the Rock of Ages. You have a father, or mother, or husband, or wife, or child, or near friend, who is not a Christian. There have been times when you have been in agony about their salvation. A minister of Christ, whose wife was dying without any hope in Jesus, walked the floor, wrung his hands, cried bitterly, and said: "I believe I shall go insane, for I know she is not prepared to meet God." And there may have been days of sickness in your household, when you feared it would be

A FATAL SICKNESS:

and how closely you examined the face of the doctor as he came in and scrutinized the patient and felt the pulse, and you followed him into the next room, and said: "There isn't any danger, is there, doctor?" And the hesitation and the uncertainty of the reply made two eternities flash before your vision. And then you went and you talked to the sick one about the great future. Oh, there are those here who have tried to bring their friends to God. They have been unable to bring them to the shore of safety. They are no nearer that point than they were twenty years ago. You think you have got them almost to the shore when you are swept back again. What shall you do? Put down the oar? Oh, no, I do not advise that; but I do advise you to appeal to that God to whom the Mediterranean oarsmen appealed—the God who could silence the tempest and bring the ship in safety to the port. I tell you, my friends, that there has got to be a good deal of praying before our fam-

God, take away my life, if I thought that means my sons may repent and be brought to Christ;" and the Lord startlingly answered the prayer, and in a few weeks the father was taken away, and through the solemnity the six sons fled unto God. Oh, that father could afford to die for the eternal welfare of his children. He rowed hard to bring them to the land, but could not, and then he cried unto the Lord. There are parents here who are almost discouraged about their children. Where is your son to-night? He has wandered off, perhaps, to the ends of the earth. It seems as if he cannot get far enough away from your Christian counsel. What does he care about the furrows that come to your brow; about the quick whitening of the hair; about the fact that your back begins to stoop with the burdens? Why, he would not care much if he heard you were dead.

THE BLACK-EDGED LETTER

that brought the tidings, he would put in the same package with other letters telling the story of his shame. What are you going to do? Both paddles broken at the middle of the blade, how can you pull him ashore? I throw one oar to-night with which I believe you can bring him into harbor. It is a glorious promise: "I will be a God to thee, and to thy seed after thee." Oh! broken-hearted father and mother! You have tried everything else, now make an appeal for the help and omnipotence of the covenant-keeping God, and perhaps at your next family gathering, perhaps on thanksgiving-day, perhaps next Christmas-day, the prodigal may be home; and if you crowd on his plate more luxuries than on any other plate at the table, I am sure the brothers will not be jealous, but they will wake up all the music in the house "because the dead is alive again and because the lost is found." Perhaps your prayers have been answered already. The vessel may be coming homeward, and by the light of this night's stars the absent son may be pacing the deck of the ship, anxious for the time to come when he can throw his arms around your neck, and ask for forgiveness for that he has been wringing from your old heart so long. Glorious re-union, that will be too sacred for outsiders to look upon; but I would just like to look through the window when you have all got together again, and are seated at the banquet.

"Though parents may in covenant be, And have their heaven in view, They are not happy till they see, Their children happy too."

Again, I remark, that the unavailing effort of the Mediterranean oarsmen has a counterpart in the effort which we are making to bring this world back to God, His pardon, and safety. If this world could have been saved by human effort, it would have been done long ago. John Howard took hold of one oar, and Carey took hold of another oar, and Adoniram Judson took hold of another oar, and Luther took hold of another oar, and John Knox took hold of another oar, and they pulled until they fell back dead from the exhaustion. Some dropped in the ashes of martyrdom, some on the

SCALPING KNIVES OF SAVAGES,

and some into the plague-struck room of the lazaretto; and still the chains are not broken, and still the despotisms are not demolished, and still the world is unsaved. What then? Put down the oars and make no effort? I do not advise that. But I want you, Christian brethren, to understand that the Church and the school, and the college, and the missionary society are only the instrumentalities; and if this work is ever done at all, God must do it, and He will do it, in answer to our prayer. "They rowed hard to bring it to the land, but they could not; wherefore they cried unto the Lord."

Again, the unavailing effort of those Mediterranean oarsmen has a counterpart in every man that is trying to row his own soul into safety. When the Eternal Spirit flashes upon us our condition, we try to save ourselves. We say: "Give me a stout oar for my

tell the story—sad story, indeed. But glory be to God that Jesus Christ is able to take us up out of our shipwrecked and dying condition, and put us on the shoulder of His strength, and by the omnipotence of His gospel, bear us on through all the journey of this life, and, at last, through the opening gates of heaven!

HE IS MIGHTY TO SAVE.

Hear it, ye dying men and women. Though your sin be long, and black, and inexcusable, and outrageous, the very moment you believe I will proclaim pardon—quick, full, grand, unconditional, uncompromising, illimitable, infinite. Oh, the grace of God! I am overwhelmed when I come to think of it. Give me a thousand ladders, lashed fast to each other, that I might scale the height. Let the line run out with the anchor until all the cables of earth are exhausted, that we may touch the depth. Let the archangel fly in circuit of eternal ages in trying to sweep around this theme. Oh! the grace of God! It is so high. It is so broad. It is so deep. Glory be to my God, that where man's oar gives out, God's arm begins. Why will ye carry your sins and your sorrows any longer when Christ offers to take them. Why will you wrestle down your fears when this moment you might give up and be saved. Do you not know that everything is ready?

"See Jesus stands with open arms,

He calls, He bids you come;

Sin holds you back and fear alarms,

But still there yet is room."

Oh! men and women, bought by the blood of Jesus, how can I give you up? Will you turn away this plea, as you have turned away so many? Have you deliberately chosen to die? Do you want to be lost? Do you turn your back on heaven because you do not want to see Christ, nor your own loved ones whom He has taken into His bosom. Cannot some of these fathers and mothers hear the voices of their children in glory calling to-night, saying:

"Steer this way, father,

Steer straight for me;

Here safe in heaven

I am waiting for thee."

Do you not see the hands of mercy, the hands of loved ones, let down now from the skies, beckoning to the pardoning Jesus, beckoning up to heaven and to glory. Can it be that it is all in vain?

CALVARY IN VAIN?

Death-bed warnings in vain? Ministering spirits in vain? The opening gates of heaven in vain? The importuning of God's eternal Spirit all in vain? be too late to pray. I hear the creaking of the closing door of God's mercy. To some of you the last chance has come. The tongue in the great bell begins to swing for the death knell of thy soul immortal! And in an hour, in which ye think not, you disembodied spirit may go shrieking out towards the throne of an offended God, and—what then? Has not God been calling to you, my dear brother, during the week? In the uncertainty of this world's treasures? Do you not feel to-night as if you would like to have God and Jesus, and all the precious promises of His Gospel? I remember that after the great crisis of 1857, when the whole land was rocked with commercial sorrow, the spirit of God descended, and there were two hundred and seventy thousand souls in one year, who found the peace of Christ. Oh, I would that the rocking in Washington City to-day—the commercial rocking—might rouse up men to the consideration of the interests of their immortal souls. As I asked you this morning, I ask you now: "What shall it profit a man if he gain the whole world and lose his soul?" Come back, oh wanderer. I do not ask where you came from to-night. Though you may have come from places of sin, I shall not be partial in my offer of salvation. I offer it to every one who sits before me. "Whoever will, let him come," and let him come now.

Pleanty of room at the feast. Jesus has the ring of His love all ready to put upon your hand. Come, now, and sit down, ye hungry ones, at the ban-

See two hands of blood, stretched towards the dying soul, as Jesus "Come unto me, all ye who labor are heavy laden, and I will give rest."

ABOUT CANADA.

Information of All Sorts Concerning Big Dominion of Ours.

The rainfall in Ontario last year 30.14 inches, the greatest since 18 the latter year 19.40 inches of fell, the smallest on record.

The great Laurentian lakes, their connecting rivers, from the of Lake Superior to the Atlantic Ocean, cover a distance of 2,381 miles. They cover an area of about 1 square miles.

Hudson Bay has an area of 3 square miles. Including its two it has an extreme length forty south of 1,300 miles, and a width the bay proper of about 600 miles.

The total area of lands set out settlement since 1873 is 80,040,975 or 500,252 farms of 16 acres each.

At the rate of 5 to a homeste 160 acres, these lands would sust agricultural population of over 1,000.

About 7,000,000 acres of land been surveyed by the Government Quebec for sale.

There are now in Nova Scotia 1,500,000 acres of ungranted land considerable quantity of which is suited for cultivation.

It is estimated that there are 7,000,000 acres of ungranted land New Brunswick.

Ontario last year produced 25,1 bushels of fall wheat to 1,018,182; 6,873,785 bushels of spring wheat 389,205 acres; 12,663,6.8 bushels of ley to 438,781 acres; 861,855,293 bu of oats to 2,376,330 acres, 2,673,231 els of rye to 165,089 acres; 13.5 bushels of peas to 865,951 acres; 1 645 bushels of buckwheat to 1 acres; 759,651 bushels of beans to 220 acres; 14,358,625 bushels of pot to 169,946 acres; 4,399,063 tons of and clover to 2,453,533 acres.

Manitoba last year produced 21 745 bushels of wheat to 1,488,232; Ontario produced 10,560,590 pound tobacco last year to 7,871 acres this 7,095,970 lbs. came from Esse: 3,013,120 lbs. from Kent County.

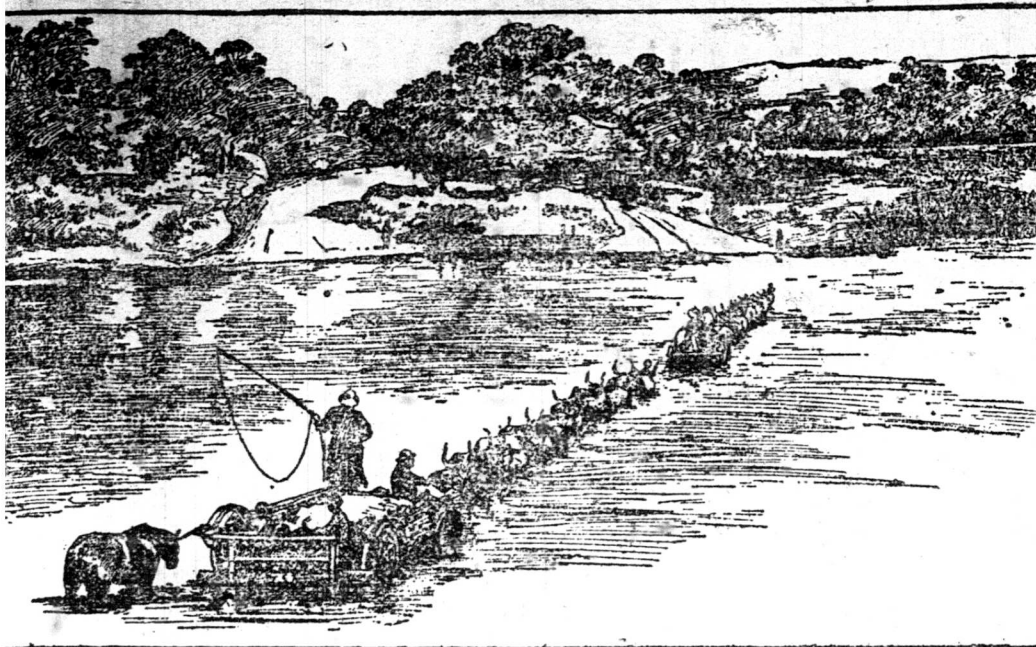
Canada, in 1898, exported agricult products, domestic, to the val \$75,834,858, the value going to Britain being \$66,227,923, and to United States \$5,654,853.

The breadstuffs exported by Canada last year were: wheat, 18,963,107 els; flour of wheat, 1,249,438 bar barley, 443,656 bushels; oats, 9.8 bushels; peas, 3,736,131 bushels.

Canada last year imported breadstuffs as follows: wheat, 4,414,307 els; flour, 40,741 barrels; barley, 1 bushels; Indian corn, 19,975,991 bu; other grain, 1,883,114 bushels; breadstuffs, 58,390,242 lbs.



THE TUGELA A SHALLOW RIVER.



This picture of oxen fording the Tugela shows that even though the bridge at Colenso should be destroyed, the British troops can easily cross that stream to relieve Ladysmith.

Ye who are in rags of sin take
obs of Christ. Ye who are swamp-
the breakers around you, cry to
it to pilot you into smooth, still
rs. On account of the peculiar
a of the subject, I have drawn my
rations, you see, chiefly, to-

FROM THE WATER.

member that a vessel went to
ons on the Bermudas, a great many
s ago. It had a vast treasure on
d. But the vessel being sunk, no
t was made to restore it. After
y years had passed, a company of
nturers went out from England,
after a long voyage, they reached
place where the vessel was said to
sunk. They got into a small boat
hovered over the place. Then the
rs went down, and broke through
t looked like a limestone covering,
the treasures rolled out—what was
d afterwards to be, in our money,
h 1,500,000 dollars, and the founda-
n of a great business-house. At
time the whole world rejoiced over
t was called the luck of these ad-
urers. Oh, ye who have been row-
towards the shore, and have not
able to reach it, I want to tell
to-night, that your boat hovers
infinite treasure. All the riches
od are at your feet. Treasures
never fail, and crowns that never
v dim. Who will go down, now,
seek them? Who will dive for the
l of great price? Who will be
ared for life, for death, for judg-
t, for the long eternity? Many
hear my voice hear it for the last
s, and I shall meet them not again
l the heavens be rolled up as a
il, and the books be open. Flee
il, and the books be open. Flee
I am clear of the blood of souls,
two hands of blood, stretched out
ards the dying soul, as Jesus says:
me unto me, all ye who labor and
heavy laden, and I will give you

ABOUT CANADA.

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Big Dominion of Ours.

he rainfall in Ontario last year was
4 inches, the greatest since 1874. In
latter year 19.40 inches of rain
the smallest on record.

he great Laurentian lakes, with
r connecting rivers, from the head

OFFER BRITAIN A SHARE

EXTENSIVE WORKS MAY BE ESTAB-
LISHED FOR REFINING NICKEL.

Ontario Government Will Re-Open Nego-
tations With Britain Which Failed in
1891—The Terms Proposed.

The Lieutenant-Governor has signed
an order-in-Council which is expect-
re to result in the establishment in
Ontario of extensive works for the
production of nickel to be used in the
building of war ships for the British
navy. It is the intention of the
Government to re-open negotiations
with the Imperial authorities, under
which the Lords Commissioners of the
Admiralty may obtain an interest in
the still unpatented nickel lands of
the province, and by means of their
development secure an unlimited sup-
ply of nickel for the manufacture of
armor plate and other materials for
vessels. A similar proposition was
made by the Government of Ontario
in the year 1891, but as the merits
of nickel in connection with the manu-
facture of armor plate had not then
been made apparent the Lords of the
Admiralty declined the proffered privi-
lege.

THE ORDER-IN-COUNCIL.

The Order-in-Council sets forth:
That in the interests of our rela-
tions with the Empire it is desir-
able at an early opportunity to renew the
negotiations opened with the British
Government in April, 1891, which had
for their object the concessions of an
interest in nickel ores of the ungrant-
ed lands of the Crown for Imperial
and national uses, on such terms as
may be mutually agreed upon.

That it is desirable to secure the
establishment in the province of re-
fining plants in accordance with the
scheme of the charter of the Canadian
Copper Company or otherwise; and, if
necessary to the success of this ob-
ject, to ask that effect be given to
the provisions of the act for impos-
ing export duties on nickel and cop-

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, DEC. 10.

"Lessons in Giving." Mal. 1. 6-11 and 3.

8-2. Golden Text. 2 Cor. 9. 7.
PRACTICAL NOTES.

Verse 6. Malachi begins his proph-
ecy with a startling dialogue. "I
have loved you," God says. The
priests ask, "Wherein hast thou loved
us?" The Lord answers by compar-
ing his dealings with Esau, Jacob's
brother and the father of Edom, with
his dealings with Israel. Edom was
doomed to permanent overthrow, but
"your eyes shall see, and ye shall say,
The Lord will be magnified from the
border of Israel." Then come the
words of our lesson. A son honoreth
his father, and a servant his master.
If you are my son, where is mine
honor? If you are my servants,
where is my fear? This appeal is to
the priests, the professionally holy
men, who, God says, despise my name.
But they ask, Wherein have we de-
sided thy name? A question which,
if honest with themselves, they were
well able to answer.

7. Ye offer polluted bread upon mine
altar. Bread stands generically for
food. The sacrifices of the temple were
of fruit and flesh meat, but included
"showbread," which, however, was
placed upon the table, not upon the
altar. The priests were given elaborate
instructions for the acceptance or
rejection of sacrifices brought by the
people, a portion of which was regu-
larly to be used as food for the priests.
Blind, lame, and sick animals were
excluded. But these priests had accept-
ed sacrifices which the spirit, if not
also the letter of the law had excluded,
and what could not be either profit-
ably sold or eaten by themselves
they had contemptuously offered to
God. They had thus degraded their
holy office for gain. Wherein have we
polluted thee? That is, Wherein have
we the sacrifices been polluted? In that
ye say, The table of the Lord is con-
temptible. Not that the priests used
these words, but that their actions
spoke louder than any words.

8. Is it not evil? Whatever may be
true of relations between human be-
ings, it is manifestly wrong to give to
the Lord's cause on earth, whether
represented by ancient temple or mod-
ern church, contributions that are of
no service to ourselves. "Cheap reli-
gion, costing little," is rejected by

contrite heart. My name shall be great
among the heathen. The gradual ful-
fillment of this prophecy has proceed-
ed far enough to greatly strengthen
our faith in its complete fulfillment.

The charge made in the first divi-
sion of the lesson, which we have al-
ready studied, was irreverence and
negligence in sacrifices. Now, after
a lengthy parenthesis, the prophet
speaks of how God is dishonored by
tithes.

8. Will a man rob God? Could one
dare to plan such robbery? Yes. Ne-
buchadnezzar had done so when, de-
stroying the temple, he took to his
own city its consecrated treasures.
But surely priests would never think
for a moment of such a crime, and we
can hear their indignant voices ask-
ing, Wherein have we robbed thee?
The answer is, In tithes and offerings.
The "tithe" was an assessment of one
tenth of all increase of property.
Whatever source of wealth a man had
in flocks, in vineyards, or herds, in
merchandise or manufactory; two
tenths of its profits were officially
collected, one tenth being spent for
the expenses of government and the
support of the poor, the other going
directly to the maintenance of relig-
ious worship and the support of the
Levites and priests. The "offerings"
were the sacrifices which the law re-
quired the people to make.

9. Ye are cursed with a curse. In
robbing God they had expected to en-
rich themselves, but their crime had
brought poverty.

10. Bring ye all the tithes into the
storehouse. Into the treasure cham-
bers of the temple, which had been so
empty that the public service had
languished and rich men had used the
chambers as dwelling-rooms. It is time
now to call attention to the bearing of
this on our present religious life.
These treasure chambers answer to the
missionary treasuries and local church
funds of our time. And those who to-
day refuse to contribute toward God's
cause rob God as really as did the an-
cient priests. Meat is inclusive of all
tithes, which were paid in kind. Prove
me now. Prove me now. If you
were rich, you could not perhaps so
well prove me; but you are poor, and
all your efforts to make yourselves
rich at the expense of God, have failed.
Now try the other way. Herewith. By
bringing all the tithes. Windows of
heaven. A poetical term for the
sources of rain, the coming of which
would renew fertility and national
wealth. There are spiritual windows
of heaven which we can open by fi-
delity in God's service, and so bring
down showers of grace. There shall
not be room enough to receive it.
Rather, not room enough to store it.
The heaven-sent treasure shall be
"pressed down, shaken together, and
running over."

11. I will rebuke. I will hold in
check. The devourer. The locust,
which was already devastating their
farm lands. The fruit of your ground.
All manner of vegetable growth. Nei-
ther shall your vine cast her fruit be-
fore the time. Vegetable disease had
caused the grapes to rot on the vines
or to fall without ripening.

12. All nations shall call you blessed.
Surrounding people shall hear that
you are under the special care of the
Lord. These promises are typical of
God's dealings with individuals as well
as with nations. A delightful land,
Pure souls always dwell in a land of
joy, peace, and pleasure. The sinner
cannot help envying the saint whom
he pretends to despise.

STORY FROM THE WAR.

A Sister of Mercy Tells of a Pathetic
Incident at Ladysmith.

A nursing sister in the military hos-
pital at Ladysmith in the course of
a letter to an ex-Lord Mayor of Lon-
don says:—"The glorious battle at
Elandslaagte was a mighty success,
but at what cost! All night Satur-
day the wounded streamed in, and all
day Sunday. We not only had all the
beds filled, but the wounded were ly-

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That it is desirable to secure the establishment in the province of re- fining plants in accordance with the scheme of the charter of the Canadian Copper Company or otherwise; and, if necessary to the success of this ob- ject, to ask that effect be given to the provisions of the act for impos- ing export duties on nickel and cop- per, subject to such modifications in favour of the United Kingdom and the other colonies of the British Empire as may appear to be in the common interest.

MUST PRODUCE FINE NICKEL.

That in ungranted lands of the Crown it is advisable that all grants of mining lands hereafter issued shall provide in the patent or lease that the copper and nicke' ores upon or in such lands shall be treated and refined in the province so as to produce fine nickel and copper of marketable qual- ity, and that for any violation or eva- sion of this proviso by the grantee, his heirs or assigns, such lands shall revert to and be vested in her Majesty, her successors and assigns for the pub- lic uses of the province, freed and dis- charged of any interest or claim of any other person or persons whatso- ever, as if they had never been grant- ed.

BRITAIN DID NOT ACCEPT.

A memorandum accompanying the Order-in-Council explains that in 1891 it was proposed in view of the import- ant national uses to which nickel was being then applied by foreign Gov- ernments, and of the consequent de- mand for mining locations in Ontario, an arrangement might be made, under which the Government of the United Kingdom should acquire a substantial or, possibly, a controlling interest in the nickel deposits of the Sudbury dis- trict. The Imperial Government was to be granted, conjointly with the province, or in such other manner as might be agreed to, control over part of all the nickel ore in the Crown lands of the district, subject to such arrangements for the establishment in Ontario of nickel-steel works or manu- factures, the development of the mines, and considerations of royalty on ore, as might be mutually agreed upon and as should be approved by the Legislature.

Though Britain in 1891 declined the offer, it is believed that now, since the value of nickel armour has been fully established, the negotiations may be profitably renewed.

TOO MUCH PROFIT IN IT.

Why do you think postage stamp sellers ought to pay a license?

Because they are in the licker busi- ness.

ed sacrifices which the spirit, it not also the letter of the law had exclu- ed, and what could not be either profitably sold or eaten by themselves they had contemptuously offered to God. They had thus degraded their holy office for gain. Wherein have we polluted thee? That is, Wherein have the sacrifices been polluted? In that ye say, The table of the Lord is contemptible. Not that the priests used these words, but that their actions spoke louder than any words.

8. Is it not evil? Whatever may be true of relations between human beings, it is manifestly wrong to give to the Lord's cause on earth, whether represented by ancient temple or modern church, contributions that are of no service to ourselves. "Cheap religion, costing little," is rejected by God. It was a wise man who said that God never despises the widow's mite, but always despises the miser's mite. Offer it now unto thy governor. The upright, down- right, straightforward man who was now governor, Nehemiah by name, was not grasping; he had repeatedly re- fused tributes which by all custom be- longed to his office; but he was a just man, and "matter-of-fact," and he could not easily be imposed upon. He would have made short work with an in- incere or presumptuous petitioner. Treat God the way you treat the gov- ernor.

9. Now, I pray you, beseech God that he will be gracious unto us. All orientals, going to a governor or judge for favors, take gifts with them. But, coming to God for spiritual blessing these hypocrites bring stale bread and lame lambs and blind heifers. This hath been by your means. Read this sentence with the accent on "hath." Extraordinary as is this ar- rangement, it is true. Will he regard your persons? A question that has the force of the negative answer. No.

10. Who is there even among you that would shut the doors for naught? Utterly venal are ye all. But the best recent translators and commen- tators give us another meaning, which is well expressed by Dr. Smith: "Bet- ter that sacrifice should cease than that such offerings should be pre- sented in such spirit. Better no wor- ship at all than such false worship. Is there no one to close the doors of the temple altogether, so that the altar smoke not in vain?" The close of the verse gives a similar thought in strong affirmations.

11. Because. From the rising of the sun even unto the going down of the same, my name shall be great among the Gentiles. If you are bound to be hypocritical, there are at least plenty of sincere worshippers elsewhere. You bring the sick, and the blind, and the lame for sacrifice, but outcast Gentiles will presently sacrifice their lives for my sake. The time is coming and "now is," when the people of Judah and Jerusalem will no longer be the exclusive worshippers of God, but whoever "worships him in spirit and in truth." In every place incense shall be offered unto my name. Incense is symbolic of prayer. A pure offering. The offering of humble and

cannot help envying the saint whom he pretends to despise.

STORY FROM THE WAR.

A Sister of Mercy Tells of a Pathetic Incident at Ladysmith.

A nursing sister in the military hos- pital at Ladysmith in the course of a letter to an ex-Lord Mayor of Lon- don says:—"The glorious battle at Elandslaagte was a mighty success, but at what cost! All night Satur- day the wounded streamed in, and all day Sunday. We not only had all the beds filled, but the wounded were ly- ing about the floor as thickly as we could put them. We could only just step between them to administer to their wants. They were wet and cold. Some had been lying for 30 hours on the wet ground. They told sad tales of suffering, but there were no com- plaints or murmurings. Their bravery and endurance were marvellous. There were several wounded Boers and it was really amusing to see large-heart- ed Tommy Atkins fraternizing with his enemy. There was one particularly touching little scene. A Gordon Highlander had his arm ampu- tated a Boer in the next bed had his arm amputated in exactly the same place. I took charge of the latter when he was brought from the theatre. When he became conscious the two poor fellows eyed each other silently until the good-na- tured Tommy Atkins could stand it no longer. "Sister," he called, "give him two cigarettes out of my box. Tell him I sent them. Here's a match. Light one for him."

"I took the cigarettes and the mes- sage. The Boer turned and looked in amazement. Then he was overcome, and burst into tears, and the High- lander did the same. I am afraid I was on the point of joining them, but time would not permit.

"We have a splendid staff of skill- ed surgeons, and they are kept con- stantly at work."

ODDS AND ENDS.

In 1877 England annexed the Trans- vaal and evacuated it in 1881.

Boer bread, butter and tea, or cof- fee, furnish many a farmer's meal.

The Transvaal is probably the rich- est country in the world so far as minerals are concerned.

The supreme court of the state of Michigan has decided that women cannot hold elective offices.

In 1818 England conquered and an- nexed the Orange Free State, and ev- acuated it six years later.

Missouri chickens to the number or amount of 365,000 lbs. have been or- dered by the British War Department.

A jury in Chicago has given a ver- dict of \$21,000 against a trolley com- pany to a boy who had both legs cut off by a car which ran over him.

The southern part of Africa is of volcanic origin, and the land in the neighborhood of Kimberley is so sul- phurous that even ants cannot exist in it.

Literary attainments are not in high favor in the Transvaal, the only book of the Boer being their beloved Bible. Letter writing is almost to- tally neglected.

Fewer deaths are caused by mining accidents now than in 1855, although at the present time there are two and one half times as many people employed underground.

The forest fires devastated the Grampian hills of Scotland and burn- ed century old trees and the moor- lands of England during the unpre- cedented drought last summer.



MILITARY SHEDS AT LADYSMITH.

Hacking



There is nothing so bad for a cough as coughing. It tears the tender membrane of the throat and lungs, and the wounds thus made attract the germs of consumption. Stop your cough by using the family remedy that has been curing coughs and colds of every kind for over sixty years. You can't afford to be without it.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

loosens the grasp of your cough. The congestion of the throat and lungs is removed; all inflammation is subdued; and the cough drops away.

Three sizes: the one dollar size is the cheapest to keep on hand; the 50c. size for coughs you have had for some time; the 25c. size for an ordinary cold.

"For 15 years I had a very bad cough. The doctors and everybody else thought I had consumption or some other serious ailment. I tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and in a few days a bottle and all was over."—J. H. Smith, Oct. 23, 1899, Salem, N. H.

Write the Doctor. If you have any complaint, whatever and where, the best medical advice, write the Doctor freely. Address: Dr. J. C. Ayer, Lowell, Mass.

The Napanee Express

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, DEC. 8, 1899.

OUR OTTAWA LETTER.

Ottawa, Dec. 2:—The very substantial prospect that a large proportion of the American export grain traffic will, in the not far distant future, be permanently diverted from New York City and from Buffalo to the St. Lawrence River route with its terminal at Montreal, is arousing the most intense interest, not only in the cities likely to be most vitally interested, but at the capital of the Republic among the legislators thereof. Already the pinch is beginning to make itself felt and more than one piece of legislation will be presented at the next sitting of Congress. There is for instance a proposal to subsidize American built vessels trading upon the Upper Lakes; there is a proposal to build a ship-canal across the State of New York from Lake Ontario to the Hudson River, and so forth. Our rivals for the transcontinental carry-

ways. I have referred to this matter more than once in the past, but it is of such tremendous importance that I venture to take space to quote from the Toronto Globe's London correspondent, who is in close touch with the British market, and has personal knowledge of the evils whereof he speaks. "It is most discouraging," he writes "to learn that the packing of apples so far received this season from Canada is again in many cases dishonest. Two or three layers of very fine fruit are put at each end of the barrel, and the remainder is trash. As has been often enough pointed out before, every person who buys a barrel of such fruit is:

A GOOD CUSTOMER SPOILED.

It cannot be too strongly stated and should be brought home by every possible means to those interested in the Canadian produce business that the thing above all others which the Englishman never forgives is being cheated in this way by fair appearances, and the shortest and sharpest road to the ruin of Canadian trade with this country is to allow such dishonest practices to flourish unchecked. The Commissioners of the Department of Agriculture, who have been on this side from time to time would tell and doubtless have not failed to do so of many promising openings for Canadian produce which have been lost in this way. One might have thought that after the manner in which the apple business was ventilated in the Canadian Parliament and press we should have heard no more about it, and yet here it bobs up at the very beginning of the next season. It is simply disgraceful that one rascal should in this way endanger the business of perhaps a score of honest dealers, and curtail the profits of producers all over the Dominion. Though the culprits were Cabinet Ministers they should be found out and made an example of."

ANOTHER MARE'S NEST DESTROYED.

It will be remembered that intense indignation was simulated some months ago by a section of the Opposition press because of the alleged outrages which were being permitted, if not actually encouraged, by the Minister of Public Works, upon the settlers of Anticosti Island; and had any injustice been done and no heed given to complaints thereof, there would undoubtedly have been neglect at least on the part of some one whether Minister or subordinate, but far worse was alleged. The poor victims were not French and they were Methodists, so it was said; and therefore Mr. Tarte was persecuting them for this double crime,—or blunder which is worse,—their nationality and their creed. So exercised did some become in the matter that at least one annual Conference was persuaded to pass resolutions about it, while the Montreal Conference took the story so seriously that they appealed to the government to investigate. This was quickly agreed to and the government sent their own president—Rev. Dr. Griffith—to look into the matter and report.

That gentleman has returned and reports himself "thoroughly satisfied with the result of his visit." He considers that there is a

"GOOD CHANCE OF A SETTLEMENT"

as a result of the negotiations now pending and he reports the settlers in a very reasonable state of mind and readily disposed to agree to any fair terms." This is the Montreal Star's report so there can be no suspicion of its being biased in favor of the Minister. Thus does another nice little



Rouse the torpid liver, and cure biliousness, sick headache, jaundice, nausea, indigestion, etc. They are invaluable to prevent a cold or break up a fever. Mild, gentle, certain, they are worthy your confidence. Purely vegetable, they can be taken by children or delicate women. Price, 25c. at all medicine dealers or by mail of C. I. Hoob & Co., Lowell, Mass.

months, which a large increase over the total of the previous year, and an average of about 125 cigars to each adult male in the country.

"TAKE UP A COPPER COLLECTION."

To the Editor of the EXPRESS:

Plucky little Natal is in difficulties. A cyclone (of war) has passed over its land and desolated it.

It is deeply in debt, its national industrial activities are brought suddenly to a complete standstill. And its vital arteries throughout which its life might be recruited are completely closed.

In such a condition, it necessarily loses hope for the immediate future, loses nerve and heart. It has appealed to the mother country for pecuniary aid.

Now we all know that country is giving freely of its money and best life-blood for the national honour and good, and for the Empire; while at the same time she has to be on the alert and strong against unscrupulous deadly and powerful national enemies, and she shouldn't be asked to do too much at the present time, in the way of pecuniary aid to Natal.

Natal is fighting the battle of the Empire. They declared the object of the Boers was to drive the British out of South Africa, "so that the other many nations of Eroupe could divide up the other colonial countries of Britain between themselves," (which they are very eager to do.)

No one denies that it would have been a crippling blow to the Empire to lose South Africa, and a fatal termination to the new prosperity of all the colonies, Canada included. And if the Boers had been a week in the field sooner, they might have good hopes of realizing their purpose.

But little Natal stood in the breach, and held stout and strong; so, she has been, and is fighting the Empire's battle. Now this little country is in grievous and dire industrial and financial depression, it is the plain duty of all the other numerous healthy well-to-do colonies of the family to pass round the plate and take up (at least) a copper collection (either nationally or privately) and set this little colony on its feet again, and start it on its prosperous career—in short give it a new and bright Natal day.

This should be a project common to all the Colonial nations, and not confined to any one of them. It would be a strong bond of union, and would help open the eyes of all of them to their true interests, which are in the way of unity of sentiment and of true principles and mutual help.

It may be said that the Boers also need pity and assistance. But we remember that they are fabulously rich, and that they love to fight and shoot, that in fact this mode of life is traditionally normal with them.

So, let the plate go round the great world-empire for the coppers, and if

As Christmas holi to give to your frie able DRY GOODS

FURS,

MANTI

Chenille and Dama kins to match, 40 samples, perfect go Baskets, Pewney's lengths in Dress G

NO TRO

onto to see Mr. Gunyou, Cl Police, the clerk of the market, told me to use his name, sayin there has been no Vanslyck or ar else fined. I found some of parties who spread the report and said they heard some one was from Morven and some said I Henry Vanslyck. I will give any one who can prove that I sold a pound of meat in Deseron was fined. I will not publi names this time, but if I hear more about this I will publi names.

HENRY VANSLYC

Is Pitch a Solid or a Liquid

An interesting question called for opinion from the courts in Trinidad whether pitch is a solid or a liquid stratum of pitch in that island is from four to seven feet below the face and when dug through the melts and oozes out. So if a man down near his neighbor's lot he was able to collect pitch coming from his neighbor's land. The plan was subscribed by one of the witnesses a plan adopted when you want to dig neighbor's pitch." "It bulges out explained, "and you shave it off morning."

But suit was brought by one neighbor whose pitch had thus shaved off in adjoining land. Tense was that an underground st of pitch was like so much water man's property till appropriated. the court held that pitch was a man and that one had no more right to extract it from a neighbor by the process than one would have to deposit of iron or silver.—Manufact

It Seemed Useless.

"I'm a good deal interested in the planet they are preparing to study, marked the man who finds relation from business in astronomy.

"A new planet!" echoed the trustee reproachfully. "What was that We don't own all the earth yet!"

In the last distant future, to be permanently diverted from New York City and from Buffalo to the St. Lawrence River route with its terminal at Montreal, is arousing the most intense interest, not only in the cities likely to be most vitally interested, but at the capital of the Republic among the legislators thereof. Already the pinch is beginning to make itself felt and more than one piece of legislation will be presented at the next sitting of Congress. There is for instance a proposal to subsidize American built vessels trading upon the Upper Lakes; there is a proposal to build a ship-canal across the State of New York from Lake Ontario to the Hudson River, and so forth. Our rivals for the transcontinental carrying trade are becoming desperate, and there appears to be excellent ground for their nervous apprehension for already the tide is turning against them. Last year for example there were 50,000,000 bushels of wheat exported from New York, but for the first ten months of this year there has been less than 23,000,000 bushels. On the other hand the same ten months in Montreal shows a bigger business than the whole of 1898, in spite of the handicap caused by the withdrawal of so many carriers by the Imperial authorities for war transportation.

KILLING THE GOOSE WITH THE GOLDEN EGG.

Though the warning has been sounded time and time again, the dishonest apple-packer, who is most certainly ruining the Canadian trade with Great Britain in this particular line, has not ceased from his evil

EPPS'S COCOA

GRATEFUL COMFORTING

Distinguished everywhere for Delicacy of Flavor, Superior Quality, and Highly Nutritive Properties. Specially grateful and comforting to the nervous and dyspeptic. Sold only in tins, labelled JAMES EPPS & Co. Ltd., Homoeopathic Chemists, London, England.

BREAKFAST SUPPER

EPPS'S COCOA

SAW-LOGS WANTED

Parties requiring logs manufactured into lumber this winter will do well to bring them to Light's saw mill,

West Napanee
ROBERT LIGHT

seriously that they appealed to the government to investigate. This was quickly agreed to and the government sent their own president—Rev. Dr. Griffith—to look into the matter and report.

That gentleman has returned and reports himself "thoroughly satisfied with the result of his visit." He considers that there is a

"GOOD CHANCE OF A SETTLEMENT as a result of the negotiations now pending and he reports the settlers in a very reasonable state of mind and readily disposed to agree to any fair terms." This is the Montreal Star's report so there can be no suspicion of its being biased in favor of the Minister. Thus does another nice little election fabrication come to an untimely end!

From across the seas to, come good words for our much abused Minister of Public Works, the writer this time being an absolute stranger and a Conservative at that. A special London cable to the Toronto Globe on Wednesday reads as follows:—"Referring to Hon. Mr. Tarte's attitude regarding the Canadian contingent The Cardiff Daily Mail, an influential Conservative organ, has a long and earnest leading article to-day. Mr. Tarte's attitude is held to be most loyal and proper. The article concluded by strongly scoring the Opposition papers of Canada for reflections cast upon a body of colonists which Britain holds in high honor."

THE MANITOBA LOCALS.

The local campaign in Manitoba appears to be moving merrily along and from the reports which reach here must be one of the most favorable ever accorded to a public man in the Province. "For a long time the tempestuous roars of applause which broke out again and again prevented the Hon. gentleman from making himself heard at all; * * * and audience was extraordinarily enthusiastic in its demonstrations, especially to Mr. Macdonald, interrupting him time and again with cheers and the singing of "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow." Quite a hilarious time evidently. But somehow it seems to remind one so forcibly of the lad who always whistled to keep his courage up as he went through the churchyard by night, and the darker the night the louder he whistled. As far as one can learn however the expedient is meeting with very indifferent success among friends and well-wishers of Mr. Macdonald in this part of the country and the most sanguine prophet does not venture to predict a victory, (save of the good old-fashioned "moral" variety,) and the more sober and better informed feel that they have gone to the extreme limit of safety when they give him a dozen supporters, and this is less than a third of the entire House.

THE DEVOTEES OF THE WEED.

If the extent to which the people indulge in luxuries is any test of the degree of prosperity enjoyed in the country—and it is generally considered a fairly reliable indication—Canada must be enjoying a very comfortable time just now; for she, or rather her men folk are getting away with a vast aggregation of cigars. The seductive weed would appear to have more than ordinary attractions to the men of the northern zone for the excise returns just published show that we consumed

colony on its feet again, and start it on its prosperous career—in short give it a new and bright Natal day.

This should be a project common to all the Colonial nations, and not confined to any one of them. It would be a strong bond of union, and would help open the eyes of all of them to their true interests, which are in the way of unity of sentiment and of true principles and mutual help.

It may be said that the Boers also need pity and assistance. But we remember that they are fabulously rich, and that they love to fight and shoot, that in fact this mode of life is traditionally normal with them.

So, let the plate go round the great world-empire for the coppers, and if there is a dime or a gold piece put in, they will not be thrown away, and Natal can again smile through its tears.

M. R. ROWSE.

POSITIVE FALSEHOOD.

Morven, Dec. 2nd, 1899.
I have taken the pains to track the false report against me, saying that I sold bad meat in Deseronto and was fined \$60, and have also been to Deser-

Is Baby Too Thin?

If so, there must be some trouble with its food. Well babies are plump; only the sick are thin. Are you sure the food is all right? Children can't help but grow; they must grow if their food nourishes them. Perhaps a mistake was made in the past and as a result the digestion is weakened. If that is so, don't give the baby a lot of medicine; just use your every-day common sense and help nature a little, and the way to do it is to add half a teaspoonful of

SCOTT'S EMULSION

to the baby's food three or four times a day. The gain will begin the very first day you give it. It seems to correct the digestion and gets the baby started right again. If the baby is nursing but does not thrive, then the mother should take the emulsion. It will have a good effect both upon the mother and child. Twenty-five years proves this fact.

50c. and \$1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto.

morning.
But suit was brought by one out neighbor whose pitch had thus shaved off in adjoining land. The fence was that an underground str of pitch was like so much water man's property till appropriated. the court held that pitch was a mat and that one had no more right to extract it from a neighbor by the process than one would have to the deposit of iron or silver.—Manufact

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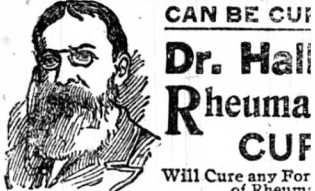
Grounds For an Attachment.

First Young Attorney—You seem very much attached to Miss Goodcat.
Second Young Attorney—Well, owns 300 acres of land. That's sufficient ground for an attachment, isn't it?—State Journal.

Health Hint.

The best way to keep well is to be in good health, and the best remedy, all ills is to avoid sickness. Anybody will observe these simple rules will need a doctor.

RHEUMATISM CAN BE CURED



DR. L. R. HALL, NEW YORK.

FOUR POINTS IN ITS FAVOR
FIRST—QUICKEST TO CURE
SECOND—SAFEST TO TAKE
THIRD—MOST HIGHLY ENDORSED
FOURTH—CHEAPEST TO BUY
One bottle contains ten days' treatment.
IN BIG BOTTLES, 50 CENTS
THE DR. HALL MEDICINE CO.
Canadian Agency, - Kingston,
FOR SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS



CHEAPSIDE!

Christmas holidays will soon be here and you will be thinking about what you are going to give to your friends we venture to ask you to call and inspect our large stock of season-
DRY GOODS. You will find many useful articles to select from, such as

FURS, IN CAPS, CAPES, CAPERINES, AND COATS
MANTLES AND SHAWLS,.....

millie and Damask Curtains and Table Covers, Bleached Linen, Table Clothes and Nap-
 s to match, 40 dozen of Embroidered Handkerchiefs, no two alike, a makers range of
 ples, perfect goods; Men's and Ladies' Silk Handkerchiefs, a nice selection of Japanese
 kets, Pewney's Kid Gloves, every pair guaranteed, handsome range of Dress and Skirt
 gths in Dress Goods and Blouse Silks.

NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS. ONE PRICE ONLY.

W. MOWAT & CO.

to see Mr. Gonyou, Chief of
 the clerk of the market, and he
 e to use his name, saying that
 as been no Vanslyck or any one
 ned. I found some of those
 who spread the report and they
 hey heard some one was fined
 Morven and some said it was
 Vanslyck. I will give \$50 to
 ne who can prove that I ever
 pound of meat in Deseronto and
 ined. I will not publish the
 this time, but if I hear any
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TOWN COUNCIL.

{ Council Chamber,
 { Dec. 4th, 1899.

Present, Mayor Pruyn in the chair
 councillors Lapum, Carson, Leonard,
 Aylsworth, Miller S. R., Miller F. F.
 Minutes of previous meeting read and
 confirmed.

Councillor Leonard presented report of
 Finance Committee which was adopted.

A special report of Finance Committee
 recommending that Mrs. D. W. Fralick's
 assessment be reduced from \$1400 to \$1000,
 and that she be refunded \$11 20; that the
 assessment of Mrs. S. J. Davy, on Tich-
 bourne House, destroyed by fire, be collected
 for six months only, as she only received
 six months rent and that \$22.40 be
 refunded her; that the mistake in the
 assessment of Chas. Stevens and Rathbun
 Co., of \$100 each be rectified and that each
 receive a rebate of \$2.80.

Dr. Cook's assessment of \$400 more than
 last year was reduced \$400.

Miss Rennie's assessment was reduced
 to \$11.500.

Councillor Lapum presented the report
 of the Street Committee, showing an
 expenditure of \$58 35 on roads and streets
 Received and adopted.

The Town Property Committee asked
 payment of \$4, on lockup and walk.
 Ordered paid.

The Poor and Sanitary Committee re-
 ported an expenditure of \$49.95 aiding
 poor for nine weeks.

The Police Committee reported recom-
 mending payment of \$6.20, balance of Jas.
 Daly's account. Adopted.

Councillor Lapum introduced a by-law
 for the appointment of a returning officer
 and deputy-returning officers for municipal
 elections. The blanks were filled in as
 follows:—

J. E. Herring, returning officer.
 Centre Ward No. 1, Town Hall, A. S.
 Kimmerly, deputy returning officer.

Centre Ward No. 2—Mrs. D. W.
 Fralick's house, J. C. Huffman, deputy
 returning officer.

West Ward No. 1—Frank Bowen's house,
 C. W. Bowen, deputy returning officer.

West Ward No. 2—Moses Park's house,
 James Caniff, deputy returning officer.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for As-
 similating the Food and Regula-
 ting the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerful-
 ness and Rest. Contains neither
 Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed -
 Aloe Senna -
 Rochelle Salts -
 Anise Seed -
 Peppermint -
 Elix Carbonate Soda -
 Warm Seed -
 Clarified Sugar -
 Wintergreen Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipa-
 tion, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea,
 Worms, Convulsions, Feverish-
 ness and **LOSS OF SLEEP.**

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher,
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 Doses - 35 CENTS

SEE
THAT THE
FAC-SIMILE
SIGNATURE
 — OF —
Chas. H. Fletcher
IS ON THE
WRAPPER
OF EVERY
BOTTLE OF
CASTORIA

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It
 is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell
 you anything else on the plea or promise that it
 is "just as good" and "will answer every pur-
 pose." See that you get **CASTORIA**.

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Health Hint.
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RHEUMATISM
CAN BE CURED

Dr. Hall's
Rheumatic
CURE

Will Cure any Form of Rheumatism

ALL NEW YORK
POINTS IN ITS FAVOR :
—QUICKEST TO CURE
—SECOND—SAFEST TO TAKE
—THIRD—MOST HIGHLY ENDORSED
—FOURTH—CHEAPEST TO BUY
The contains ten days' treatment
3 BOTTLES, 50 CENTS.
DR. HALL MEDICINE CO.
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SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS



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West Ward No. 2—Moses Park's house, James Caniff, deputy returning officer.

East Ward—Geo. Baughn's store, W. J. Black, deputy returning officer.

Nomination takes place at the town hall on Friday, December 22nd.

Councillor Carson introduced a by-law to appoint truant officers for the town of Napanee, the blanks being filled in with the names of Chief Rankin and E. B. Perry.

The clerk then read the tenders for the \$20,000 worth of debentures, which the corporation had offered for sale. After due consideration the tender of Hanson Bros., Montreal, was accepted. The following is a copy of the accepted tender:—

J. E. Herring,
Town Clerk,
Napanee.

Dear Sir—We beg to tender for the whole issue of \$20,000 debentures at the rate of 100-50 and accrued interest to date of delivery. This tender is subject to the bonds being legally issued to the satisfaction of our solicitor.

Yours truly,
HANSON BROS.
Montreal.

Moved by F. F. Miller, seconded by Aylsworth that in consideration of the installation and operation of a cold storage and evaporating plant on lot No. 20, south side of water street in the Town of Napanee the said evaporator to be of not less than 100 bushels per day capacity and to run not less than three months a year, this Council do and hereby agree to remit all municipal taxes (except school taxes) on aforesaid lot in each and every year that the above mentioned conditions are fully complied with this agreement to extend to the term of ten years and to cover all buildings that are or may be erected on said lot and are used for evaporating or storage purposes. Also that a by-law be prepared and passed by this Council

APERFECT REMEDY FOR CONSTIPATION, SOUR STOMACH, DIARRHOEA, WORMS, CONVULSIONS, FEVERISHNESS AND LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 Doses—35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

BOTTLE OF
CASTORIA

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac- simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

In accordance herewith. Carried.

Moved by Councillor Aylsworth and seconded by Councillor Leonard that the proposition of Police Magistrate Daly to accept the sum of \$100 per year to be payable quarterly in lieu of all services performed by him for the town, such as commitments, etc. be accepted, and that a by law to that effect be drawn up and passed.

Moved in amendment by Councillor Carson, seconded by Lapum that the consideration of this motion be left over until the next meeting of this council. Carried.

Moved by S. R. Miller, seconded by F. F. Miller, that the chief and assistant chief of the Napanee Fire Brigade be paid their salary of \$20 and \$15 respectively. Carried.

On motion the sum of \$50 was placed in the hands of the Poor and Sanitary Committee.

On motion of Aylsworth and Carson the Town Property Committee was granted power to repair the entrance to the town hall such as putting down new floor and repairing the stairs and replastering the ceiling.

The following accounts were ordered paid: Bell Telephone Co., \$1 00; Sam. Kelly, 50c; L. Kelly, 50c; S. W. Pringle, 50c; Geo. S. Hinch, \$12.

An account of Wm. Templeton of \$22.00 was referred to proper committee.

M. S. Madole's account of \$16.47 was referred to Street committee.

The Napanee Express' account of \$11.25

was referred to Printing committee with power to act

Robt. Light's account of \$22.50 was referred to Town Property committee to report.

Robt. Light's account of \$2.55 was referred to Street committee.

The Napanee Water and Electric Light Co's., account of \$336.15 was referred to Fire, Water and Light committee with power to act.

The treasurer was granted a voucher for \$490.82.

Council adjourned.

"Seeing is believing." You can see what Hood's Sarsaparilla has done for others, and must believe it will do the same for you.

The new Methodist church at Croydon will be dedicated on Dec. 10th, Rev. C. Parker, Napanee, preaching.

A CARD.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a twenty-five cent bottle of Dr. Williams' English Pills, if, after using three-fourths of contents of bottle, they do not relieve Constipation and Headache. We also warrant that four bottles will permanently cure the most obstinate cases of Constipation. Satisfaction or no pay when Williams' English Pills are used. W. S. Detlor, T. A. Huffman, A. W. Grange & Bro., Napanee.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

TOYS, GAMES, STORY BOOKS, XMAS AND NEW YEAR CARDS, ETC., ETC.

Presents for the Boys, gifts for the Girls, and something for the old folks at home.

Xmas Numbers Toronto Globe and Saturday Night.

WINDOW SHADES.....

DO YOUR ROLLERS WORK BADLY? OR PERHAPS WON'T WORK AT ALL.....

We warrant all Rollers on our Shades from 33c. up.

THE POLLARD COMPANY. LIMITED

GIVING UP BUSINESS

\$15,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS, BOOTS AND SHOES, READY-MADE CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS AND GENTS FURNISHINGS

to be disposed of in the quickest possible time.

Saturday Morning, Nov. 25th

we will give the people of Napanee and vicinity an opportunity to buy their winter supplies at a saving of fully 25 per cent.

Remember this is no advertising fake but a genuine clearing sale.

J. J. KERR

Dundas Street, Napanee.

NEW PLANING MILL AND LUMBER YARD.

Now in full operation. All kinds Lumber, Sash, Doors and Blinds. Custom work done on shortest notice. Get our prices before buying. Mr. Embury is prepared to draw plans for parties wanting them.

Madole & Wilson.

WORTH KNOWING

It is well to know where to go for Pure Teas, Coffee and fine Family Groceries. My constant aim is to please my patrons in two essential points, quality and value.

I solicit your trade, assuring you of my best efforts to meet your

My present stock of Family Groceries, China, Crockery and Glassware is unsurpassed in everything that style and modern taste can suggest and at prices that must meet your views.

W. COXALL

THE - DOMINION - BANK

CAPITAL (Paid up) \$1,500,000
RESERVE FUND \$1,500,000

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

INTEREST ALLOWED AT HIGHEST CURRENT RATES.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT
DEPOSITS OF \$1.00 AND UPWARDS RECEIVED.

T. S. HILL, Agent.

THE ROYAL HOTEL. Dundas Street, Napanee.

H. HUNTER, Prop.

This commodious hotel is centrally situated having every convenience for the travelling and business public. Large yard and sheds for farmers.

Good table, best of wines, liquors, and cigars. The comfort of guests is made a first consideration.

MAKING A SUNSET.

Now Nature Manages Those Splendid Spectacular Exhibitions.

I asked an eminent scientist how nature manages those splendid spectacular

HOTEL SERVANTS ARE HONEST.

They Are Often Accused of Stealing, but Are Rarely, Guilty.

"A curious thing happened here today," said the head clerk at one of the leading hotels in New Orleans. "About a month ago a gentleman and his wife, from Milwaukee, spent a couple of days in the house, and on leaving the lady missed a valuable ring. She was positive it had been stolen by one of the servants. We set an investigation on foot and promised to forward the ring if found."

"A little later the husband wrote to inquire whether the search had been successful, and when we replied in the negative he notified us formally that he proposed to sue the hotel. He claimed we had shown great negligence in not arresting a suspected employee, and his comments were bitter in the extreme. That was two weeks ago."

"Now here is the sequel in the shape of a third letter that arrived this morning. He says that he and his wife reached home a few days ago and in unpacking the luggage found the ring in one of the trunks, and he is manly enough to add a very handsome apology for his hasty conclusions. Strange to say, that is the first time in the history of the house that any guest has frankly admitted such a blunder after taking his departure, and blunders of that kind are of almost weekly occurrence."

"It is the commonest thing in the world at all hotels for persons to go away declaring that they have been robbed by the help. We know the missing article subsequently turned up, because the subject is never referred to during later visits, but in the meanwhile a score or so of humble, but honest and hardworking people have been placed under a suspicion that is wholly unwarranted and unjust. That is a point the average traveler doesn't seem to consider. Hotel chambermaids are continually returning valuables which they find in rooms. Dishonesty among them is so rare as to be almost unknown."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Taking Something.

At a recent licensing case in Dublin a certain well known ecclesiastic was being cross examined. I am sure the genial dean of the Chapel Royal will forgive me mentioning his name, as he is an Irishman, with more than an Irishman's fund of wit.

Scene—A police court. Applicant—A bibulous innkeeper. Witness—The dean, appearing on behalf of the Church of Ireland Temperance society.

"And you, Mr. Dane of the Chapel Royal, were in that public house?" came the first question.

"I was, sir," came an unblushing answer.

"And may I ask, Mr. Dane of the Chapel Royal, did you take anything in the public house?"

"I did, sir."

Great sensation in court.

"Oh, you did, Mr. Dane, did you? And may I ask, Mr. Dane of the Chapel Roy-

THE CROWN OF LOVE.



Can any woman who suffers with stant dragging, wearying, life-ailments be happy? Does a crown of womanhood become a of martyrdom rather than of hap-

If ailing women realized how Dr. Pierce's wonderful "Favorite Prescription" would restore them to plete health and the perfect queenliness, there would be coronets of joy set upon brows crowned with misery.

"I had female trouble for eight years. Mrs. L. J. Dennis, of 828 East College & souville, Ill. "For three years I suffered usually. Words cannot express what I sought relief among the medical profes found none, until induced by kind friend Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. When I commenced taking this medicine I weighed five pounds. After taking 'Favorite I tion' I was built up until now I weigh 135 and am fifty-six pounds—more than weighed before."

"I was so bad I would lie from day to long for death to come and relieve me. I had internal inflammation, a disa drain, bearing-down pains in the lower my bowels, and such distress every mo now I never have a pain—do all my ov and am a strong and healthy woman. to your medicine. I never forget to rec it to all suffering women. I consider a living testimonial of the benefits of y vorite Prescription."

Any woman may write to Dr. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., with 1 most confidence. He will give h careful consideration and send letter of common-sense, profession vice free of charge.

If your head aches, the trouble is sure to be constipation. Dr. Pierce's ant Pelliets will cure you.

al"—with a strong and derisive a "what you took, sir?"

"I took a chair, sir," answer quick witted witness. "And, furthe that, I took notes, sir, and ther are, sir."

Flush Footlight Times.

They say the people of the stage No broader smiles did ever wear, For managers all cry, "Engage," And angels rush in everywhere.

—Cleveland Plain

Tears.

"Away, Gertrude, away! You eaten an onion."

"How did you know, Randolph? my breath tell the sad story?"

"No, fair one. I saw it in your —Chicago News.

The End of the Century Remedy for the End of the Century Disease

DR HOPE'S

TINY TABLETS FOR IRRID NERVES

This Great Remedy has until been obtained only by the we patients of an eminent Nerve Sp ist. A scientific treatment for ous Exhaustion and its allied Headache, Dizziness, Weariness, lessness, Indigestion, Mental De ion, Irritability, etc. Tiny T will positively cure NERVOUS F TRATION and loss of Physical Mental vigor. At Druggists it cents, or by Mail from the Dr. Medicine Company, Ltd., Toronto

A Tiny Dose—Positive Results.

County of Lennox and Addington

THE - DOMINION - BANK

CAPITAL (Paid up) \$1,500,000
RESERVE FUND — \$1,500,000

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS
TRANSACTIONED.
INTEREST ALLOWED AT HIGHEST
CURRENT RATES.
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT
DEPOSITS OF \$1.00 AND UPWARDS
RECEIVED.

T. S. HILL, Agent.

FARMERS ATTENTION.

Insure your property in the Lennox and Addington Mutual Fire Insurance Company. Because it is a Home Company. Because it is the cheapest and best. Because it affords the most liberal policies to farmers.

Because it insures only (isolated) non-hazardous risks, as farm property, county churches and school houses.

Because it is the Farmer's Company managed by Farmers in the interest of farmers of the Counties of Lennox and Addington, Hastings, Frontenac, Lanark and Leeds.

Officers—B. C. Lloyd, President; J. F. Aylesworth, Vice-President; Stewart I. Daly, Treas.; Directors—A. C. Parks, B. C. Lloyd, U. C. Sills, J. E. Aylsworth, W. R. Longmore, L. P. Aylesworth, Honorary Directors—Jas. Kied, M.P.P., A. H. Baker, A. V. Price, C. R. Allison, Wm. Charters, W. W. Meacham, C. W. Neville, D. C. Forward, D. W. Allison, F. B. Guess, James Knapp, John Farcott, Thos. J. Bonaparte, Peter F. Carscallen, Daniel Schermers, Thos. J. V. Sexsmith, James Murphy, James Clave, Henry Irwin. The board meets at the Secretary's office on the first Saturday of every month at one p.m.

N. A. Eaton, Napanee, Agents
Thos. B. Wilson, Newburgh
Enoch Goodwin, Kingston.
M. C. BOGART, Sec'y

A. S. ASHLEY,

.....DENTIST.....

40 YEARS EXPERIENCE ———
———12 YEARS IN NAPANEE.
20 Rooms above Mowat's Dry Goods
Store, Napanee.

R. A. LEONARD, M.D., C.P.S.

Physician, Surgeon, etc.

Late House Surgeon of the Kingston General Hospital.

Office—North side of Dundas Street, between West and Robert Streets, Napanee. 51v

HERRINGTON & WARNER

Barristers, etc.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATES

Office—Warner Block, East-st, Napanee. 5y

DEROCHE & MADLEN

Barristers,

Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, etc.

Office—Grange block.

Money to Loan at "lower than the lowest" rates
H. M. DEROCHE, Q. C. 51y J. H. MADLEN

JAS. AYLESWORTH,

POLICE MAGISTRATE for the Provincial Electoral District of Addington.

Conveyancer,

G. T. Ry. Ticket Agent,
Issuer of Marriage Licenses,

Commissioner, etc., in H.C./

Clerk, 7th Division Court, of the County of Lennox & Addington.

T. M. WORTH.

DENTISTS

C. D. WARTMAN, L.D.S.
O. H. WARTMAN, D.D.S.

Graduates of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario, and graduates of Toronto University.

OFFICE—LEONARD BLOCK,

Visits made to Tamworth the first Monday in each month, remaining over Tuesday.

Rooms at Wheeler's Hotel.
All other Monday C. D. Wartman will be in Napanee office open every day.

THE ROYAL HOTEL.
Dundas Street, Napanee.

H. HUNTER, Prop.

This commodious hotel is centrally situated having every convenience for the travelling and business public. Large yard and sheds for farmers.

Good table, best of wines, liquors, and cigars. The comfort of guests is made a first consideration.

MAKING A SUNSET.

How Nature Manages Those Splendid Spectacular Exhibitions.

I asked an eminent scientist how nature manages those splendid spectacular exhibitions which are called sunsets.

"That's simple enough," he said. "When the air is moist, it absorbs the blue rays of light and lets the red rays pass. Therefore the sun is sometimes red. Then when the sun drops below the horizon we are able to see only the vertical rays, which often strike masses of vapor, which we call clouds, and are reflected.

"Rays of light are composed of waves or vibrations of different sizes, speed and intensity. The short waves are blue, the long ones are red, and the intermediate waves represent the different primary colors.

"When a blue and a red wave get mixed, they form a purple wave, and other colors are made by different combinations, just as a painter mixes his paints on his pallet. As waves of light strike the clouds together they produce some rare tints, some glorious combinations, which artists have never been able to imitate, and if the banks of vapor floating on the horizon are of irregular shape they produce the fantastic effects we admire so much."

"Is the display assisted by refraction from the meteoric dust in the atmosphere?"

"Perhaps so, but usually not to any appreciable extent. There isn't enough to take into consideration. The volume of the atmosphere that surrounds the earth is equal to more than 200,000,000 cubic miles, a quantity so vast that the human mind can scarcely comprehend it, and hence, if 1,000,000 meteors were to fall at once, they would not be any more noticeable than a puff of dust.

"There have been phenomena," continued the scientist, "which have added to the beauty of sunset displays. In August, 1883, on the little island of Krakatoa, in the strait of Sunda, between Sumatra and Java, there was a terrific volcanic eruption—the greatest cataclysm that has occurred within the memory of man. Some 80,000 lives were lost. The eruption was followed by extraordinary atmospheric phenomena, visible over the greater portion of the globe.

"It was attributed to volcanic dust which was projected in stupendous quantities for miles into the air and carried around the world by the currents that are constantly moving in the upper atmosphere. It made the sunsets of that year remarkable and unprecedented for their beauty."

The Stolen Kiss.

The hammock hung between the trees,
The maiden fair
Lay in it with her eyelids closed—
He saw her there.

With wildly beating heart he stole
Up to her side
And saw to her ripe, red lips
His own be applied.

He kissed her—kissed the gentle maid,
So fair, so sweet,
And with a tumult in his breast
Beat a retreat.

At length she slowly straightened up,
With open eyes,
"He took but one," she said and sighed
A lot of sighs.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Accurately
Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

ABLETS FOR IRED NERVES

Headache, Dizziness, Tremors, Nervousness, Indigestion, Mental Depression, Irritability, etc. Tiny will positively cure NERVOUS EXHAUSTION and loss of Physical Mental vigor. At Druggists, Apothecaries, or by Mail from the Dr. Medicine Company, Ltd., Toronto.

A Tiny Dose—Positive Result

County of Lennox and Addington

ADJOURNED Treasurer's Sale of Lands for Taxes

COUNTY OF LENNOX & ADDINGTON, } BY VIRTUE OF A WARRANT under
TO WIT: of the Warden and the Seal of the County of
and Addington, bearing date the 10th day

1899, and to me directed, commanding me to levy upon the lands then mentioned arrears of taxes due thereon and the costs as therein set forth. The said titled lands having been legally advertised to be sold on the 24th (twenty-fourth) day of October, 1899, (and following days if necessary) In consequence of their not being any bids on any of the following lots when offered for sale I have therefor pursuant of Sub-Sect. 2 of Section 185, V. Chap. 224 of the Revised Statutes of the year 1897, adjourned said sale to take place at the County Treasurer's Napanee, on Wednesday the 20th (twentieth) day of December, 1899, at the ten o'clock in the forenoon when the following lands will again be offered for sale

TOWNSHIP OF CAMDEN.

DESCRIPTION OF LOT.	CON.	ACRES	YEARS DUE.	TAXES.	EXPENSES.	TOTAL.	R.
South East 1/4 lot 2 ..	3	50	Three years or over	\$30 55	\$3 83	\$34 38	pr
South West 1/4 lot 3 ...	3	50	..	16 92	3 50	20 42	pr

TOWNSHIP OF DENBIGH.

Lots No. 13 & 14	3	198	Three years or over	\$45 62	\$7 28	\$52 90	Pr
Lot No. 15	4	..	..	20 22	3 58	23 80	Not

TOWNSHIP OF KALADAR.

West 1/2 of lot No. 1 ...	10	100	Three years or over	\$24 49	\$3 68	\$28 17	Pr
West 1/2 of lot No. 6 ...	11	100	..	13 50	3 40	16 70	..
.. 2	1	200	..	22 69	3 64	26 33	Not
.. 13	3	200	..	36 78	4 00	40 78	..
.. 7	2	200	..	14 39	3 43	17 82	..
.. 2	9	200	..	13 71	3 41	17 12	..
.. 6	7	200	..	9 99	3 32	13 31	..

VILLAGE OF NEWBURGH.

Lot No. 8 n s Water st	1	1/4	Three years or over	\$ 7 99	\$3 27	\$11 26	Pr
Lot No. 4 s s Grove st	1	1/4	..	10 23	3 33	13 56	..

TOWNSHIP OF SHEFFIELD.

West pt. of lot No. 20	5	125	Three years or over	\$16 82	\$3 50	\$20 32	Pr
South 1/2 of lot No. 29	5	100	..	14 53	3 44	17 97	..
East 1/2 of lot No. 27 ..	6	100	..	5 27	3 25	8 52	..
West 1/2 of lot No. 19 ..	8	100	..	6 32	3 25	9 57	..
East 1/2 of lot No. 23 ..	4	100	..	11 29	3 36	14 65	Not
Lot No. 30	5	100	..	10 82	3 35	14 17	..
West 1/2 of lot No. 26 ..	6	100	..	3 96	3 25	7 21	..
East 1/2 of lot No. 26 ..	8	100	..	11 19	3 36	14 55	..
S. W. 1/4 of lot No. 26 ..	8	50	..	3 77	3 25	7 02	..
Lot No. 27	8	250	..	6 35	3 25	9 50	..
S. E. 1/4 of lot No. 17 ..	8	50	..	6 23	3 25	9 48	..
South 1/2 of lot No. 8 ..	13	100	..	13 44	3 42	16 86	..
Lot No. 17	13	200	..	10 25	3 34	13 59	..
Lot No. 20	15	200	..	7 81	3 27	11 08	..
Lot No. 22	15	200	..	7 81	3 27	11 08	..
Lot No. 23	15	200	..	7 81	3 27	11 08	..

TOWNSHIP OF SHEFFIELD, VILLAGE OF WORTH.

Lot No. 9 Block Z ..	..	..	Three years or over	\$ 8 61	\$3 30	\$11 91	Pr
Lot No. 10 Block Z ..	..	..	..	8 61	3 30	11 91	..
Lot No. 11 Block 4 ..	..	..	..	35 18	3 96	39 14	..
Lot No. 7 Block 8 ..	..	..	..	15 36	3 46	18 82	..
Lot No. 8 Block 8 ..	..	..	..	22 18	3 63	25 81	..

IRVINE PARKS,

County Treasurer's office
Napanee, Oct. 24th, 1899.

First published in THE NAPANEE EXPRESS, at Napanee, in the County of and Addington, on July 21st, 1899.

THE CROWN OF LOVE.



What does love mean and how much happiness does it bring to the average woman? To be a sweet heart, a wife, a mother—this is called the crown of womanhood; yet there are crowns which bring only misery and pain to the wearers.

any woman who suffers with con- dragging, wearying, life-sapping its be happy? Does not her of womanhood become a symbol trydom rather than of happiness? iling women realized how surely lerce's wonderful "Favorite Pre- on" would restore them to com- health and the perfection of iness, there would be more ts of joy set upon brows now d with misery.

d female trouble for eight years," writes J. Dennis, of 828 East College St., Jack- ill. "For three years I suffered contin- Words cannot express what I suffered. I relief among the medical profession and one, until induced by kind friends to try ce's Favorite Prescription. When I com- taking this medicine I weighed ninety- unds. After taking 'Favorite Prescrip- was built up until now I weigh one hun- d fifty-six pounds—more than I ever l before.

is so bad I would lie from day to day and death to come and relieve me suffering. internal inflammation, a disagreeable earing-down pains in the lower part of els, and such distress every month, but ever have a pain—do all my own work a strong and healthy woman. Thanks medicine. I never forget to recommend suffering women. I consider myself a testimonial of the benefits of your 'Favorite Prescription'."

woman may write to Dr. R. V. of Buffalo, N. Y., with the ut- confidence. He will give her case l consideration and send her a f common-sense, professional ad- ee of charge.

ur head aches, the trouble is pretty be constipation. Dr. Pierce's Pleas- lets will cure you.

ith a strong and derisive accent—"you took, sir?" ook a chair, sir," answered the ritted witness. "And, further than took notes, sir, and there they

Flush Footlight Times.

ey say the people of the stage No broader smiles did ever wear, r managers all cry, "Engage." And angels rush in everywhere.

—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Tears.

ay, Gertrude, away! You have an onion." w did you know, Rudolph? Did ath tell the sad story?" fair one, I saw it in your eyes." ago News.

End of the Century Disease.

eat Remedy has until now ined only by the wealthy f an eminent Nerve Special- ific treatment for Nerv- ution and its allied evils, Dizziness, Weariness, Sleep- indigestion, Mental Depress- ility, etc. Tiny Tablets ively cure NERVOUS PROS- and loss of Physical and igror. At Druggists for 50 by Mail from the Dr. Hope Company, Ltd., Toronto, Can.

y Dose—Positive Results.

and Addington

NEWS FROM THE COUNTRY.

To Correspondents.—Persons sending in items from the surrounding district must sign their names to correspondence as a sign of good faith, not for publication. Any correspondence received without the name attached will not be published.

SELBY.

Special cottage prayer meetings are being held by the Methodists of Selby They are largely attended and grow- ing in interest.

Missionary sermon will be preached on the Selby Circuit next Sabbath, Dec. 10th, by the Rev. T. S. McKee, of Odessa. At Emphy Hill 10:30 a.m., Mt. Pleasant 2:30 p.m. and Selby 7 p.m. Coll. and Subs. in aid of the missionary society.

The annual tea-meeting at Emphy Hill is to be held on Wednesday evening next, 13th. A good musical and literary programme and an excellent tea, 30 cents.

There will be a big tea meeting in Selby on Xmas night.

THE HEART WAILS

Of Thousands Have Been Turned Into the Joy Songs of the Cured by the Almost Magic Medicine, Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart—It Relieves in Thirty Minutes.

Mrs. John Fitzpatrick, of Gananoque, was for five years a great sufferer from heart disease—spent some time under experts in Kingston hospital without getting any benefit and was pronounced incurable. She commenced taking Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart, and when she had taken three bottles all dropsical tendencies palpitation and pain left her, and she has had no return of it, and ascribes her cure to this greatest of heart remedies. Sold by Detlor & Wallace.

WILTON.

Thos. Mills and wife have returned after spending a number of weeks visit- ing their daughter, Mrs. Wm. Jordan, Campbellford.

Marshall Peters had his milk can stolen from his stand on the evening of the 27th, and Rodney Peters had his scales stolen the same evening.

Farmers should have their shot guns in readiness for such scoundrels as are infesting the country at present.

The friends of W. S. Gardiner and wife presented them with a fur cap and a pair of fur gauntlets respective- ly before their departure from this place. They intend moving to the North West.

Mr. Sanderson, Dresden, Ont., a former resident of this place will have charge of the postoffice and will keep a stock of general merchandise as usual.

"A Heart as Sturdy as an Oak." But what about the blood which the heart must pump at the rate of 70 times a minute? If the heart is to be sturdy and the nerves strong the blood must be rich and pure. Hood's Sarsaparilla makes sturdy hearts because it makes good blood. It gives to men and women strength, confidence, courage and endurance.

PRINCE EDWARD COUNTY.

Mr. Will German, of Syracuse, N. Y., is being visiting Mr. Hildebrand Valleau, High Shore, and other friends in the county.

An English company is building a large pickling and canning factory in Bloomfield. This will mean a larger acreage of vegetables and small fruits than ever in this garden county.

It is rumored about town that Mr. Geo. O. Alcorn is likely to be the Conservative candidate at the next general election, but hush! we must not be telling tells out of school.

We quote the following from a re-

Statement of a Well Known Minister

who was greatly benefitted by the use of

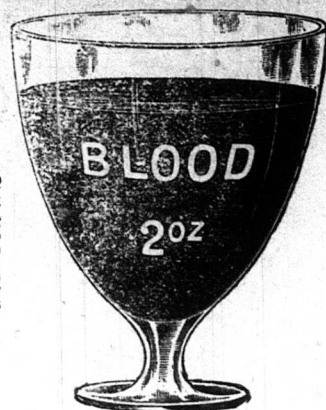
Dr. Campbell's Red Blood Form- ing Capsuloids

GENTLEMEN—It is with very great pleasure I voluntarily bear testimony to the great benefit I have derived from the use of your Capsuloids. They have been of universal value to me in the strengthening of my throat and chest, and also in promoting the circulation of the blood. Believing as I do that the splendid preparation ought to be universally known among all sufferers of chest Complaints and Nervous Affections I gladly recommend their use. Especially during the fall and winter months are they of excellent service as a tonic to the system.

Yours truly,

(Sgd) REV. G. H. COWLES.

Ocean Grove, N. J., Sept. 29th, 1899.



Dr. Campbell's Red Blood Forming Capsuloids

contain only the pure natural dissolved iron carefully extracted from fresh ox blood. It is enclosed in soft gelatin covers and called Capsuloids.

THREE CAPSULOIDS contain all the natural iron of 2 ounces of Blood.

Capsuloids contain no acid, all other iron medicines, whether pill or liquid, contain acid and are unnatural. Capsuloids don't injure the stomach or bowels. The new rich blood produced by taking Capsuloids quickly make the whole system pure.

NOTE—You can always tell the harmful acid iron medicines by watching whether they block the bowel passage or not. Capsuloids are sold by all druggists at 50c per box or 6 boxes for \$2.50. Or sent free on receipt of price from the Canadian Branch Office, Capsuloid Co., Brockville, Ont. Factory and Head Office, 31 B. Snow Hill, London, Eng.

THE CAPSULOID CO., Durlam Block, BROCKVILLE, CANADA.

For sale at the following Drug Stores: W. S. DETLOR'S, A. T. HUFFMAN'S, A. W. GRANGE'S, and J. J. PERRY'S.

IN CONSEQUENCE

of the death of Mr. Ford, our late partner, we have engaged Mr. Edward Huff to attend to all orders for Clothing.

A FRESH NEW STOCK IN ALL THE LATEST STYLES JUST RECEIVED

A call solicited. Bottom prices and good work guaranteed.

T. G. DAVIS & CO.

441y

Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE, Eastern Standard Time. No. 18 Taking effect Sept. 4th, 1899

Tweed and Tamworth to Deseronto.				Napanee and Deseronto and Napanee to Tamworth and Tweed.			
Stations.	Miles.	No. 2 A.M.	No. 4 P.M.	Stations.	Miles.	No. 1 A.M.	No. 3 P.M.
Lve Tweed	0	6 30	3 05	Lve Deseronto	4	6 40	.....
Stoco	3	6 38	3 15	Deseronto Junction	4	6 55	.....
Larkins	7	6 50	3 30	Napanee	9	7 15	.....
Marbank	17	7 05	3 50	Lve Napanee	9	7 35	12 00 4 40
Erinsville	13	7 20	4 15	Napanee Mills	15	7 50	12 15 4 55
Tamworth	20	7 35	4 45	Newburgh	17	8 00	12 25 5 05
Wilson	24	.....	.....	Thomson's Mills	18	.....	.....
Enterprise	26	7 50	5 15	Camden East	19	8 12	12 35 5 15
Mudlake Bridge	28	.....	.....	Arr Yarker	23	8 25	..... 5 25
Moscow	31	8 05	5 30	Lve Yarker	23	8 50	12 50 5 35
Galbraith	33	.....	.....	Galbraith	25	.....	.....
Yarker	35	8 15	5 42	Moscow	27	9 02	1 05 5 45
Lve Yarker	35	8 55	5 25	Mudlake Bridge	30	9 15	1 17 5 57
Camden East	39	9 10	5 55	Enterprise	34	.....	.....
Thomson's Mills	40	.....	.....	Wilson	34	.....	.....
Newburgh	41	9 25	6 05	Tamworth	38	9 35	1 35 6 15
Napanee Mills	42	9 40	6 20	Erinsville	41	9 45	..... 6 25
Napanee	49	9 55	6 45	Marbank	45	10 00	..... 6 40
Lve Napanee	49	.....	.....	Larkins	51	10 25	..... 6 58
Deseronto Junction	54	.....	.....	Stoco	55	10 40	..... 7 10
Arr Deseronto	58	.....	7 10	Lve Tweed	58	10 55	..... 7 20

Kingston and Sydenham to Deseronto.				Deseronto and Napanee to Sydenham and Kingston.			
Stations.	Miles.	No. 2 A.M.	No. 4 P.M.	Stations.	Miles.	No. 1 A.M.	No. 3 P.M.
Lve Kingston	0	.....	3 45	Lve Deseronto	4	6 40	.....
G. T. R. Junction	2	.....	3 55	Deseronto Junction	4	6 55	.....
Glenvale	10	.....	4 18	Napanee	9	7 15	.....
Murvale	15	.....	4 38	Lve Napanee	9	7 35	12 00 4 40
Harrowsmith	19	.....	4 50	Napanee Mills	15	7 50	12 15 4 55
Sydenham	23	7 00	.....	Newburgh	17	8 00	12 25 5 05
Harrowsmith	19	8 05	4 50	Thomson's Mills	18	.....	.....
Frontenac	22	.....	.....	Camden East	19	8 12	12 35 5 15
Arr Yarker	26	8 25	5 10	Arr Yarker	23	8 25	12 50 5 25
Lve Yarker	26	8 55	5 25	Yarker	23	8 30	..... 5 40
Camden East	30	9 10	5 55	Frontenac	27	.....	.....
Thomson's Mills	31	.....	.....	Harrowsmith	30	9 00	..... 6 00
Newburgh	32	9 25	6 05	Sydenham	34	.....	..... 6 15
Napanee Mills	34	9 40	6 20	Lve Harrowsmith	30	9 05	..... 6 25
Napanee	40	9 55	6 45	Murvale	35	9 15	.....
Lve Napanee	40	.....	.....	Glenvale	39	9 25	.....
Deseronto Junction	45	.....	6 55	G. T. R. Junction	47	9 45	.....

...tion and its allied evils, Dizziness, Weariness, Sleep-indigestion, Mental Depression, etc. Tiny Tablets vely cure NERVOUS PROS- and loss of Physical and gor. At Druggists for 50 by Mail from the Dr. Hope Company, Ltd., Toronto, Can

y Dose-Positive Results.

nd Addington

nds for Taxes.

OF A WARRANT under the hand the Seal of the County of Lennox bearing date the 10th day of July, upon the lands then mentioned for in set forth. The said then mended on the 24th (twenty-fourth) day of consequence of their not having red for sale I have therefore in pur of the Revised Statutes of Ontario at the County Treasurer's Office, December, 1899, at the hour of will again be offered for sale ;

AMDEN.

TAXES.	EXPEN-SES.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
er \$30 55	\$3 83	\$34 38	patented.
16 92	3 50	20 42	"

ENBIGH.

er \$45 62	\$7 28	\$52 90	Patented
20 22	3 58	23 80	Not patented

ALADAR.

er \$24 49	\$3 68	\$28 17	Patented
13 30	3 40	16 70	..
22 69	3 64	26 33	Not patented
36 78	4 00	40 78	..
14 39	3 43	17 82	..
13 71	3 41	17 12	..
9 99	3 32	13 31	..

WBURGH.

er \$ 7 99	\$3 27	\$11 26	Patented
10 23	3 33	13 56	..

EFFIELD.

er \$16 82	\$3 50	\$20 32	Patented
14 53	3 44	17 97	..
5 27	3 25	8 52	..
6 32	3 25	9 57	..
11 29	3 36	14 65	Not patented
10 82	3 35	14 17	..
3 96	3 25	7 21	..
11 19	3 36	14 55	..
3 77	3 25	7 02	..
6 25	3 25	9 50	..
6 23	3 25	9 48	..
13 44	3 42	16 86	..
10 25	3 34	13 59	..
7 81	3 27	11 08	..
7 81	3 27	11 08	..
7 81	3 27	11 08	..

VILLAGE OF TAM.

er \$ 8 61	\$3 30	\$11 91	Patented.
8 61	3 30	11 91	..
35 18	3 96	39 14	..
15 36	3 46	18 82	..
22 18	3 63	25 81	..

RVINE PARKS,

er County of Lennox and Addington.

Napanee, in the County of Lennox

age and endurance.

PRINCE EDWARD COUNTY.

Mr. Will German, of Syracuse, N. Y., has been visiting Mr. Hildebrand Valleeau, High Shore, and other friends in the county.

An English company is building a large pickling and canning factory in Bloomfield. This will mean a larger acreage of vegetables and small fruits than ever in this garden county.

It is rumored about town that Mr. Geo. O. Alcorn is likely to be the Conservative candidate at the next general election, but hush! we must not be telling tells out of school.

We quote the following from a recent issue in the Richmond Hill, "Liberal." There appears to be no scarcity of school teachers in this part of the province. The trustees of Langstaff school advertised a few days ago in the Globe for a female teacher, 2nd class, at a salary of \$300, and received 130 applications. The choice fell to Miss Lottie Waldron, Picton. Miss Waldron is a graduate of Hamilton Normal college and holds a 1st class professional certificate. She has many relatives in Napanee and vicinity who will doubtless be pleased to learn of her success in the recent midsummer exams. when she secured her present standing.

We are very jubilant these days! The Picton Gazette has deigned to notice our existence. We think it was Josh Billing who wrote "You can dodge an elephant but you can't dodge a fly" and our little comment regarding the presence of so many Liberals and Patrons at the recent Conservative meeting in town and the noticeable absence of Conservatives at Liberal meetings was the "fly," the Gazette could not or did not dodge. We thank the Gazette for the information concerning the broad-mindedness of the men whose cause it champions. We were under the impression however that broad-minded people seldom jump at conclusions and the Gazette certainly took a leap when it speaks of the High Shore correspondent of the NAPANEE EXPRESS. With our best bow we beg to tender the information that we do not hail from High Shore. The Gazette is a bright, newsy, up-to-date paper, and—hidden away out of sight, for we do not wear our heart on our sleeve, is, perhaps a warm feeling for its broad-minded editor.

"No Eye Like the Master's Eye."

You are master of your health, and if you do not attend to duty, the blame is easily located. If your blood is out of order, Hood's Sarsaparilla will purify it.

It is the specific remedy for troubles of the blood, kidneys, bowels or liver. Heart Trouble—"I had heart trouble for a number of years and different medicines failed to benefit me. I tried Hood's Sarsaparilla and three bottles completely and perfectly cured me." Mrs. C. A. FLINN, Wallace Bridge, N. S.

A Safeguard—"As I had lost five children with diphtheria I gave my remaining two children Hood's Sarsaparilla as they were subject to throat trouble and were not very strong. They are now healthier and stronger and have not since had a cold." Mrs. W. H. FLECKER, Pembroke, Ont.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Stations.	Miles.	No.2.	No.4.	No.6.
Lve Napanee.....	49	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Lve Deseronto Junction.....	54	.....	6 55	.....
Arr Deseronto.....	58	.....	7 10	.....

Stations.	Miles.	No.2.	No.4.	No.6.
Lve Kingston.....	0	.....	3 45	.....
G. T. R. Junction.....	2	.....	3 55	.....
Glenvale.....	10	.....	4 18	.....
Murvale.....	19	.....	4 36	.....
Arr Harrowsmith.....	23	.....	4 50	.....
Lvs Sydenham.....	23	7 50	.....	.....
Harrowsmith.....	19	8 05	.....	4 50
Frontenac.....	22	.....	.....	.....
Arr Yarker.....	26	8 25	.....	5 10
Lve Yarker.....	26	8 55	2 43	6 25
Camden East.....	30	9 10	2 55	6 40
Thomson's Mills.....	31	.....	.....	.....
Newburgh.....	32	9 25	3 05	5 50
Napanee Mills.....	34	9 40	3 20	6 01
Lve Napanee.....	40	9 55	3 40	6 15
Lve Napanee, West End.....	40	.....	.....	.....
Deseronto Junction.....	45	.....	6 55	.....
Arr Deseronto.....	49	.....	7 10	.....

K C. CARTER, Gen. Manager

J. F. CHAPMAN, Ass't, Gen. Freight & Pass. Agent

Stations.	Miles.	No.1.	No.3.	No.5.
Lve Deseronto.....	4	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Deseronto Junction.....	4	6 40	.....	.....
Lve Napanee.....	9	7 15	.....	.....
Napanee Mills.....	9	7 35	12 00	4 40
Napanee Mills.....	15	7 50	12 15	4 55
Newburg.....	17	8 00	12 25	5 05
Thomson's Mills.....	18	.....	.....	.....
Camden East.....	19	8 12	12 35	5 15
Arr Yarker.....	23	8 25	12 50	5 25
Lve Yarker.....	23	8 30	.....	6 40
Frontenac.....	27	.....	.....	.....
Harrowsmith.....	30	9 00	.....	6 00
Sydenham.....	34	.....	.....	6 15
Harrowsmith.....	30	9 05	.....	.....
Murvale.....	35	9 15	.....	.....
Glenvale.....	39	9 25	.....	.....
G. T. R. Junction.....	47	9 45	.....	.....
Arr Kingston.....	49	10 00	.....	.....

H. B. SHERWOOD Superintendent

WHAT WE INTEND DOING NOW

Experience tells us that our WINTER CLOTHING must be sold this month or else carried over, for very little is sold after New Year's. We prefer to have our CLEARING SALE RIGHT IN SEASON and will SELL OUR GOODS as low now as later on ; disregarding the fact that every wollen garment we own cannot be made up again at the price it cost us, there will be no advanced rates. Bear in mind the fact that we shall endeavour to clear out the best part of our stocks of

Men's, Youth's and Boy's Ulsters, Overcoats, Heavy D. B. Suits, Mitts, Gloves and Men's Furnishings

Of every nature before January next and that you have a chance to select choice of styles and the best qualities at prices usually made at sales after the season is over.

A. M. VINEBERG.

The wonderful Cheap Clothier, Dundas St., Henry Block, Napanee

COMING!

Prof. Dorenwend



.....will be at.....
PAISLEY HOUSE, NAPANEE,
FRIDAY, DEC. 15th, 1899
.....with a grand stock of.....
LADIES AND GENTS WIGS, TOUPEES, BANGS, SWITCHES, ETC.

Don't Forget.
Be in Time.

POSITIVELY ONE DAY ONLY.

Its Great Fault.

General Meigs was the architect of the pension office in Washington and was inordinately proud of his achievement. When General Sheridan inspected the building, General Meigs accompanied him. Sheridan went thoroughly over the structure from top to bottom without saying any comment, but when the in-

spection was completed he turned to his guide with: "Well, Meigs, I have only one fault to find with it." "What is that general?" asked the delighted ex-quartermaster general. "It's fireproof," replied Sheridan.—San Francisco Argonaut.

BLOODY BATTLE FOUGHT

Methuen's Column Drives 8,000 Boers From Their Position Near Kimberley

Desperate Fighting for Ten Hours Without Food or Water--British Losses Are Very Heavy--One of the Hardest Battles in the Annals of the British Army.

Gen. Methuen reports:—"Reconnoitred at 5 a.m. on Tuesday enemy's position on River Modder, and found them strongly entrenched and concealed. No means of outflanking, river being in full flood.

"Action commenced with artillery, mounted infantry, and cavalry at 5.30. Guards on right, Ninth Brigade on left.

"Attacked position in widely extended formation at 6.30, and supported by the artillery, found ourselves in front of the whole Boer force, 8,000 strong, with two large guns, four Krupps, etc.

"The Naval Brigade rendered great assistance from the railway.

"After desperate hard fighting, which lasted ten hours, our men, without water or food, and in the burning sun, made the enemy quit his position.

"General Pole-Carew was successful in getting a small party across the river, gallantly assisted by 300 sappers.

"I speak in terms of high praise of the conduct of all who were engaged in one of the hardest and most trying fights in the annals of the British army. If I can mention one arm particularly, it is two batteries of artillery."

RESULT OF THE BATTLE.

As regards the actual result of the battle, the London Morning Post military critic, who, it has been generally proved, has keen foresight, says:

"It does not seem too much to presume that it was won by the British, though the despatch refrains scrupulously from referring to a victory. The enemy was forced to withdraw from his position, which may mean a falling back of the advance to the interior lines, or the abandonment of the bridge head defences."

The critic assumes that there was a bridge, and that the Boers at the outset were defending the southern approaches to it.

The former is the more plausible, since General Pole-Carew was crossing with the help of sappers, which would negative the hope that the bridge was in the hands of the British. The sappers were undoubtedly pontooning.

Complaint is beginning to be heard against the employment of so many sailors for purely soldiers' work so far from the coast. The complaint is based on the ground that the navy cannot afford to lose men whom it takes so long to make and replace.

There are also loud complaints that more artillery and cavalry have not been furnished to General Methuen. It is argued that at the start of his march he did not have sufficient cavalry for pursuit and to clinch the victories gained, and that branch must now be so overworked as to be practically worn out.

The London Daily News says:—"Whatever comes, we must brace our nerves to meet it. Certainly, to-day looks as if we had before us a very stern and earnest struggle before we see our way clear to final victory."

BOERS' RETREAT FROM ENSLIN. The London Daily Chronicle's cor-

vision, under Lord Methuen, to Durban, whence it should move northward to relieve General White. For some reason, possibly the belated arrival at Cape Town of some of the troops comprising the first division, this idea was given up. Lord Methuen was put in command of the Kimberley relief expedition, and General Clery, who was originally intended as the leader of the second division, went to Durban to direct operations designed to push Joubert's army back.

Of the original first division most of the second brigade was sent to Durban, while the first brigade, comprising the Guards, went north to the Cape Colony border to form the nucleus of Methuen's command. The only clues to the composition of the rest of his force are found in the newspaper and official despatches. Apparently the column is made up about as follows:—

INFANTRY.

First Brigade—Second and Third Grenadier Guards, First and Second Coldstream Guards, First Scots Guards.

Ninth Brigade—Second Yorkshire Light Infantry, First Northumberland Fusiliers, Second Northamptonshires, First Loyal North Lancashires, Second West Yorkshires.

At least three batteries, including the Seventh and probably the Fourteenth.

CAVALRY.

Ninth Lancers.

NAVAL BRIGADE.

Bluejackets from Cape fleet, Royal Marine Light Infantry.

NEWS FROM MAFEKING.

Colonel Baden-Powell, under date of Mafeking, November 20, has sent the following to the War Office through General Forester-Walker at Cape Town:—

"All well here. Cronje has gone with a commando, and with about 20 wagons, to Richters, Transvaal, leaving most of the guns here with the Marico and Lichtenberg contingents, with orders to shell us into submission.

"Bombardment and sniping continue with very small results.

"The enemy's sentries drew us out Saturday by making a show of going away and leaving a big gun apparently in a state of being dismantled. Our scouts found the enemy hidden in force, so we sat tight.

"The enemy's 9-pounder became damaged, and has been replaced by another more efficient.

"I am daily pushing out our advance works, with good effect.

"The health of the garrison is good. No casualties to report."

"GOING STRONG" ON THE 24TH.

Capt. Wilson, in a message from Mafeking, under date of November 24, says:—

"We are going strong. We are still beleaguered. There is intermittent shelling."

DID SOME HUSTLING.

A despatch from Cape Town says:—"While everybody is talking about the good work of the Naval Brigade now fighting with Gen. Lord Methuen, it may not be amiss to tell how they hustled to the front. During the train journey northward there was a serious collision on the Victoria road.

BOERS KILLED BY BOERS.

A despatch from London, Wednesday, says:—"The correspondent of the Daily Telegraph cabling under date of November 27 from Naauwpoort, says that a Dutchman living near the scene of the skirmish of November 23 declares that a party of Boers dressed in khaki, while approaching their own position, were fired on by their comrades, who mistook them for British soldiers. Five or six of them were killed.

RESERVES RESPOND WELL.

A despatch from London says:—"Lieut.-General Sir Charles Mansfield Clarke, it is reported, will be the commander of the 6th division.

The latest phase of the mobilization of the reserves has proved as satisfactory as have former calls. Out of 9,786 men summoned, 9,553 have rejoined the colors.

STATUS OF THE BOERS.

The action of Lord Pauncefoot and other British Ambassadors in notifying the powers that a state of war had existed since October 11 between Great Britain and the South African Republics has prompted enquiries by the various London Embassies regarding the nature of the hostilities. It is officially stated that the notification has in no wise changed the British views as to the Boers' status.

The Government maintains that giving the Boers belligerent rights does not constitute an acknowledgment of their claim to independence, evidencing as proof of this contention that both foreign Governments and the Government of the United States treated the Confederates as belligerents.

A MOST BRUTAL MURDER

WOMAN STABBED BY HER HUSBAND AT NIAGARA FALLS.

A Boarder Witnessed the Crime—Assassin Crossed the Border But Was Later Captured—The Parties Were Italians

A despatch from Niagara Falls, Ont., says:—"A cowardly murder was committed here on Wednesday evening about 6.30 o'clock, the scene of the crime being in a dingy little frame building in the Italian settlement on First Concession street, back of the Brundage stables, on Ferry street, just outside of the town limits, near the village of Drummondville.

Frank Werke, an Italian labourer, sixty-two years of age, who is known to be a worthless drunken and quarrelsome man, lived with his wife, 50 years of age, in the above-mentioned place. With them lived another Italian as a boarder. The husband spent most of his earnings in drink, and would come home in this condition and abuse his wife, who was a hard-working, thrifty Italian woman, and through her economy and hard work accumulated enough to buy the little home where she was murdered.

STABBED WITH A CARVING KNIFE.

It is supposed Werke came home Wednesday evening drunk and in his usual abusive mood, and in the altercation struck his wife with a knife in the forehead, inflicting two ugly gashes.

She then screamed to the boarder to get up, shouting, "He is killing me." The man, who was in bed asleep, jumped up and ran out to the room where the man and his wife were. He found the woman standing holding a towel to the wounds in her forehead, from which blood was freely flowing. Behind her stood her husband. As soon as he saw the boarder coming to his wife's assistance, the husband grabbed a large carving knife that laid on the supper table, and with a terrific thrust plunged it into the back of his wife's neck.

The woman, with a scream, fell dead upon the floor, expiring in a few minutes.

HIS RETREAT

News Comes From Methuen Ha

London Has Not Received Long Silence Is Caution Back From Frere--(

A special despatch received in London on Friday from Frere, dated November 27, says that, while attempting to blow up a 500-foot bridge over the Tug river, the Boers were driven back by the British artillery and mounted infantry.

Whether the bridge referred to was the one on the Weenen-Ladysmith road, or at Colenso, is left in doubt.

GEN. METHUEN'S POSITION.

A despatch from Berlin, says:—"Deutsche Warte announces, apparently on the authority of Dr. Leyds, agent of the Transvaal, that Gen. Lord Methuen is unable to cross the Modder river, and that his retreat is cut off by Commandant Delarey, who is operating near Kaffir's kop.

NO NEWS IN LONDON.

A despatch from London, Saturday, says:—"There is a complete absence of recent news of the war, and even a total of the casualties sustained by the British in Tuesday's fight at Modder river has not been received. This causes considerable public impatience. It is learned that Gen. Lord Methuen has been reinforced by half a battalion of Highlanders and the Daily News says a regiment of cavalry and a battery of artillery also. The continued silence concerning his force suggests the possibility of a hostile movement in his rear.

Nothing regarding the forward movement in Natal has been received later than the date of Nov. 28, when, seems, the Boers held both the railway and waggon bridges at Colenso. The British were then still at Frere. No movement of Gen. Gatacre's division has been reported.

GATACRE'S ADVANCE.

Gatacre's force may be slow in gaining operations. The country which it has to work is excessively cult and most favorable to the Boers' tactics. Mountains covered with boulders, an admirable shelter for men, and river beds, offering exceptional opportunities for ambushes, this is the nature of the ground.

It is eighteen miles from Burghdorp to Stormberg, and for more than half the distance the road winds between precipitous declivities. There

THE NEWS IN A NUTSHELL

THE VERY LATEST FROM ALL THE WORLD OVER.

Interesting Items About Our Own Country, Great Britain, the United States, and All Parts of the Globe Condensed and Assorted for Easy Reading.

CANADA.

A Canadian Club has been formed at Stratford.

Hamilton barbers are agitating the license system.

The receipts of the first month

based on the ground that the navy cannot afford to lose men whom it takes so long to make and replace. There are also loud complaints that more artillery and cavalry have not been furnished to General Methuen. It is argued that at the start of his march he did not have sufficient cavalry for pursuit and to clinch the victories gained, and that branch must now be so overworked as to be practically worn out.

The London Daily News says:—"Whatever comes, we must brace our nerves to meet it. Certainly, to-day looks as if we had before us a very stern and earnest struggle before we see our way clear to final victory."

BOERS' RETREAT FROM ENSLIN.

The London Daily Chronicle's correspondent at Orange river says that after the engagement at Enslin he climbed the kopje where the enemy's main battery has been. He found that a gun pit had been constructed of ironstone boulders, which practically commanded the railway. Fragments of British shells were everywhere.

On the hills were a dozen horses, all of which had been killed by shells. Inside the fort there was evidence of a hasty Boer retreat. Saddles, overcoats, rugs, and cartridges were abandoned.

A British cavalry cap was found in the fort on the next kopje, where there were over a hundred dead horses. The correspondent adds that it is impossible to estimate the Boer losses, as they carried off many of their dead, but there was evidence that the British guns had done terrible execution; nearly all the Boer wounded were injured by the shell fire. Packages of dum-dum cartridges were found in several places.

The Daily Mail's correspondent says that the wound caused by a dum-dum bullet is small where the missile enters but where it leaves the body the wound is the size of a five-shilling piece.

BRITISH LOSSES REVISED.

A despatch from London says:—A revised list of the British casualties at Belmont shows:—Officers killed, 4; wounded, 22; non-commissioned officers and privates killed, 46; wounded, 225; of which number the Guards had 35 killed and 159 wounded.

The revised list of casualties sustained by General Hildyard's forces in their sortie from Estcourt, Natal, at Beacon Hill shows:—Killed, 13; wounded, 64; missing, 1; prisoners, 8.

LANCER SHOT BY WOMEN.

A despatch to the London Daily Telegraph from Enslin says that on Sunday a patrol of the Ninth Lancers rode up to a farm. A number of women outside the house directed a heavy fire against the troops, killing one of them.

CASUALTIES AT MODDER RIVER.

A despatch from London says:—The casualties in the Modder river battle on Tuesday, so far as known, were four officers killed and nineteen wounded.

The losses among the rank and file have not yet been announced by the War Office, and no despatches concerning the battle from war correspondents have yet come through.

LORD METHUEN WOUNDED.

The War Office announces that Gen. Lord Methuen was slightly wounded at the battle of Modder river. A bullet struck him in the thigh, inflicting a flesh wound.

The officials state that the general's wound is very slight, and that he will probably be all right in a few days.

It is probable that the wound will prevent his being in the saddle, and there is great anxiety to know whether he will be compelled temporarily to abandon the personal direction of affairs. His next in command is Col. Colville, commanding the Guards Brigade. He has a reputation as an excellent officer.

METHUEN'S PROBABLE FORCE.

The original arrangement of Buller's troops by divisions and brigades has been materially altered by the exigencies of the military situation. Ladysmith's early peril led to plans being made to send the whole first di-

visions, with 'good effect. "The health of the garrison is good. No casualties to report."

"GOING STRONG" ON THE 24TH.

Capt. Wilson, in a message from Maikering, under date of November 24, says:—

"We are going strong. We are still beleaguered. There is intermittent shelling."

DID SOME HUSTLING.

A despatch from Cape Town says:—While everybody is talking about the good work of the Naval brigade now fighting with Gen. Lord Methuen, it may not be amiss to tell how they hustled to the front. During the train journey northward there was a serious collision on the Victoria road. Considerable damage was done, and it was necessary to transfer the baggage and heavy guns to a relief train. The marines and bluejackets went to work and made the transfer within four hours. Then they made another start, and reached Belmont in time for the battle.

ANOTHER BRITISH DIVISION.

A despatch from London says:—Speaking on Thursday at a dinner given by the Scottish corporation, Field Marshal Lord Wolseley Commander-in-chief of the British army, said he had no intention of criticising anything that had taken place in South Africa, but he would say that this evening it was decided to call out one more division of the second army corps. Perhaps before the week was out, certainly before four or five days, it would be on the way to South Africa.

RECEIVED WITH SATISFACTION.

As men are needed in all directions, Lord Wolseley's announcement that a new division will be embarked without delay has been received with the greatest satisfaction. The transports will soon be returning from the Cape and it is hoped that the men will be despatched speedily.

On this point the Morning Post says:—

"The sooner we can make up our mind as to the magnitude of the work on hand the sooner it will be accomplished."

A HEAVY WAR CARGO.

A despatch from London says:—The steamer Karama sailed on Friday for South Africa, taking one of the heaviest war cargoes on record. It includes 40,000,000 rounds of small arm ammunition, 7,000 shrapnel shells, 4,000 lyddite shells, 851 boxes of fuses, 40 boxes of pistol ammunition, and a large number of star shells for discovering the enemy's position at night, and for signalling. Each of these shells contain six magnesium light stars which burn for 14 seconds, and seven stars, which burn from 34 to 36 seconds.

BRITISH LOSSES.

A despatch from London says:—A full official list of the British casualties at Belmont has not yet been received, and it is awaited with uneasiness, as it is feared that it will exceed the first estimate.

The estimated losses at Belmont, with 195 casualties at the battle of Graspan, or as it is officially called Enslin, brings the total numbers of British killed, wounded, and missing since the beginning of the war up to 2,945 of all ranks.

KRUGER'S PLAN OF CAMPAIGN.

A despatch from Berlin says:—The Deutsche Zeitung, claims to have received the following despatch from a diplomatic source:—

"President Kruger and President Steyn instructed Generals Joubert and Cronje, the commanders of the Transvaal and Orange Free State forces respectively, not to split the beleaguering forces, but to strike vigorous blows. Gen. Joubert concentrated three corps, the first at Ladysmith, the second at the Tugela river, and the third to the eastward of the Pietermaritzburg-Estcourt railway to cut off the British retreat."

"Gen. Cronje is operating at Kimberley and Modder river, and in General Lord Methuen's rear."

the forehead, inflicting two ugly gashes.

She then screamed to the boarder to get up, shouting, "He is killing me." The man, who was in bed asleep, jumped up and ran out to the room where the man and his wife were. He found the woman standing holding a towel to the wounds in her forehead, from which blood was freely flowing. Behind her stood her husband. As soon as he saw the boarder coming to his wife's assistance, the husband grabbed a large carving knife that laid on the supper table, and with a terrific thrust plunged it into the back of his wife's neck.

The woman, with a scream, fell dead upon the floor, expiring in a few minutes.

MURDERER CAPTURED.

Werke, turning to the man, who was completely paralyzed with the horrible scene enacted before him, said, "If anyone asks you who did this, tell them I did." Werke then hurriedly left the house.

The boarder ran to give the alarm. The Ontario police were apprised of the crime, and the two bridges were notified by telephone. The bridge tenders held the man when he attempted to cross the upper steel arch bridge, but let him go before the police got there. He walked across to the American side and Chief of Police Youngs, with a posse of men went in hot pursuit. He was subsequently captured.

Dr. McGarry, the coroner, was called, and found that the woman's jugular vein was completely severed.

The couple had three grown-up children, one son and two daughters, one of the girls being married to an Italian named Frank in this town.

FRIENDSHIP FOR BRITAIN.

Very Pleasant American Demonstration in London—Ambassador Choate speaks.

A despatch from London says:—The annual thanksgiving banquet of the American Society in London was attended by 275 guests, and was marked by enthusiastic demonstrations of friendship for England in the war against the Boers. A striking speech by Ambassador Choate along that line, and the presence of the uniformed nurses and doctors of the American hospital ship Maine, were the features of the occasion.

Mr. Choate, in response to a toast to his own health, which was received with loud cheers, said there could not be a better prelude to what he had to say than a remark that had been made to him: "Let England and America clasp hands across the sea, and the peace of the world is absolutely secure." He referred sympathetically to the losses sustained by the British families through the war, and went on to say:—

"Fortunately, Englishmen have not far to look for living proofs of this human sympathy. Neutral as America must be, her women could not be neutral. To neutralize them would be to spoil them. Those American women in London who have fitted up a hospital ship have done a deed that will live for all time as a blessing to our common humanity."

After declaring that the action of the United States in endeavoring to look after British interests in the Transvaal was merely an endeavor to reciprocate kindness exhibited during the war with Spain, Mr. Choate said:—

"Unfortunately, the local authorities at Pretoria seemed to think that this would not be quite the proper thing. Yet, I can but hope that the prohibition will ultimately be removed so that we may be permitted to act in this errand of mere humanity."

Dr. William R. Brooks, director of Smith Observatory, has just been awarded by the Paris Academy of Science "The Grand Lalande" prize for his astronomical discoveries.

THE VERY LATEST FROM ALL THE WORLD OVER.

Interesting Items About Our Country, Great Britain, the United States, and All Parts of the Globe Condensed and Assorted for Easy Reading.

CANADA.

A Canadian Club has been formed at Stratford.

Hamilton barbers are agitating the license system.

The receipts of the first month of the telegraph line to Dawson reached \$13,000.

The Montreal Harbour Board resolved upon better grain elevators.

Manitoba grain will be exhibited at the Paris Exposition in a bin of glass.

The London street railway employees say they have no intention of calling off the strike.

The Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph shipped 10 cars of dressed poultry to Liverpool.

A strong feeling has been aroused among the citizens against closing the London Military school.

James Kent, superintendent of C. P. R. Telegraph, Montreal, has succeeded Mr. Hosmer as Manager of Telegraphs.

Manual training will be introduced in the Brockville schools about January 1st, and a young Scotchman will be in charge.

The Montreal navigation for 1898 shows a decrease in the number of ships, there being 801, as compared with 868 entered in 1897.

The Hamilton City Council adopted recommendations that a water main be laid and that filtering basins be extended.

Although nothing definite has been done in regard to calling a session of Parliament, the date spoken of in official circles is February 8.

A Montreal man has requested Dominion Government statisticians furnish him with information as to the best method of breeding frogs for the frog-leg market.

Ottawa electors will vote for establishment of a public library to reduce the number of aldermen each ward from three to two, extending the term to two years, halving those elected to retire at the end of the year.

It is being suggested at Ottawa that the present Government grounds around Rideau Hall for a portion of Rockcliffe Park, and there a new home for the Governor General, the present Government House to be turned into an art museum.

It is reported that Dr. Ireland, whose mysterious disappearance on wharves at Montreal about a year ago led to the supposition that he had drowned, has been found in the Western States, practising medicine under the name of Dr. Gray.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Queen will visit Emperor William at Berlin, in April.

The Kaiser has given £300 for benefit of the children of the sold of the 1st Royal Dragoons, now campaigning in South Africa, of which regiment his Majesty is Honorary Colonel.

Kendal O'Brien, chairman of the Tipperary district councils, been removed from his position of justice of the peace for seconding Council's resolution congratulating Boers upon their victory at Gleran. Lord Emly has been dismissed from a similar justiceship in Limerick for inciting the laborers in his district to create a disturbance.

The London Financial News states that statements of an astronomer

IS RETREAT CUT OFF.

ews Comes From Boer Sources That Methuen Has Been Halted.

ndon Has Not Received Further Despatches--The Long Silence Is Causing Alarm--Enemy Driven Back From Frere--Gen. Gatacre's Difficult Task.

A special despatch received in London on Friday from Frere, dated Nov. 28, says that, while attempting to blow up a 500-foot bridge over the Tugela river, the Boers were driven back by British artillery and mounted infantry. Whether the bridge referred to is the one on the Weenen-Ladysmith road, or at Colenso, is left in doubt. **GEN. METHUEN'S POSITION.** A despatch from Berlin, says:--The Deutsche Warte announces, apparently the authority of Dr. Leyds, the president of the Transvaal, that Gen. Lord Methuen is unable to cross the Modder river, and that his retreat is cut off by Commandant Delarey, who is operating near Kaffir's kop.

NO NEWS IN LONDON.

A despatch from London, Saturday, says:--There is a complete silence of recent news of the war, even a lack of the casualties suggested by the British in Tuesday's report at Modder river has not been repeated. This causes considerable public impatience. It is learned that Lord Methuen has been reinforced by half a battalion of Highlanders, the Daily News says a regiment of cavalry and a battery of artillery. The continued silence concerning his force suggests the possibility of a hostile movement in his rear. Nothing regarding the forward movement in Natal has been received later than the date of Nov. 28, when, it is said, the Boers held both the railroads and wagon bridges at Colenso. British were then still at Frere. Movement of Gen. Gatacre's division has been reported.

GATACRE'S ADVANCE.

Gatacre's force may be slow in beginning operations. The country in which it has to work is excessively difficult and most favorable to the Boers' tactics. Mountains covered with bushes, an admirable shelter for marksmen, and river beds, offering exceptional opportunities for ambushes--this is the nature of the ground. It is eighteen miles from Burghersdorp to Stormberg, and for more than half the distance the road winds between precipitous declivities. There is

a deep railway cutting, which could be effectively blocked by dropping a few big rocks.

The Stormberg mountains are great masses of indurated limestone, with few passes and many precipices. This height at Stormberg Junction railway station is 5,300 feet above the sea. The descent into the plains is zigzag and very treacherous. The whole country will require most careful and systematic scouting.

BOER AMBULANCES.

A despatch from Lorenzo Marques, says:--The Boers at Kimberley report that on November 25 a strong force of the garrison, accompanied by field pieces, made a sortie and surprised the Bloemhof commando. After sharp fighting assistance arrived for the Boers, and the Kimberley garrison retired, covered by a heavy artillery fire. The Boers had nine killed and 17 wounded. Several ambulance trains from Pretoria went in the direction of the Orange Free State. It is evident that heavy fighting is expected in that neighborhood during the coming week.

Everything was quiet on the northern border of the Transvaal last week. The Boers are now preparing to attack Tull, Rhodesia, where the garrison is busy strengthening the fortification.

Traffic between East London and Stormberg is interrupted, owing to the destruction of the Steynsburg bridge.

SEEN BY A TORONTO MAN.

The London Daily News correspondent at Cape Town cables the views of Charles Lewis Shaw, the Canadian journalist, on the battle of Belmont. Mr. Shaw observes:

"How the British scaled the steep kopjes is a mystery. They fought their way up yard by yard. Orders from the officers were unnecessary. The last kopje had been insufficiently shelled when the British reached the foot, so they halted until the artillery somewhat cleared the way. There we lost most heavily, 40 dropping close together. Then, in the face of terrific fire, the kopje was climbed. After five minutes' taste of the bayonet, the Boers fled. The Lancers started in pursuit, but the horses were exhausted. Had there been a couple of cavalry regiments with fresh horses, the rout of the enemy would have been turned into a massacre. I was principally struck by the deadly earnestness of Tommy Atkins."

character will be made in the course of a few days in reference to the case of Jabez Spencer Balfour, formerly a member of Parliament, who a few years ago was sentenced to a long term of imprisonment for fraud and forgery in connection with the failure of the Liberator Permanent Building and Investment Society. The Government will probably be asked to review the whole position.

UNITED STATES.

Vice President Hobart of the United States was insured for \$65,000.

Two persons were burned to death and a number injured in a fire in Houston street, New York.

The Hessian fly has made its appearance in the wheat of Indiana, and a failure worse than that of 1890 seems imminent.

The State Trust Company of New

KIMBERLEY IS SAFE.

The Garrison Is Now in Touch With the Relief Column.

Gen. Methuen Has Been Reinforced by Three Battalions of Infantry and a Cavalry Corps--British Losses to Date--The Boers are Massed Near Colenso--Methuen Again in the Field.

A despatch from London says:--Despatches to the War Office show that Lord Methuen's last battle was a decided British victory, clearing the Boers from the river and railway line and allowing Lord Methuen to set his engineers at work repairing the bridge, which is essential to the execution of his designs, as without its aid the provisions so urgently needed by Kimberley cannot be conveyed there nor can the refugees be moved back to Cape Town.

There is little doubt that Lord Methuen can now freely pass as many of his troops as he requires across the river. Were Kimberley in danger of being compelled to yield to the Boers, Methuen could advance with the bulk of his force and clear the way, to the beleaguered garrison, with whom he is supposed to be in heliographic communication. It is therefore certain that Kimberley is safe.

The fact of Methuen being reinforced from De Aar by three battalions of infantry and a cavalry corps makes it possible that he may, when he reaches Kimberley, be able to await the completion of Gen. Gatacre's concentration on the frontier and the arrival of Sir Charles Warren's division, his line of communications with the colony being guarded by troops echeloned along from the Modder to the Orange river. When he crosses the Modder river, it is almost certain that he will find the Boers blocking his advance to Spytfontein. It would be difficult to imagine a position better suited for defensive tactics than that in which the Boers are. The partial road which General Methuen must follow, passes through a belt of very broken country. Stony kopjes stretch on each side for four to six miles, an extent of front which will render difficult any turning movement. If the Boers, who hold it, are eventually driven out, they will have Kimberley and its garrison directly in their rear and may lose their guns.

THE SITUATION.

The British losses in the South African campaign to date, from all causes, are put at 4,180, and of these 1,960 are described as missing. These figures are a great jump from those of Nov. 18, when the losses were officially given as 2,779, out of which 1,676 were set down as missing. At the same date the Boer authorities acknowledged to having 1,276 military and 62 political prisoners on their hands, so that with those they have captured since, there must be about 1,500 British officers and soldiers now at Pretoria. That still leaves 400 missing not accounted for.

The reported intention of the British Government to continue pouring troops into South Africa until there are 120,000 men in the field, only shows how much they underrated both the resources and resolution of the Boers.

The Kimberley garrison is now in

with 24 and 26-centimetre guns, besides a number of guns of smaller calibre and quick-firing. The supply of projectiles and explosives is said to be ample for a prolonged siege, and the small-arm ammunition that was laid before the war began amounted to 36,000,000 cartridges. In connection with this provision, a curious story is told. About two years ago the Transvaal Government caused enquiries to be made as to the consumption of rifle ammunition by the German army during the Franco-German war, and being informed that the total quantity used was 18,000,000, it was immediately decided to buy in double that quantity.

DISTRESS IN JOUBERT'S CAMP.

The London Daily Telegraph's correspondent at Frere says, under date of November 28:--

"Hundreds of General Joubert's column are ill. Many, having lost their rifles and horses, have returned on foot.

"A few more deserters came in today. They say the Boers are tired of the war, and are starving."

The Boer force at Colenso on November 28 was estimated at 5,000. Several correspondents say that after the British retired there was a tremendous explosion and a cloud of smoke in the direction of the bridge across the Tugela river.

BOERS LOOTING IN NATAL.

A despatch from Frere Camp, Natal, says:--A reconnaissance made on Thursday by General Hildyard and Lord Dundonald's command, the fact of which has already been cabled, gave an excellent opportunity for studying the country. On approaching Colenso the British found on every side scenes of devastation that testified to the thoroughness of Boers' looting. The Williams farm and others had been sacked from end to end. In some cases the contents of every room of the farm-house had been destroyed. The Boers had evidently burned what they could not carry off. The poverty of the Boer commissariat was testified to by the corn husks that were to be seen about the deserted camp fires of the enemy.

The wreck of the armored train still visible, showed that a Boer shell had broken an axle, which had obviously caused the accident to one car that lay on its side. The other car was upright, but both were completely riddled by the enemy's artillery fire.

Two graves near-by bore the inscription, "To fallen soldiers."

The main Boer force is now apparently not far from Chieveley station.

MASSED NEAR COLENZO.

The Natal Mercury publishes the following despatch from its correspondent at Frere:--

"The Boers have reconcentrated at their old positions near Colenso, back of Grobler's kloof, and everything points to a determined attempt to prevent the British crossing the Tugela river. The reports of wanton destruction of property by Boer looters are confirmed."

AGAIN IN THE FIELD.

A despatch from London, says:--A telegram received here on Sunday states that General Lord Methuen is again in the field, having recovered from the effects of his wound.

Major Count Gleichen, a cousin of the Queen, who was also wounded at

THE NEWS IN A NUTSHELL

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Vice President Hobart of the Unit-
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and a number injured in a fire in
Houston street, New York.

The Hessian fly has made its ap-
pearance in the wheat of Indiana, and
a failure worse than that of 1890 seems
imminent.

The State Trust Company of New
York has taken possession of Harper
& Bros. great publishing house, under
a mortgage.

Rev. H. H. Howell, a noted Welsh
divine, and editor of the official or-
gan of the Welsh church, is dead at
Columbus, Ohio.

Charles D. Hughes, a get-rich-quick
banker, is under arrest at New York.
Had an office in Wall street. There
are 500 complaints against him.

Alonzo J. Whiteman, a former State
Senator in the Minnesota Legislature,
will serve a sentence of two years in
the House of Correction in Chicago
for forgery.

The stamp store of David D. Ba-
deau in New York, was raided by
internal revenue officials, and about
5,000 revenue stamps worth from \$1
to \$30 each were seized. Badeau
had cleared in the neighborhood of
\$50,000 on the sale of washed internal
revenue stamps.

HORRORS OF THE KLONDIKE.

Death by Starvation of Three Men Who
Found Rich Diggings.

A despatch from Vancouver, says:—
The steamer Danube, from Skaguay,
brings news of death by starvation of
M. C. Daly, of Boston, and two French-
men. Last fall two Americans named
Lawler and Smithson formed a part-
nership with the other three. About
Christmas they began to stake ground
on Bonanza river. A blizzard came on.
Daly and the two Frenchmen became
separated from the other two, and
were lost. They wandered away
without provisions, and with scant
clothing and blankets, and a single
tent. After the storm Lawler and
Smithson followed their footsteps in
the snow. They found messages
written on trees telling a sad tale of
privation and suffering. A few days
later their camp was found.

On the ground, his form wasted to
a mere skeleton, was the corpse of one
of the Frenchmen. The kettle on the
camp stove contained a frozen mass of
rawhide thongs of snowshoes, which
the men had attempted to use for
food. Daly's body was found a short
distance away, and securely buckled
around his hollow ribs was a buckskin
belt containing \$1,000 in gold dust,
with a scrawled note that they had
found rich diggings. Lawler will
leave here in a few days for his home
in New York.

LANDSLIDE IN BENGAL.

Eleven English Children Were Among the
Victims.

A despatch from Vancouver, B. C.,
says:—The steamship Warrimoo, from
Australia, brings details of a great
landslide in Darjeeling, Eastern Ben-
gal. A group of villages on the moun-
tain side were destroyed. Fifteen
English children in the house of Mis-
sionary Finlay, of Australia, were
buried alive. Mr. and Mrs. Lindeman,
Mrs. Finley, the Misses Soudry, and
Mrs. Reed worked four hours digging
out the children's bodies. Four of
the fifteen were saved. Three hun-
dred native men, women, and chil-
dren were killed.

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set down as missing. At the same date
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Government to continue pouring
troops into South Africa until there
are 120,000 men in the field, only
shows how much they underrated
both the resources and resolution of
the Boers.

The Kimberley garrison is now in
direct communication with the relief
column at the Modder river by means
of searchlight signals, which will en-
able them to act in co-operation when
the column again moves forward. The
officer commanding in Kimberley re-
ports the capture by a portion of his
command of a Boer laager to the west-
ward, from which it would appear that
the investment on that side must
have been materially weakened to re-
inforce the commando sent toward
the Modder river.

The latest reports of the armament
of the circle of forts defending Pretoria
is that the forts are mounted

The Natal Mercury publishes the fol-
lowing despatch from its correspond-
ent at Frere:—

"The Boers have reconcentrated at
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telegram received here on Sunday
states that General Lord Methuen is
again in the field, having recovered
from the effects of his wound.

Major Count Gleichen, a cousin of
the Queen, who was also wounded at
Modder river, was hit in the neck by a
bullet.

CANADIANS AT THE FRONT.

A despatch from Ottawa says:—The
following cable was received on Sat-
urday by the Governor-General from
Sir Alfred Milner, Governor of British
South Africa:—

Just said good bye to the Canadian
Contingent. All well and delighted to
be going to the front. The people here
showed in unmistakable manner their
appreciation of the sympathy and help
of Canada in their hour of trial.

MILNER.

MARKETS OF THE WORLD.

Prices of Grain, Cattle, Cheese, &c.
in the Leading Marts.

Toronto, Dec. 5.—About twenty car
loads of offerings were received at the
Western cattle yards this morning,
including a small run of cattle, 2,000
hogs, about 300 sheep and lambs, and
a few milkers and calves.

A few odd lots of export stuff were
purchased, and represented the ship-
ping business here to-day. All unal-
tered.

Only the best butcher cattle ap-
pears to be really wanted, and what
else sells is at weak prices. The qual-
ity generally is poor.

Stockers are a slow sale at from
\$2.25 to \$3 per cwt. The Buffalo mar-
ket is still off.

Export bulls, feeders and springers
are just about the same as on Tues-
day.

Ewes were weaker to-day, and sold
at from 3 to 3.1-4c per pound

Lambs were steady at from 3 1-4 to
3 5-8c per pound.

Bucks are unchanged in price.

A few extra choice milkers are in
demand.

Good veal calves are wanted.
About 1,500 turkeys were received.
There is no change in the price of
hogs. Choice hogs, scaling from 160 to
200 lbs., are selling at \$4.25 per cwt.;
thin hogs sell at \$3.75, and fat hogs at
\$1. per cwt.; stores are not wanted.

Following is the range of current
quotations:—

Cattle.	
Shippers, per cwt.	\$4 00
Butcher, choice do.	3 75
Butcher, med. to good.	3 00
Butcher, inferior.	2 50
Stockers, per cwt.	2 25
Sheep and Lambs.	
Ewes, per cwt.	3 10
Lambs, per cwt.	3 25
Bucks, per cwt.	2 25
Milkers and Calves.	
Cows, each.	25 00
Calves, each.	2 00
Hogs.	
Choice hogs, per cwt.	4 00
Light hogs, per cwt.	0 00
Heavy hogs, per cwt.	3 75

Toronto, Dec. 5.—Wheat—European
markets were about steady. There was
no change here. Red and white On-
tario, sold to millers at 61-1-2 to 60c,
according to nearness to the mill.
Goose wheat unchanged at 70c, middle
freights, and 69c. north and west.

Manitoba quiet; No. 1 hard, g.t., 76
1-2c, and Toronto and west, at 75 1-2c;
and track, Midland or Owen Sound 72c.

Flour—Dull and unchanged. Straight
roller, in buyers' bags, middle freights,
\$2.60 bid, with \$2.70 asked. Same in
wood, for local account, \$3 per bbl
asked, and \$2.90 bid for single car lots.
Millfeed—Steady. Stocks light. Bran
is quoted at \$12 to \$12.50, and shorts
at \$14 to \$14.50, west.

Corn—Easy and quiet. No. 2 Amer-
ican yellow, quoted at 41c asked,
Toronto; and mixed at 40 1-2c asked.
Canadian corn dull and easy, at 39c
asked, track, Toronto.

Peas—Steady. Car lots sold at 57c
north and west; and 59c east.

Barley—A trifle steadier, especially
for choice malting barley. Car lots
of No. 2, middle freights, sold at 38c,
and No. 1 was quoted at 41 to 42c.

Rye—Quiet. Sold at 50c west and
51c east.

Oats—Steady and in fair demand.
White oats 26c, north and west; 26 1-2c,
middle freights; and 27c, e.

Buckwheat—Dull. Car lots east, 49
1-2c; and west, at 48 1-2c.

Oatmeal—Rolled oats, in bags, track,
Toronto, \$3.35; and in wood, \$3.45 per
bbl.

Montreal, Dec. 5.—The grain market
was quiet to-day; wheat was lower but
coarse grains are unchanged. No. 1
hard Manitoba wheat was quoted to-
day at 65 1-2c, afloat, Fort William;
No. 2 hard, 2 1-2c, below No. 1; No. 3
oats are held at 30 1-2c; and No. 3 at 30c
in store, Montreal peas, 65c; barley,
No. 1 47 1-2c; rye, 58c; buckwheat, no
enquiry, nominally at 50c. Flour is
quiet and values steady. We quote
Manitoba patents at \$3.90 to \$4.10;
strong bakers, \$3.65 to \$3.75; winter
wheat patents, \$3.55 to \$3.90; straight
rollers, \$3.35 to \$3.45, in barrels, and
\$1.60 to \$1.67, in bags; Manitoba bran,
\$15, in bags, and Ontario bran, \$15.50,
in bulk; shorts, \$17 to \$18, and moullie,
\$18 to \$20, per ton.

Italy has a surplus of 15,000,000 lire.
An anti-Christian uprising is feared
in Chi-Nau-Fu, China.

Arrests of suspected members of the
Young Turkey Society continue on an
unprecedented scale.

It is reiterated in Berlin that the
Anglo-German agreement has secret
clauses referring to South Africa
which will eventually allot Tiger Bay
to Germany.

A letter from Madagascar states
that the plague has virtually dis-
appeared at Tamatave. A few cases
occurred at intervals of a week or a
fortnight, but only one European was
attacked.

HOUSEHOLD.

ATTRACTIVE CHRISTMAS DINNER.

MENU.

Celery Soup.
Scalloped Oysters.
Roast Turkey. Oyster Dressing.
Giblet Sauce. Cranberry Jelly.
Mashed Potatoes. Boiled Onions.
Baked Sweet Potatoes. Lima Beans.
Salted Almonds, Olives, Spiced Peaches.
Chicken Pie.
Lettuce Salad.
Plum Pudding, Hard Sauce.
Ribbon Jelly.
Pineapple Ice Cream. Cakes.
Fruit. Nuts. Bonbons.
Coffee.

BUT ONE ANSWER.

If a man uses the contents of his pocket-book wholly to replenish his stock of tools, to build fine convenient barns, leaving his unhandy patched-up house for his wife to furnish and ornament with rag carpets of her own manufacture, broken furniture glued together and upholstered by her overburdened hands, can he expect her to keep in touch with the inventions and improvements of modern times? Can she be well versed in current literature, or even have time for the pleasant greeting or friendly chat that help him to forget his labors and overcome the anxieties of his daily toil? If he appropriates the daily paper and reads to himself alone, while his tired wife clears away and washes the supper dishes, and plies her needle till the wee small hours in trying to relieve her overburdened work-basket of its worn-out garments that require patch upon patch to render them wearable does it conduce to make that cheerful atmosphere that should surround a home and enliven the household? If he refuses to go to the social gatherings of his neighbours in company with his wife and characterizes those that go to picnics or any place of amusement, as idiotic, while he and his wife stay at home and grow rusty for lack of social friction, how can they acquire that culture and discipline that comes from contact with the many-sided world?

CHRISTMAS CAKE.

Almond Cake.—Cream half a cup of butter and a cup and a half of sugar; add half a cup of milk, 2 cups of flour, the whites of 4 eggs, and a teaspoonful and a half of baking-powder. Bake in the pans used for jelly cake. Make an icing with the whites of 3 eggs and 3 table-spoonfuls of sugar. Blanch 1 pound of almonds, and chop half of them almost to a powder. Mix with a little of the icing, spread it between the layers, then cover the whole cake with the remainder of the icing, arranging halved almonds on the top and sides.

Nut Fruit Cake.—Cream 2 cups of sugar and 1 of butter; add 6 well-beaten eggs, 4 cups of flour, 1 of cold water, 1 of hickory-nuts, one-half pound of raisins—seeded, finely chopped, and dredged with flour—1 teaspoonful of soda dissolved in hot water, 2 of cream of tartar, and 1 grated nutmeg.

Chocolate Cake.—Cream 1 cupful of butter and 4 of sugar, add 3 well-beaten eggs, 4 cups of flour, 1 cupful of sweet milk, 1 teaspoonful of soda, 1 of cream of tartar, two-thirds of a cake of chocolate dissolved in water, a cup of boiling water. Put this in just as the cake is ready for the oven, stir thoroughly through the mixture, and bake.

Angel-Cake.—The ingredients needed are the whites of 11 eggs, a tumbler and a half of sifted granulated sugar, a tumbler of flour three times sifted, a teaspoonful of vanilla essence, a

fruit juice or cold water, half cup each of molasses, brown sugar and cider vinegar, two-thirds cup melted butter, one beaten egg, half cup rolled cracker crumbs, one cup chopped and seeded raisins, one tablespoonful cinnamon, one teaspoonful each of cloves, allspice, nutmeg, salt and black pepper, citron, if you like it. Stew the raisins in the water a few minutes, add the molasses and sugar, then vinegar, etc., and lastly a wineglassful of grape juice. Use cold.

Turkey Dressed With Oysters.—For a 10-pound turkey take two pints of bread-crumbs, half a cupful of butter, cut into bits, not melted, one teaspoonful of powdered thyme or summer-savory, pepper, salt and mix thoroughly. Rub the turkey well inside and out with salt and pepper, then fill with first spoonful of crumbs, then a few well drained oysters, using about a pint for a turkey. Strain the oyster liquor and use to baste the turkey. Cook the giblets in the pan and chop fine for the gravy. A fowl of this size will require three hours in a moderate oven.

Delmonico Potatoes.—Cut cold boiled potatoes in one-half inch cubes. To two cubes allow one and one-half cups sauce made of one and one-half table-spoonfuls of butter, the same amount of flour, one quarter of a teaspoonful of salt, one-eighth of a teaspoonful of pepper and one and one-half cups of milk; arrange alternate layers of potatoes, sauce and grated cheese in a buttered baking dish. Cover the top with buttered cracker crumbs. Bake in a moderate oven twelve or fifteen minutes.

Simple Custard.—Put eight crackers in a deep dish, pour enough warm water or milk over them to just cover them, and when soaked, about ten minutes, sprinkle with sugar, cover with cream, garnish with preserved peaches, pears, or quinces and serve.

POINTERS FOR WASH DAY.

Wash fabrics that are inclined to fade should be soaked and rinsed in very salt water, to set the color before washing in the suds.

A very hot iron should never be used for flannels or woollens.

Calicoes, ginghams and chintzes should be ironed on the wrong side.

Clotheslines, are made much more durable by boiling for ten minutes before they are used.

Table linen should be ironed when quite damp and ironed with a very hot and very heavy iron.

Embroideries should be ironed on a thin, smooth surface, over thick flannel, and only on the wrong side.

Linen may be made beautifully white by the use of a little refined borax in the water instead of using a washing fluid.

Silken fabrics, especially white silk handkerchiefs, should not be dampened, but ironed with a moderately warm iron when taken from the line.

Irons should not be allowed to become red hot, as they will never retain the heat properly afterward.

TERRIBLE INDEED.

Cost In Blood of All the Wars Since the Days of the Trojans.

Beginning with the Trojan War, which is usually regarded as the first chapter in European and Asiatic history, it is calculated that war has claimed 40,000,000 of men every century. In Europe alone the loss in lives every 100 years since the date of that war has been between 18,000,000 and 20,000,000. Three thousand years have elapsed since that opening chapter of history was unrolled, so that during those 30 centuries the almost incalculable

Sole Survivors of The Brussels Ball.

Near Kilkenny, Ireland, on the banks of River Nore, lies Woodstock, the vast estate of Lady Louisa Tighe, and here, surrounded by every luxury and loved and honored by all who know her, lives the daughter of the Duke of Richmond, who almost a century ago buckled on Lord Wellington's sword when he left Brussels on the campaign which amazed the world.

Dominated by its superb baronial mansion of granite, hewn and carved on the estate, Woodstock extends over a circuit of forty miles, and its walks, roads and drives, extend five hundred miles. Connected with the estate are some curious privileges, among which is the right of tenants to lay all their grievances or disputes before the lord of the manor—not entering the house to do so, but standing in a courtyard directly outside of the study window.

At a fixed hour every morning, Sundays excepted, the late Colonel Tighe always made his appearance, being under unwritten bonds never to refuse the request of the widowed or the fatherless, while the tenants were pledged to abide by his decisions, as they now are by those of Lady Louisa, well aware that so considerate and humane a "chatelaine" can only decide for their present good and future welfare.

Twice a year Lady Louisa has the right to free two criminals, even at the very gallows steps, and she has always exercised this privilege wisely. How she deals with dishonest persons is shown in an instance in her own household a few years ago.

As was the yearly custom at Woodstock, Lady Louisa was entertaining members of the royal family, and had a large house party in their honor. Conversation turned one evening upon some of the very curious and rare gems which had come to Her Ladyship from the Duke of Richmond, especial reference being made to a black diamond, the only one of its kind in the world. The guests expressing a desire to see this diamond, the steward was sent for the cases—rarely opened—in which it and other unique jewels reposed. The man trembled and turned pale, but brought the cases, only to have it discovered that the black diamond, the Duke of Richmond's watch, an heirloom of inestimable value, and several other rare and historic gems were missing. Further search revealed that the silver chests had also been tampered with.

The suspected man broke down and confessed his guilt, but throwing himself on Lady Louisa's well known clemency, he was punished only by dismissal and an injunction to leave that part of the country forever.

The drive from Innistagh to Woodstock is over a fine country, richly timbered and prosperous. Miles of stone terraces and several lodges are passed before the grand gateway, surmounted by a lion and griffin, is reached. Passing the fine lodge, an avenue two miles in length, leads to the mansion, an immense granite structure, its countless windows giving character to the somewhat severe lines, and the entrance suggesting a royal welcome.

Within, the grand hall and stairway form a sumptuous setting for any scene, and in summer, when the gardens are ablaze with almost tropical bloom, the lower doors and windows reveal a scene which a Claude or Verne might have been glad to depict. In these famous Woodstock gardens are terraces upon terrace, and bank upon bank of lavish color, while each stone in the marble terraces is from designs of Daniel Sullivan—each different, and each representing some striking or famous scene in different nations of

lovely and high born wife. There is the Silver Spring, a bubbling well water, justifying its name, icy cold, luscious and singularly refreshing, from which each morning two pal are carried three miles for Her Ladyship's use. To maintain Woodstock costs £8,000 every day.

THE SHOP WINDOWS.

One Among the Manifold Attractions of Great City.

"Surely one unfeigned delight, great city," said a stranger, "mu its shop windows. I should think would never get tired of looking them."

The stranger was right; they a delight and people never do it them, and the city dweller pause look at the novel and varied and l tiful displays with even gr frankness than the visitor does wants to see these things and he no hesitation about stopping to at them; not the slightest fear anybody will think him gawky. I things are put into the window be looked at, to invite attention, if they interest him he stops looks.

Putting out of the question the plays of articles of feminine apparel and of goods for such use, which pecially attract the attention of men, it may be said that, taking time with another, many men lie in front of the sporting goods dows, where guns and fishing rods that sort of thing are seen, to the things there displayed are a dream of vacation times and when they shall exchange work the crowded, roaring streets of city for woods and fields and spring brooks. There are many love nature, people of all ages, grown as well as children—who stop in front of the bird store windows to look the birds, and they stand and re them earnestly; there is some about the birds that draws them; love to look at them.

There are few windows that attract more observers than those of

THE PICTURE STORES.

and your elbow neighbor may a better or a poorer coat than own, for the pictures draw all eyes of men, rich and poor, and these small picture galleries present pictures of interest, and the displays are frequently changed.

It would cost a lot of money to the flowers of which one may see the sight for nothing, by simply going in at the windows of the flower shops. He may not get the odd things through the plate glass window but he can stand within a foot of most gorgeous blossoms, and feast eyes, at least, upon their beauty; many people do just this; and wouldn't follow that they were able to buy them if they wanted. Perhaps the greater number of who stop could not buy the color ones, anyhow; but they all stop look because the flowers are beautiful; and it may be observed that specimens that are thus placed in window to attract attention this free display are likely to choice specimens, to make the attention the more striking, which is that the passerby who pauses to gets not only a free view of thing of beauty, but the things he is thus enabled to see free at best of their kind.

There are windows for the young well as for the old; dolls and toys that sort of thing; wondrous displays that are fascinating to the young beholder. There are displays of and of food in many forms that gratify the epicure and delight eye of all; and as for various ar

teaspoonful of soda dissolved in hot water, 2 of cream of tartar, and 1 grated nutmeg.

Chocolate Cake—Cream 1 cupful of butter and 4 of sugar, add 3 well-beaten eggs, 4 cups of flour, 1 cupful of sweet milk, 1 teaspoonful of soda, 1 of cream of tartar, two-thirds of a cake of chocolate dissolved in water, a cup of boiling water. Put this in just as the cake is ready for the oven, stir thoroughly through the mixture, and bake.

Angel-Cake—The ingredients needed are the whites of 11 eggs, a tumbler and a half of sifted granulated sugar, a tumbler of flour three times sifted, a teaspoonful of vanilla essence, a teaspoonful of cream of tartar, sifted. The tumblers should contain two gills and a quarter. Beat the whites of the eggs to a stiff froth, then add the sugar lightly, then the flour gently, and lastly the essence of vanilla. Do not stop beating until you are ready to put the mixture into the tin, which should be one of those with a hole in the middle, sometimes known as "Turk's head." The pan should be greased. Bake forty minutes in a moderate oven. If still soft, try it with a straw, let it bake longer. When baked, turn the tin upside down on saucers to cool. Cut with a very sharp knife. The same receipt may be used for sunshine-cake by adding 6 of the yolks of the eggs, well beaten, after beating the whites and the sugar together.

White Cakes—One cupful of sugar, one and one-half cupfuls of flour, one half cupful of milk, one-third cupful of butter, and two teaspoonfuls of baking powder. Add the whites of three eggs beaten stiff at the last. These cakes are the small round kind we enjoyed as children, and still notice as we pass the baker's window. They should have, some of them gay red tints, others pure white and still others a festive blue. The colorings are harmless, and the cakes very attractive. The ice cream is often appropriately served with the pudding, and then both the jelly and the cakes would be omitted, or the patriotically tinted cakes could grace the festive supper table.

Let your linen, silver, glass and china be as handsome as you can afford, and irreproachably neat, however simple. Have the dining-room comfortably heated; especially see that the air there is fresh. Festive decorations will add to the happiness within. A little holly with its gay berries is very cheery. For a centerpiece, use a Christmas lily, a graceful fernery or thrifty house plant. Running and ground pine are inexpensive. Garnish the turkey, salad, etc. Enjoy the bountiful feast. Forget this one glad day thy burden of care and try to make the anniversary mean all that we know it can.

DOMESTIC RECIPES.

Bread Griddle Cakes—One quart in 12 two cups stale bread crumbs, half cup flour, tablespoonful melted butter, three eggs, teaspoonful salt, two teaspoonfuls baking powder. Add the butter to the boiling milk, turn it over covered; beat to a smooth batter, add the salt, yolks of eggs well beaten, then the flour and baking powder, lastly the whites of the eggs, beaten stiff. These cakes are also made of sour milk, in which the crumbs are soaked over night, and a teaspoonful level of soda used to correct the acidity of the milk. In this form stale bread may be utilized without a suspicion of its identity, and the result is more palatable than the usual bread puddings of the economical housewife.

Cranberry Pie—Wash the cranberries, chop them or cut in two with a knife; stir with them a sup of sugar and a heaping tablespoonful of flour; put into the pie-tin previously lined with crust, add half a cup of water and cover with a top crust into which you have rolled some bits of butter.

Mince Meat, Minus Meat—One cup

Cost In Blood of All the Wars Since the Days of the Trojans.

Beginning with the Trojan War, which is usually regarded as the first chapter in European and Asiatic history, it is calculated that war has claimed 40,000,000 of men every century. In Europe alone the loss in lives every 100 years since the date of that war has been between 18,000,000 and 20,000,000. Three thousand years have elapsed since that opening chapter of history was unfolded, so that during those 30 centuries the almost inconceivable number of 1,200,000,000 men, women and children have been sacrificed to settle disputes concerning some few miles of territory, to gratify the ambition of some monarch, or to soothe the wounded vanity of rulers and states.

The present population of the globe is estimated at 1,400,000,000; therefore, if all people alive at this moment were stricken down simultaneously by some fell disease the awful result would be but little more terrible than the result brought about by the wars of the centuries.

In the war that raged between 1793 and 1815 no fewer than 1,900,000 men were either killed outright or died from wounds and disease. In the campaign of 1828 the number was 120,000. In the Crimean War the losses sustained by the four countries which participated amounted to the terrible figure of 600,000. In 1859 the French and Austrian forces suffered to the extent of 63,000, while in the Civil War in the United States the victims numbered 636,000. The Franco-Prussian War caused the death of 250,000 and the Russo-Turkish War meant death to 180,000 men.

In order to show the fearful carnage that may be wrought in one battle two instances in recent wars are cited. In the Battle of Gravelotte, in 1870, the combined losses of the French and Germans were 44,000 men killed, and in the two chief attacks on the stronghold of Plevna, so gallantly defended by the Turks under Osman Pasha, the Russians and their allies lost 30,000 men, independent of those who died from wounds after the battles.

WOULD GO AFTER IT.

During the last Transvaal war, by some chance or another, the Boers managed to capture a flag from the English. Of this feat they have always been extremely proud, and have never lost an opportunity of boastfully showing the same to any English who might be visiting the Transvaal. During the Queen's Jubilee of 1897 an opportunity presented itself to the Boers of making known their magnanimity. President Kruger, on behalf of his countrymen offered back the flag which had been taken from the English in the last war. In reply, the English government thanked the Boers for their courteous offer, but begged to say that when they required their flag they would go and fetch it.

NOT A VIOLENT CASE.

Mrs. Peck—Henry, what would you do if I were to die suddenly?

Henry—Pray, don't talk of such a thing. I think it would almost drive me crazy.

Mrs. Peck—Do you think you would marry again?

Henry—Oh, no; I don't think I would be as crazy as that.

POWERS OF DESCRIPTION.

"Myrtle Gushton writes that she is now living surrounded by splendor." "I suppose she's got a new silk petticoat."

miles in length, leads to the mansion, an immense granite structure, its countless windows giving character to the somewhat severe lines, and the entrance suggesting a royal welcome.

Within, the grand hall and stairway form a sumptuous setting for any scene, and in summer, when the gardens are ablaze with almost tropical bloom, the lower doors and windows reveal a scene which a Claude or Verneet might have been glad to depict. In these famous Woodstock gardens are terrace upon terrace, and bank upon bank of lavish color, while each stone in the marble terraces is from designs of Daniel Sullivan—each different, and each representing some striking or famous scene in different nations of the earth, while far as the eye can reach billows of green and bloom extend, with walks laid out in every fashion, reaching to what are known as the "Silver" and "Gold" sand beaches viewed by old Lady Louisa from her library window, and near which is an exquisite fountain.

Not far away is a tree of enormous growth, which the Society of Forestry takes pride in, as it is the only one extant in the European world. It was brought from Egypt, and in Oriental lore is known as "The True Lovers' Tree," from a peculiarity in the foliage. On being touched the leaves curl up softly, as though in gentle response to the hand caressing them.

Nearby is the shooting tower, a building overlooking the wide preserves. Though deer are killed by the hundred, only the right side of the animal is ever cooked and eaten at Woodstock. It is supposed this custom arose from the fact that in generations gone by a favorite animal was accidentally wounded on the left side, and its owner declared that henceforth in the length and breadth of Woodstock no deer should ever be shot or harmed unless the sportsman touched the right side.

On this portion of the grounds alone two hundred men are employed, and on what is called the "Home Farm," adjacent, three hundred men work daily in all seasons, while more than one hundred women and girls are hired simply to gather the fallen leaves and weed garden beds, Lady Louisa being, even in her extreme old age, ardently interested in her own sex. These workers, in order to preserve a picture effect, are costumed at Her Ladyship's expense in a uniform of green and white, made in the most becoming peasant style. The skirts, of shamrock green, are pinned back over skirts of a darker hue, and the bonnets are of plaited straw of the quaint cottage pattern, tied under the chin.

In all of the six lodges at Woodstock, the persons employed have been chosen with a direct view toward giving them especially appropriate occupations. Women who are compelled by loss of fortune to become self-supporting are installed, while the various buildings erected on the grounds also typify Lady Louisa's philanthropical mission in life.

Red House, one of these dwellings, is kept entirely for the use of privileged sightseers, who, however, must arrange their dates some time in advance and have their names duly registered. They are received in a fashion unknown to any other show place I have ever visited. A luncheon is served. They are waited upon in every way, and should they desire it can take a shiff and go out upon the water.

Near by is Tiddington Cottage, where the gamekeeper resides—well cared for like all others in Her Ladyship's employ. Beyond is the woodranger's, near which is a stream, which is carried five miles to supply Woodstock with water.

Not far away is a curious spot, known as "Lizzie's Lawn." Here stand on a rich sward four arbor vitae of enormous size, which can be seen for miles around, towering high above the branches of the forest itself. These were named for the four sisters of Colonel Tighe.

Turning down this leafy walk or that, one comes upon exquisite bowers, all appropriately named—the Lennox, the Richmond, etc.—and all testifying to the fondness of Colonel Tighe for his

specimens that are thus placed in window to attract attention. This free display are likely to choose specimens, to make the most of the more striking, which is that the passerby who pauses to get not only a free view of thing of beauty, but the things he is thus enabled to see free at best of their kind.

There are windows for the young well as for the old; dolls and toys that sort of thing; wondrous displays that are fascinating to the youthful beholder. There are displays of and of food in many forms that gratify the epicure and delight the eye of all; and as for various articles of convenience and of comfort luxury for all the wants of man, are to be seen on every hand. Articles of luxury, come especially those displayed in the windows jewelry establishments, and particularly the diamonds, which attract attention always, and more than at night when they scintillate so brilliantly under artificial light, when people cut to stroll, or be pleasure have time to stop and

THE LAUGHING-PLANT.

It Does Not Laugh Itself, But People Laugh.

The laughing plant grows in India, and derives its name from the fact produced by eating its seed. Of moderate size; has bright flowers, which grow in tufts; leaves of a dark green color. It is a pod or capsule, stuffed with velvet-like padding, in which lie imbedded two or three seeds; being small black beans.

The natives dry these seeds then reduce them to powder. administered in judicious doses powder produces effects very like those arising from the inhalation of nitrous oxide, or, as it is commonly parlaned "laughing gas." The person to whom the powder is given shouts, laughs, sings, and acts in a ludicrous way. His excitement lasts for about an hour he quietly falls asleep. After a few hours he awakens, and has no slightest recollection of anything he said or did while under the influence of the powder.

It is said that an overdose of laughing-plant powder is likely to produce serious results, but a small quantity does no harm. The powder is used and it is a common joke to put a little of it into the coffee of some unsuspecting person, in order to laugh at his expense.

PRODUCTS OF THE SUDAN.

There is already talk in England of developing the natural resources of the Sudan through scientific exploration. Immense forests line the banks of the Blue Nile along its upper reaches extending to the Abyssinian frontier. The ebony-tree is met with along the river and also near the Sobat. (White Nile) the india-rubber tree is a valuable source of rubber, abundant there are large forests in the Bahr Ghazal province. Gold was once found in some of the mountains of the Sudan. Search will be made for

If you wish of really true Blue!

and high born wife. There is also a liver Spring, a bubbling well of justifying its name, icy cold, pellucid and singularly refreshing, and which each morning two portulans uried three miles for Her Lady-use. To maintain Woodstock £8,000 every day.

THE SHOP WINDOWS.

Among the Mainfold Attractions of a Great City.

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KNITCAPS FOR GRANDMA.

Every year, as long as the dear wo- man lived, I used to knit her two nightcaps, one of white cotton for sum- mer, and of bright worsted for the colder months. My mother once knit her one of thread, but that was be- yond my childish fingers.

The number of stitches is determined by the size of the thread. Cast on enough to make the strip of work four inches wide. Knit one, put the thread over, widening one, and leaving an eyelet, and narrow, or knit the next two as one. Continue to end of needle, turn and do the same. When the strip of "open work" is fifteen inches long, slip and bind off the stitches. This is the front, or body, of the cap.

For the crown, knit a strip about eight inches wide to a depth of nine inches. When an inch from the end, narrow at the beginning and end of every needle six times, to round off the corners before binding off the top of the crown. With darning needle and similar thread, sew the crown into the front, pulling it slightly at top and sides. A narrow box-pleating of wash- able ribbon around the face and neck is left with ends to tie in bow-knot under the chin.

Garters knit from white domestic yarn with tassels of the same are also valued by an elderly woman.

RUINING COSTLY GUNS.

One great disadvantage of smoke- less gunpowder, tending to offset its many advantages, is its corroding ac- tion on the interior of a gun. Professor Roberts-Austin recently made a report on the subject, showing that fine weapons are liable thus to be quickly ruined.

A PARALLEL CASE.

The Case of R. A. Wade, the Criminal Lawyer of Chicago, Duplicated by That of an Ontario Lady.

Wade's Sight Was Restored by Dodd's Kidney Pills—Mrs. Geo. Barnes Was Not Only Short-sighted, But Deaf—Part of a Box of Dodd's Kidney Pills Restored Both Sight and Hearing.

Smith's Falls, Dec 4.—The case of R. A. Wade, the great criminal lawyer of Chicago, is at present exciting considerable attention in the United States, many of the papers of that country having devoted considerable space to it. A similar case has occurred on our own side of the line, in that of Mrs. George Barnes of this town.

R. A. Wade is the lawyer who de- fended Prendergast the first time he stood trial for murdering Carter Harrison, Mayor of Chicago. He had been retained in a number of sensa- tional trials before and has been since, and is one of the best known lawyers in America. He contracted Kidney Disease and the uric acid, al- ways present in the system when the kidneys are deranged, attacked his eyes and Mr. Wade went blind. He started to take Dodd's Kidney Pills and gradually the kidney trouble dis- appeared and his sight returned.

Now read Mrs. Barnes' letter and see how what was almost considered a miracle by the people of Chicago has been duplicated in Canada.

Smith's Falls.

Dodds Medicine Co., Gentlemen,—I have been troubled for over a year with Female Weak- ness and Urinal Trouble resulting from Kidney Disease. I have consult- ed a doctor who gave me medicine that seemed to make me worse. At times I would be deaf and shortsighted. I was told of Dodd's Kidney Pills and I got one box. I have used part of the box and am completely cured, and strange to say both my hearing and eyesight is now unaffected. You may publish

NEVER CHANGES—The Uniformly High Quality of

LUDELLA

is strictly maintained. Do you use it?

CEYLON TEA

Lead packages. 25, 30, 40, 50 & 600

AN AMENDED STATEMENT.

Jack—You are the only girl—
Mabel—Come now! You know I can't believe that.
Jack—Wait till I am through. You are the only girl who ever refused to believe that she was the only girl I ever loved.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take **Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets**. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. **McC. M. W. Grove's** signature is on each box.

NOT GLASS ONES, THOUGH.

B'Jinks. Miss Simperly is quite an oculist, isn't she?
B'Jove. I don't understand.
B'Jinks. She's always making eyes, isn't she?

FOR OVER FIFTY YEARS
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used by mothers for their children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. 25c. a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup."

THE LOGIC OF IT.

Old Lady—Why do you have such a dirty, grimy face?
Hobo—I s'pose, lady, it comes from travelin' on me cheek.

O'KEEFE'S LIQUID MALT
Invigorates and Strengthens.
LLOYD WOOD, Toronto, GENERAL AGENT.

EVERYTHING A DISEASE.

Doctor, if microbes in food are hurtful, what makes me get so stout?
Oh, my dear madam, there is a flesh-producing microbe, you know.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.
WAS & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KIRKIN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

ENOUGH TO MAKE ANY ONE SICK.

What has made her sick?
Reading about symptoms in patent medicine advertisements.

"Pharaoh 10c." J. J. Payne, of Granby, Que. Cigar Manufacturer.

GIFT AND PURCHASE.

He aspires to no office in the gift of the people!
He doesn't have to! He's able to buy whatever he wants!

La Toscana, 10c. RELIANCE CIGAR FACTORY, (Montreal)

VALUE OF BALD HEADS.

It is a remarkable fact that few bald men ever die of consumption.

MONTREAL HOTEL DIRECTORY.
The "Balmoral," Free Bus Am. Plan. \$1.50 & up.
Hotel Carlslake, European Plan. Rooms from \$1 a day up. Opp. G.T.R. Station, Montreal. Geo. Carlslake & Co., Prop's.
AVENUE HOUSE McGill—College Avenue. Family Hotel rates \$1.50 per day.

The Approach of Indigestion

INDIGESTION is very insidious. The appetite becomes poor, capricious, or is altogether lost. Pain, accompanied by nausea and flatulence follows the taking of food; nutrition being arrested, the blood becomes impoverished, and then appear various nervous affections, such as headache, dizziness, sleeplessness, neuralgia, hysteria, and the collection of distressing symptoms to which the name of "nervous debility" and "heart trouble" has been applied. The liver is speedily affected, and then we have constipation, foul tongue, offensive breath, depression of spirits and sallow skin.

THE CURE IS SIMPLICITY ITSELF:
Dr. Ward's Blood Pills
ALWAYS TOUCH THE SPOT.
Price 50 Cents per box, five boxes \$2.00. All druggists, or Sam. Williams & Co., Toronto, Ont.

I.O.O. permanently cures Catarrh of nose, throat, stomach and bladder. 50c & \$1 a box. Write for particulars, The Indian Catarrh Cure Co., 146 St. James-st., Montreal.
LAW Mills, Mills & Haines Barristers, etc., removed to Wesley Bldg., Richmond St. W., Toronto.

WANTED—Men to travel, salary or commission; experience unnecessary. Write **LUKE BROS. CO.**, Montreal.
WANTED—Salesmen; "Arborline" protease fruit trees from all parts; \$80.00 weekly. **ARBORLINE CO.**, Montreal.
HARRIS ~~Buy Scrap~~ LEAD, COPPER, BRASS. Wholesale only. Long Distance Telephone 1178. **WILLIAM ST., TORONTO.**

POULTRY, BUTTER, EGGS, APPLES, and other PRODUCE, to ensure best results consign to **The Dawson Commission Co., Limited,** Cor. West-Market & Colborne St., Toronto.

TUBULAR For Speed **SKATES** Pleasure
Guaranteed Cast Steel.
The Strongest, Lightest and Fastest Skate in the world. Made in all lengths. Price, complete with Boots, \$8.00. Order from **FRED. IVEY,** 170 Bay St., Toronto.

Michigan Land for Sale.
8,000 ACRES GOOD FARMING LANDS—ARENAC Iosco, Genesaw and Crawford Counties. Title perfect. On Michigan Central, Detroit & Mackinac and Loop Lake Railroads, at prices ranging from \$2 to \$5 per acre. These Lands are Close to Kalamazoo, New Pines, Churches, Schools, etc., and will be sold on easy reasonable terms. Apply to **R. M. PIERCE, Agent, West Bay City, Mich.** Or **J. W. CURTIS, Whittemore, Mich.**

Mechanics Wanted,
Owing to enlarging works.

STEADY EMPLOYMENT—ENGINE FITTERS, accustomed to close work on marine and automoto, moulders, handy boiler-makers.
Brantford is a live, bright city of eighteen thousand; waterworks, electric railway, gas and electric lighting. Rents low, living cheap.

WATEROUS, Brantford, Canada.

BALDNESS CURED.

ROSE'S "Hair Grower" positively and permanently cures Baldness, Hair Falling Out, Dandruff, etc., and renders the hair soft, glossy and beautiful. Testimonials from leading Toronto gentlemen. Price \$1.00 per bottle.

ROSE & CO., 225 Boscawell Ave., Toronto.

ROKCO
Cereal Coffee Health Drink. Pure, Wholesome, Nourishing. 15c. lb. or 2 lbs. for 25c. ROKCO is equal to 40c. coffee. For Sale by all Grocers, or send 10c for 4-lb. package.

because the flowers are beautiful and it may be observed that the plants that are thus placed in the window to attract attention for free display are likely to be specimens, to make the attraction more striking, which means the passerby who pauses to look not only a free view of this of beauty, but the things that thus enabled to see free are the of their kind.

There are windows for the young as for the old; dolls and toys and sort of thing; wondrous displays are fascinating to the youthful. There are displays of fruit of food in many forms that musty the epicure and delight the all; and as for various articles of convenience and of comfort and for all the wants of man, these to be seen on every hand. Among of luxury, some especially displayed in the windows of the restaurants, and particularly the diamonds, which attract attention always, and more than ever when they scintillate so brightly under artificial light, and people out to stroll, or bent on are have time to stop and look.

THE LAUGHING-PLANT.

es Not Laugh Itself, But Makes People Laugh.

laughing plant grows in Arand derives its name from the effect produced by eating its seed. It is of moderate size; has bright yellow flowers, which grow in tufts, and of a dark green color. Its fruit is a pod or capsule, stuffed with a spongy-like padding, in which lie snuggled two or three seeds resembling small black beans.

When natives dry these seeds, and reduce them to powder. When administered in judicious doses the seed produces effects very much more arising from the inhalation of laughing gas, or, as it is called in parlance "laughing gas," a person to whom the powder is blown, shouts, laughs, sings, dances, acts in a ludicrous way. His merit lasts for about an hour, then he falls asleep. After several hours he awakens, and has not the faintest recollection of anything that he did or did while under the influence of the powder.

It is said that an overdose of laughing powder is likely to cause serious results, but a small quantity is harmless. The powder is sweet, and it is a common joke to put a little into the coffee of some unsuspecting person, in order to have a laugh at his expense.

PRODUCTS OF THE SUDAN.

There is already talk in England of opening the natural resources of the Sudan through scientific exploration. Immense forests line the banks of the Nile along its upper reaches, reaching to the Abyssinian frontier. A banyan tree is met with along that river and also near the Sobat. On the Nile the India-rubber creeper, a valuable source of rubber, abounds. There are large forests in the Bahrel-Ghazal province. Gold was once mined in the mountains of the Sudan. Search will be made for coal.

If you wish to enjoy a cup of really delicious tea from Blue Ribbon Ceylon.

because the flowers are beautiful and it may be observed that the plants that are thus placed in the window to attract attention for free display are likely to be specimens, to make the attraction more striking, which means the passerby who pauses to look not only a free view of this of beauty, but the things that thus enabled to see free are the of their kind.

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Dodds Medicine Co.,
Gentlemen,—I have been troubled for over a year with Female Weakness and Urinal Trouble resulting from Kidney Disease. I have consulted a doctor who gave me medicine that seemed to make me worse. At times I would be deaf and shortsighted. I was told of Dodd's Kidney Pills and I got one box. I have used part of the box and am completely cured, and strange to say both my hearing and eyesight is now unaffected. You may publish this if it will be the means of assisting others.

I remain, yours, etc.,
MRS. GEORGE BARNES.

AROUSED HER SUSPICION.

Nell—I'm sure George had been drinking before he called.
Belle—Why?
Nell—He looked at the clock and wanted to know if it kept rag time.

Catarrh.

Statistics prove that 97 per cent of our population is affected with some form of Catarrh, but since Catarrh-ozone, the new medicated air treatment for Catarrh and kindred diseases, has been introduced, this percentage has decreased. Catarrh-ozone never fails to cure Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma and Hay Fever, and is warranted to cure the most chronic cases of these diseases, even after all else has failed. It cures by inhalation. No danger, no risk, pleasant to use. For sale at all druggists or direct by mail, price \$1.00. For trial outfit send 10c in stamps to N. C. Polson & Co., Box 518 Kingston, Ont.

AND NO INSURANCE.

Tom. Harry told me recently that Miss Gotrox had kindled the fire of love in his bosom.
Jack. Yes; and I heard yesterday that her father had fired the rest of him.

WE COVER

Hot air, hot water and steam pipes, furnaces, boilers and tanks, to keep in heat and save fuel.
Euroka Mineral Wool and Asbestos Co., Toronto.

THE PICKPOCKET'S STRATEGY.

Mrs. Greening. This afternoon a man on the car asked if anybody had lost a watch, but nobody had. I do wonder if he had found one.
Mr. Wiseman. It is more likely that he was about to find one.

CALLA LILY CREAM

ensures a youthful complexion. Send 25 cents for trial bottle, or post card for circular on skin and complexion.
Address W. J. USQUHART, 469 Queen St. W., Toronto.

NOT GIVEN TO COMPLAINING.

Buggins—Wigwag is the most sublime optimist I ever knew.
Muggins—In what way?
Buggins—He's laid up with a sore throat, and when I sympathized with him he said it wasn't as bad as it might be if he were a giraffe.

He aspires to no office in the gift of the people!
He doesn't have to! He's able to buy whatever he wants!

La Toscana, 100. RELIANCE CIGAR FACTORY, Montreal

VALUE OF BALD HEADS.

It is a remarkable fact that few bald men ever die of consumption.

MONTREAL HOTEL DIRECTORY.

The "Balmoral," Free Bus Am. Plan. \$1.50 & up.
Hotel Carlslake, European Plan. Rooms from \$1 a day up. Opp. G.T.R. Station, Montreal. Geo. Carlslake & Co., Prop's.
AVENUE HOUSE McGill-College Avenue. Family Hotel rates \$1.50 per day.
ST. JAMES' HOTEL—Opposite G.T.R. Depot. Two blocks from C. P. Railway. First-class Commercial House. Modern improvements—Rates moderate.

DOES NOT ALWAYS KILL.

Out of every three men struck by lightning two recover.

W P 1891

CALVERT'S

Carbolic Disinfectants, Soaps, Ointment, Tooth Powders, etc., have been awarded 100 medals and diplomas for superior excellence. Their regular use prevent infectious diseases. Ask your dealer to obtain a supply. Lists mailed free on application.

F. G. CALVERT & CO.,
MANCHESTER, ENGLAND.

Carters COLD CURE 10c. Cures in a Jiffy. F. M. McCormack & Co., Agents, Montreal.

THE DE MOINES INNOVATOR—Best and cheapest. O. Holland, sole agent for the Dominion. Send 3c. stamp for catalogue. 373 St. Paul Street, Montreal.

Catholic Prayer Books, Rosaries, Gracifixes, Stations, and Church Ornaments. Religious Pictures, Statues, and Church Ornaments. Mail orders receive prompt attention.
D. & J. SAILIER & CO., Montreal.

Dyeing! Cleaning!

For the very best send your work to the "BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO." Look for agent in your town, or send direct.
Montreal, Toronto, Ottawa, Quebec.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS.
EPPS'S
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

Sausage Casings—New importations finest English Sausage and American Hog Casings—reliable good at right prices.
PARK, BLACKWELL & CO., Toronto.

To Manufacturers

NORTHEY STEAM PUMP—6 x 4. 7 inch stroke. In good working order. Capacity about 200 horse power. Price \$75.

FEED WATER HEATER—65 horse power, in good order. Price \$25.

ONE NO. 3 STURTEVANT FAN—24 inch, in perfect order. Price \$25.

ONE NO. 4 BUFFALO FAN—27 inches high, upright discharge, in excellent order. Price \$35.

S. FRANK WILSON,
TRUTH, 73 Adelaide West, Toronto.

Manufacturers Coming to Toronto

WILL FIND VERY DESIRABLE
FLATS, Steam Heated, Steam Power, elevator and all conveniences.
TRUTH BUILDING, 73 Adelaide St. West, TORONTO.

WOOD & PHOTO ENGRAVING
J. L. JONES ENG. CO.
6 & 10 ADELAIDE ST. W. TORONTO.

because the flowers are beautiful and it may be observed that the plants that are thus placed in the window to attract attention for free display are likely to be specimens, to make the attraction more striking, which means the passerby who pauses to look not only a free view of this of beauty, but the things that thus enabled to see free are the of their kind.

WATEROUS, Brantford, Canada.

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ROSE'S "Hair Grower" positively and permanently cures Baldness, Hair Falling Out, Dandruff, etc., and renders the hair soft, glossy and beautiful. Testimonials from leading Toronto gentlemen. Price \$1.00 per bottle.

ROSE & CO.,
225 Boscawen Ave., Toronto.

ROKCO

Cereal Coffee Health Drink. Pure, Wholesome, Nourishing. 15c lb., or 2 lbs. for 35c. ROKCO is equal to 40c coffee. For Sale by all Grocers, or send for 4 lb. package to the ROKCO MFG. CO., 154 Queen E., Toronto. Agents wanted in every locality.

Music Teachers Wanted

To send for our complete SHEET MUSIC CATALOGUE and SPECIAL RATE OF DISCOUNT. We are equipped to supply every MUSIC TEACHER in Canada.
Whaley, Royce & Co.,
188 Yonge St., TORONTO, ONT.

FREE! STEM WINDING WATCH, (Lady's or Gent's), SOLID GOLD RING, an AUTOHARP, ACCORDION, a VIOLIN or GUITAR, for selling 9 boxes of Dr. Price's Sarsaparilla Blood Pills at 30c. per box. DON'T SEND MONEY, simply send your name and address and we will send you the Pills, post paid, with our Catalogue. Sell them and remit us the payment and we will send you the premium you select. These Pills cure impure blood, rheumatism, liver and kidney diseases, and all stomach troubles. Pills returnable if not sold. Write us at once and mention this paper.
PRICE MFG. CO., 88 Bay Street, Toronto, Ont.

Michigan Land for Sale.

8,000 ACRES GOOD FARMING LANDS—ARENAO, Iosco, Ogemaw and Crawford Counties. Title perfect. On Michigan Central, Detroit & Mackinac and Loom Lake Railroads, at prices ranging from \$20 to \$5 per acre. These Lands are Close to Enterprising New Towns, Churches, Schools, etc., and will be sold on most reasonable terms. Apply to
R. M. PIERCE, Agent, West Bay City, Mich.
Or J. W. CURTIS, Whittemore, Mich.

Dominion Line MAIL STEAMSHIPS

Portland, Me., to Liverpool, calling at Halifax Westbound.

Large and fast Steamers Vancouver, Dominion, Cambroman.

Rates of passage:—First Cabin, \$50 upwards; Second Cabin, \$35; Steerage, \$22.50 and \$23.50.
For further information apply to local agents, or
DAVID TORRANCE & CO., General Agents,
17 St. Sacramento St. Montreal.

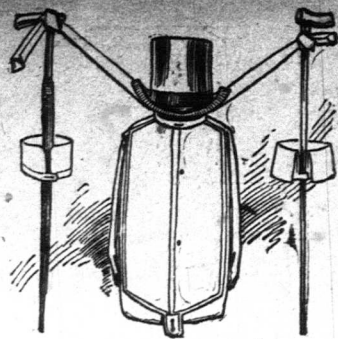
JAS. R. ANNETT, Manager.
JOHN J. MAIN, Supt. and Treas.

The Canadian Heine Safety BOILER CO.

Esplanade, Toronto
Opp. Sherbourne St.,

High Class Water Tube Steam Boilers, for All Pressures, Duties and Fuel.
SEND FOR DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE.

References
Toronto Electric Light Co., Limited.
The T. Eaton Co., Limited.
The Massey-Harris Co., Limited.
The Gutta Percha Rubber & Mfg. Co.
The Wilson Publishing Co., Limited.
where boilers may be seen working.



Gentlemen's Necessities.

For men of correct ideas we have correct furnishings, supplying nice outfits. Our line of elegant things for elegant wear insures you the best appearance always.

Neckwear, Hats, Umbrellas,
Gloves, Clothing,

and all odds and ends of Men's and Boy's wear in latest shapes and best qualities.

J. L. BOYES,



SHOVEL IT IN!

Fill up your coal bin with Dafee's famous hard coal. Every shovel full is a shovel full of satisfaction. His coal will give you the most heat for your money, and will go further than any Coal in the market.

Also highest cash price paid for wheat and all kinds of grain at Dafee's Big Mill.

Telephone No. 14.

18

J. R. DAFOE,

HEATING!

Reduced to a minimum. Prevents radiation of heat where it is not necessary by Asbestos Pipe Covering, Cement, Millboard, Paper, etc.



Pure steam prevents corrosion and

The Napanee Express

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, DEC. 8 1899.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged for admission, will be charged 50 per line for each insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type the price will be 100 per line each insertion.

Meltaine.

The laborless polish for all metals. Good for show cases, tinware, brass goods, office buildings, horsemen, coachmen, soda fountains, bath rooms, etc., etc. Sold only at Boyle & Son's.

Farmers' Institute Meetings.

The regular meetings of Lennox & Addington Farmer's Institute will be held in the town hall, Bath, on Nov. 27th, and town hall Napanee, Dec. 1st 1899. Addresses will be delivered by Messrs. S. G. Raynor, B.S.A., Rosehall, and J. N. Paget, Canboro. For further particulars see large bills.

CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25 cents. R. W. Grove's signature is on each box.

Well Worth a Visit.

The life size and cabinet photos now on exhibition in Hulet's studio are marvels of the photographic art. All his cabinet photos are done in the latest Paris finish and no one can afford to miss the chance of securing photos at the holiday rates. A magnificent large picture and frame given with each dozen cabinet photos. Owing to the rush of holiday work Mr. Hulet will not complete the souvenir group of the business men of the town until after the holidays.

A Desirable Change.

GENTLEMEN WHO ARE BALD.—A great many think it is impossible to replace their former growth; these thoughts would be at once expelled from their minds should they see and investigate the Art Hair Coverings manufactured by Prof. Dorenwend, whose skill in this line is world-renowned. Over 37,000 wear his Art Productions. They are feather-weight securely adjusted, durable, and a great protection to the head against cold, catarrh and other ailment, and give a much younger appearance. He is at the Paisley House, Napanee, on Friday, Dec. 14th. Don't miss seeing his goods.

Interesting to Policy Holders.

Albert J. File, M.D., of Prince Edward County, took out a fire insurance policy with the London Mutual Fire Insurance Co., in August 1897, for \$600. On the 8th of September, 1897, the property covered by the policy was destroyed by fire, and he brought action against the company to recover the amount. The defendants showed, however, that he had not paid his assessment within thirty days, as required by the conditions inserted in the policy, and had allowed it to lapse. This morning Mr. Justice Falconbridge handed out judgment dismissing his action with costs.—Toronto News, Dec. 1st, 1899.

Chas. Fralick Arrested.

Chas. Fralick, proprietor of the Union hotel, Williamsville, was arrested in Kingston, on Saturday, on a charge of murder. He appeared before the magistrate and to the charge of "unlawfully slaying and killing one John James on November 15th," he pleaded "not guilty." B. M. Britton, Q. C. conducted the prosecution. Only two witnesses were examined—John Purdy, county constable, and Dr. Wood, their evidence being the same as given at the coroner's inquest on November 15th. The magistrate committed Fralick for trial at the spring assizes. Bail was accepted at \$2,000, J. W. Fralick and Charles Fralick each giving surety for half of this amount. This action has been taken by the Attorney General's Department on account of the number of stories about concerning the shooting affray.

A Drowning Fatality.

A sad drowning fatality is reported from Amherst Island. On Friday morning at six o'clock, Mrs. McPhee, aged seventy, her

DR. CAMPBELL'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SASSAPARILLA

is the greatest system renovator in the world.

50 cents a bottle, or six bottles for \$2.50 For sale in all first-class drug stores

MANITOBA ELECTIONS.

Latest reports give Greenway Government 19 seats and Opposition 17 seats.

Skates! Skates!

All sizes, all kinds, and our latest patterns should sell. Sole agents for Mic Mac hockey stick, natural crook.

Boyle & Son.

Found.

A place where you can get an easy shave or a first class hair cut. It is at the Royal Hotel Barber Shop. Every attention paid to all patrons. Razors honed.

D. McGoun, Prop.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

Ladies, Bear in Mind

We draw special attention to the visit of Prof. Dorenwend to Napanee who will be at the Paisley House Friday, Dec. 14th, with a large selection of styles in Hair Goods, such as Ladies' and Gents' Wigs, Toupees, Bangs, Long Switches, etc. His Hair Coverings are worn everywhere, and the satisfaction obtained by these who adopt them, are health, comfort and younger appearance. DON'T MISS this chance. Why look careworn through the loss of Hair when Prof. Dorenwend's Art Goods can improve your looks? He will demonstrate this to every caller free of charge.

Canada To The Fore.

One thing Canadians can boast of over their American cousins is the fact that Canada has a bigger, better family paper with more subscribers than any paper across the line. We allude, of course, to "The Family Herald and Weekly Star," of Montreal, which is read in Canada alone by over half a million people each week. The immense increase in the "Family Herald's" subscription lists this year is a great tribute to it and is due to some extent to the two handsome pictures, "Battle of Alma" and "Pussy Willows," both of which are included in the year's subscription. Can our American friends show a bigger dollar's worth? We think not.

Wedding at Northport.

Our quiet village was agreeably surprised by the arrival of a bridal party in the person of Mr. T. J. Osborn, of Empey Hill West and Miss Jessie Adell Bowerman, of Lonsdale and others. The Rev. Mr. Brown a cousin of the bride, who was engaged to perform the ceremony, was not at home, delaying the parties until 4.30 p.m. A sumptuous repast was prepared by Mrs. Brown, and at the arrival of Mr. Brown all sat down to do ample justice to the wedding-feast. Having finished, the guests retired to the parlor, where the ceremony was performed. After the usual congratulations were offered by the guests, the wedding party dispersed, and the happy couple left for their home.

Grenville Kleiser—Dramatic.

Impersonator.
Charles Harvey—Bass Soloist.
Robert Harvey—Pianist.
Dec. 28th.

Annual Entertainment.

The annual entertainment for a special fund of St. Mary Magdalene's church, and which is always looked forward to with so much pleasure will take place at the Opera House on Thursday evening, Dec. 28th, when a particularly attractive programme will be offered. Grenville Kleiser, of New York, whose versatility has won the highest praise from both Canadian and American audiences, will give several of his clever dramatic impersonations.

MATCH

This store is full of attractive pricings a days are almost here. Store has gathered goods to make buying easy thus get the fullest price.

THE DRESS GOODS STORY

The Dress stuff comes and see fabrics to over

lengths \$6.75 a

50c, 75c

at \$5.00, \$6.00, \$7.00, etc

CHRISTMAS

Heaps of show trade centres have been of your holiday work, fringed and lined 12½c, 15c, 20c, and 25c

Five O'clock Tea

ed at 75c and \$1.00. work Centre at \$1.00, at 20c, 25c, 35c, 40c, 50c and Sideboard Scarfs, etc., at 25c, 50c, 75c, 1.00. Linens—Fine bleached designs at 35c, 50c, 65c. Napkins—Linen Dam and ¾ sizes at 50c, 75c, \$2.50, \$2.75, \$3, \$3.75. We show some beautiful and drawn work at 25c

LADIES' KIL

Perrin's Kid Glo well fitting and good 1 purchases a pair feels comfort and satisfaction other make of glove buttoned at 50c, Black and Tans, Dome faste and Tans, laced at \$1. Greys, Browns, Blue \$1.25. Bretagne—ass \$1.25. Ladies' and Children's Gauntlets at 50c, 75c mitts at 75c, \$1, \$1.25,

Ladies' Handker

Hdkfs. to be had. Col White Lawn at 3c, 5c, at 10c, 12½c, 15c, 19c, 25c

necessary by Asbestos Pipe Covering, Cement, Millboard, Paper, etc.



Pure steam prevents corrosion and pitting in the Pipes and Boiler.

SUTTON'S BOILER COMPOUND

saves Fuel, Labor and Repairs, and never fails when honestly tried.

For Engineers' Supplies write for Catalogue and prices to the

Wm. Sutton Compound Co.,

Of Toronto, Limited.

186 Queen St. East, Toronto, Ont. 44tf

CARLETON WOODS.

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Roblin, Ont.

JOHN POLLARD,

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Express Office, Napanee.
Strictly Private and Confidential.

R. J. WRIGHT,

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES,
Bridge Street, opposite West Ward School, Napanee.

Grinding at Close's Mill every day.
JAS. A. CLOSE.

THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and The Toronto Daily Star for \$1.50. Subscribed now.

Axes and saws, axes and saws, skates, hockey sticks.
BOYLE & SON.

The Str. Deseronto ran hard aground at pine grove on Thursday evening last during the fog.

Walter Flagler, of Deseronto, is serving ten days in Belleville jail for being drunk and disorderly.

If you have a razor that needs honing call on J. N. Osborne, at the Tichborne house barber shop.

Mr. Parker Hicks, of Picton, will carry the mail from Deseronto to Picton after the close of navigation.

The Archbishop of Ontario has appointed arthur Jarvis, M. A., rector of Napanee, to be rural dean of Lennox and Addington, vice Rev. R. P. Forneri, B. D., removed to Merrickville.

The newspaper is a law book for the indolent, a sermon for the thoughtless and a library for the poor. It may stimulate the most indifferent; it may instruct the most profound, but it cannot be published for nothing.

Mr. Robert Sampson, Kingsford, treasurer of Albert cheese factory paid out \$17 000 for balance of cheese money for Albert factory for this year. This is the largest amount ever paid out to patrons of this factory as balance of year's payments.

Winter nights will soon come on when you will need a good pair of glasses. Come and secure a careful test free of charge before the Xmas rush begins. A. F. Chinneck, graduate optician.

F. CHINNECK'S Jewelry Store.

The Deseronto Boys have organized a hockey club for the coming winter. The club has been styled the "The Beaver Hockey Club," and when they appear on the ice they will present a natty appearance in their colors of purple and white. Their sweaters will have a Beaver's crest on them.

TO THE DEAF.—A rich lady, cured of her Deafness and Noises in the Head by Dr. Nicholson's Artificial Ear Drums, has sent £1,000 to his Institute, so that deaf people unable to procure the Ear Drums may have them free. Apply to Department A. W. G. The Institute, 780, Eight Avenue, New York, U. S. A. 24-1 ly.

C. conducted the prosecution. Only two witnesses were examined—John Purdy, county constable, and Dr. Wood, their evidence being the same as given at the coroner's inquest on November 15th. The magistrate committed Fralick for trial at the spring assizes. Bail was accepted at \$2,000, J. W. Fralick and Charles Fralick each giving surety for half of this amount. This action has been taken by the Attorney General's Department on account of the number of stories afloat concerning the shooting affray.

A Drowning Fatality.

A sad drowning fatality is reported from Amherst Island. On Friday morning at six o'clock, Mrs. McPhee, aged seventy, her son and Miss Moreland, aged eighteen, put out in a skiff from Salmon point lighthouse, which they keep, and headed for Amherst Island. They carried with them some bedding and other articles, as they live on the island during the winter. The sea increased in motion as they proceeded and soon the skiff was overturned. The man clung to the boat but was unable to help the two women. The skiff and the clinger were washed ashore. When the steamer Hero arrived at the island from Picton before noon Capt. Bloomfield was informed of the affair, and when opposite Salmon Island lowered a life boat and went over to the island. No trace of the missing women could be found and they must have been drowned. The owner of a steam yacht was in the vicinity just after the capsizing occurred and saw two women near the shoal, evidently clinging to the bedding. The sea was too heavy to permit of the steam yacht going near the shoal.

The bodies of Mrs. McPhee and granddaughter, Miss Moreland, aged seventeen, drowned Friday last crossing from Salmon Island lighthouse to Amherst Island, were found at seven o'clock Sunday morning washed up on the south east shore of Amherst Island. They were close together when the searchers came upon them. The father of Miss Moreland is keeper of the lighthouse on Salmon Island and was about moving back to Amherst Island for the winter. He prepared a boat load of stuff and with it dispatched his daughter and her grandmother, sending Archibald McPhee over in charge of it. He saw the frail craft swamped after it had proceeded a short distance from the island. The storm arose suddenly, throwing the craft into the trough of the sea. As soon as McPhee came to the surface he caught hold of Miss Moreland and hauled her across the upturned boat, but she was washed from his hold. A second time she was pulled up on the boat but next time she was washed off she disappeared and was not again seen until her fair form was found on Amherst Island shore. Last February a son of Mrs. McPhee and brother of Archibald McPhee, mysteriously disappeared from his home on Wolfe Island and two weeks later his body was found on the lake shore.



"Looking back I see I never saw before."

This is the exclamation of satisfied customers.

We have fitted successfully stubborn cases that others have failed in.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

Consultation free.

H. E. Smith,

GRADUATE OPTICIAN,

Smith's Jewelry Store,

Napanee.

Grenville Kleiser—Dramatist.
Impersonator.
Charles Harvey—Bass Soloist.
Robert Harvey—Pianist.
Dec. 28th.

Annual Entertainment.

The annual entertainment for a special fund of St. Mary Magdalene's church, and which is always looked forward to with so much pleasure will take place at the Opera House on Thursday evening, Dec. 28th, when a particularly attractive programme will be offered. Grenville Kleiser, of New York, whose versatility has won the highest praise from both Canadian and American audiences, will give several of his clever dramatic impersonations. Mr. Robert Harvey, Kingston's favorite pianist, has promised his services. Mr. Charles Harvey, whose fine bass voice made him so popular on his former appearances here, will contribute vocal solos, while local talent will be supplied by Mrs. Burnett, whose name has only to be given to secure a good house.

A Gift to Give.

It is often difficult to decide what to get your friends for holiday gifts. Here is a suggestion:

"Good morning, Jennie, I have brought you a nice present," said Gertrude, as she handed her friend a neatly wrapped package.

The pale, weary looking girl, who was slowly recovering from severe illness, opened the bundle and held up a large bottle of clear, rich medicine.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla," she exclaimed. "I have been reading about it to-day and wished I had a bottle."

On New Year's Day Jennie was able to be on the street, and to her friends who remarked how well she was looking she simply said, "Hood's Sarsaparilla," and every one of them knew it was this great medicine that had given back her health.

Society Function at Tweed.

A brilliant social function took place in the Robertson parlors there on Friday evening last when the young Misses were At Home to upwards of fifty of their friends. The evening was spent in progressive games, character studies, music and promenades, the whole concluding with the grand figure march of Sir Roger de Coverley. The prizes in the progressive games were won by Miss Saura Mounck and Mr. Gus Meram, while the character studies pronounced the honors of (Belle) upon Miss Helen Graham, and of (Gallant) upon Mr. Geo. Rathbun. Miss Bertha Huyck contributed some most exquisite music, and in leading the selections for the promenades and marches ensured their pleasure and success. A happy feature of the evening was a short extempore address on Patriotism by Mr. T. I. Bower and the lusty singing of the national anthem that followed it. The committee, who so creditably managed the event consisted of Misses Helen Graham, Ethel Gilbert, Lizzie Morton, Korma Comer, Ethel McWilliams, Jennie Rayburn, Lela Huyck and Pearl Barnett, assisted by M. McCann, Houston, Clapp and Bertha Huyck.

Remarkable Cures.

Dr. Hall's Rheumatic Cure is performing wonders! Reports are coming in from all parts regarding its efficacy in all cases of rheumatism. It is taken internally. Mr. William Gillespie, Light House Keeper, Wolf Island, was afflicted with Muscular Rheumatism for two weeks. Two doses of Dr. Hall's Rheumatic Cure cured him. 50 cents a bottle, containing ten days' treatment. For sale at all drug stores.

THIN, PALE, WEAK

Worn Out People

Made strong and healthy, using HOWARD'S EMULSION with Acidulated Glycerine. Howard's Emulsion with Beechwood Creosote cures Consumption in its earlier stages.

THE MEDICAL HALL

Detlor & Wallace

Greys, Browns, Blue
\$1.25. Bretagne—as
\$1.25. Ladies' and C
Gauntlets at 50c, 75
mitts at 75c, \$1, \$1.2

Ladies' Handk

Hdkfs. to be had. C
White Lawn at 3c, 5
at 10c, 12½c, 15c, 19c

"OUR INTER

Now is the time to buy
CLOTHES for as soon as
self, why didn't I leave my or
when I need them.

From season, to season, our
best tailors and turn out the
price.

Our special Beaver Overcoat
in any style you prefer, well tai

Also our \$25.00 silk lined c
velvet collar is a beauty. We v
were bought early, and escaped

A perfect fit and the best

"always C

J. A.

Dundas St., Napanee, Ont.

Peck's Bad Boy.

This funny play was produced
opera house here on Wednesday
last. The Warden of the county
Allison, Esq., extended an invitation
commissioners and county officer
present, and a majority of the
attended. The show was anything
good, but a few hearty laughs were
some of the ludicrous situations.

The Christmas Globe.

This beautiful production is to ha
may be had at the office of this
price 50c. Besides the book itself,
is a work of art as to illustrations an
arrangements, there are seven p
well worth having. That of the 48t
ment of Highlanders, in 14 colors, i
admired by everyone while those
Redvers Buller, and Col. Otter, are
smaller, of equal merit. The num
a whole is cheapness itself.

The Gentleman's Game.

A meeting of the executive of the
Nee Curling Club was held in Mr.
ander's office on Tuesday afternoon.
Arrangements were made for the
season, and the rink is now bein
pared under the supervision of an ic
mittee. It is the intention of the
get up a cup for local competitio
neighboring clubs have been v
regarding same. The secretary
Alexander, is in correspondence
the parties concerned.

MATCHLESS XMAS BARGAINS!

This store is full of them. We intend to make this the banner month in this popular store's industry. Attractive pricings are to be the means of swaying a multitude of economical buyers this way. Gift-giving days are almost here, and Christmas stocks are now in smooth running order. Each department of the Big Store has gathered goods and articles with thoughts of Christmastide requirements. See what we are doing to make buying easy for you. Don't wait until the last feverish week before Christmas. Begin early, and thus get the fullest pleasure—for holiday shopping is a pleasure when it is done leisurely and judiciously.

THE DRESS GOODS STORY

The Dress Goods story gets more interesting as the holiday season approaches. There's such a lot of new stuff coming in, so much that is novel and rich and desirable that it is simply a question of inducing you to come and see them—and as a special December attraction this week we offer some of the very choicest, most popular fabrics of the lot at prices well below their intrinsic worth. No woman with a dress goods want can well afford to overlook them.

Pretty plaid worsted Skirt lengths at \$3.00 and \$4.00. Camelshair skirt lengths at \$5.00. Homespun skirt lengths at \$3.50, \$2.70 and \$4.50, Black Blister Crepon Skirt lengths at \$3.00, \$3.60, \$4.00, \$4.50, \$5.00, \$6.00, \$6.75 and \$9.50. The same goods dress lengths at \$6.25, \$7.00, \$8.00 and \$10.00, Black Blister Crepons per yard 50c, 75c, 85c, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50. One special line Colored Crepons at 48 cents yd. Colored Broadcloth Suits

at \$5.00, \$6.00, \$7.00, etc., etc.

CHRISTMAS TABLE LINEN FUR DEPARTMENT

Heaps of showy Table Linens from the best grade centres have been collected here in anticipation of your holiday wants. We invite an early inspection. D'Oylies—Plain and Hemstitched, drawn work, fringed and linen lace edge, pure linen at 10c, 12½c, 15c, 20c, and 25c each.

Five O'clock Tea Cloths—Damask Hemstitched at 75c and \$1.00. Irish linen Hemstitched drawn work Centre at \$1.00, \$1.25, and \$1.50. Tray Cloths at 20c, 25c, 35c, 40c, 50c, and 75c. Scarfs—Dresser and Sideboard Scarfs, knotted ends, linen lace edge, etc., at 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50. Table Linens—Fine bleached satin Damask in neat floral designs at 35c, 50c, 65c, 75c, 85c, \$1.00 and \$1.25 yd. Napkins—Linen Damask handsome patterns, dinner and ¼ sizes at 50c, 75c, \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2, \$2.25, \$2.50, \$2.75, \$3, \$3.75, and \$4.50 dozen. Towels—We show some beauties, linen Damask, knotted fringe and drawn work at 25c, 50c and 90c each.

LADIES' KID GLOVES

Perrin's Kid Gloves are so soft, pliable, easy, well fitting and good looking that every woman who purchases a pair feels in wearing them a degree of comfort and satisfaction not to be derived from any other make of glove. Ladies' Black and Tans, 4 buttoned at 50c, Black and Tans, laced, at 75c, White and Tans, Dome fasteners, at 75c, Boulogne—Black and Tans, laced at \$1.00, Olga—Black, Tans, Ox-blood, Greys, Browns, Blue and White Dome fasteners at \$1.25. Bretagne—assorted Tans and Black, laced at \$1.25. Ladies' and Children's Grey and Black Lamb Gauntlets at 50c, 75c and \$1.00. Ladies' lined kid mitts at 75c, \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, and \$2.00.

Ladies' Handkerchiefs—Hundreds of dozens of the very daintiest Hdkfs. to be had. Col. borders at 1c, 2½c, 4, and 5c. White Lawn at 3c, 5c, 7c, 8c, 10c, Linen Hemstitched at 10c, 12½c, 15c, 19c, 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c, and 50c.

There is perhaps more pleasure and satisfaction in a good fur wearable than in any other article in a woman's wardrobe. You'll find all this season's most wanted of fur neck dressings, etc. Prices? why, they are all right, of course.

Thibet Ruffs, the newest this season, Black, Grey and White at \$2, and larger, Black only, at \$3.50. Grey Lamb Storm Collars—best quality, large size, at \$6.50 and \$7.50. Ladies' Grey Gauntlets, all sizes, \$4.50 and \$5, Electric Seal and Coon Gauntlets \$5, Children's White Wool Ruffs, 20c and 35c, Sable Muffs at \$7.50 and \$10, Sable Ruffs at \$6.75 and \$10. English Hare Storm Collars, large size \$2.50, Casperines at \$9, \$14, \$17, \$22, etc. Children's Grey Lamb Caps \$2.50 and \$3.25, Sable Storm Collars \$16, White Goat Rugs at \$2.50, English Hare Casperines full size, only \$6.00. Ladies' Muffs—great variety 75c to \$10. White Lamb trimmings at 20c and 25c yd.

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

CLOTHING & FURNISHINGS

How about an Overcoat now? Weather emphasizes what we have been advising you to do for some time—buy a new overcoat. There's something about our Men's and Boy's Suits and Overcoats that make them desirable. They have a distinctive appearance—Prices always fair, and generally lowest for such superior qualities.

Need anything in Gent's Furnishing line? New Shirts, Ties, Underwear, Hdkfs, Gloves, etc. Our goods and prices will suit you.

Men's Overcoats \$3.50 to \$12. Men's Ulsters \$4.50 to \$10. Boys' Overcoats \$3 to \$8, Boys' Suits \$1.25 to \$9.

Men's New Christmas Ties in great variety 15c to 50c. Silk, Lawn and Linen Hdkfs. 5c to \$1, Men's Gloves and Mitts 50c to \$3, Men's Underwear 50c to \$4 suit, Boys' Underwear 40c to \$1.20 suit, White and Colored Shirts, all sizes, 50c to \$1.50.

1 Tans, laced at \$1.00, Olga—Black, Tans, Ox-Blood, yys, Browns, Blue and White Dome fasteners at 25. Bretagne—assorted Tans and Black, laced at 25. Ladies' and Children's Grey and Black Lamb untlets at 50c, 75c and \$1.00. Ladies' lined kid ts at 75c, \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, and \$2.00.

Ladies' Handkerchiefs-- Hundreds of dozens of the very daintiest kfs. to be had. Col. borders at 1c, 2½c, 4, and 5c. White Lawn at 3c, 5c, 7c, 8c, 10c, Linen Hemstitched 10c, 12½c, 15c, 19c, 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c, and 50c.

Lahey & Co.

YOUR INTEREST IN.....
.....YOUR INTERESTS."

Now is the time to buy an **OVERCOAT** or a **SUIT OF THESE** for as soon as the cold weather sets in you will ask yourself didn't I leave my order with Cathro, and have my clothes now, need them.

in season, to season, our object will be to keep the newest goods, the colors and turn out the finest work in Napanee, at the lowest cash

special Beaver Overcoat at \$15.00, in Black or Blue, is a daisy, made to style you prefer, well tailored and trimmed.

our \$25.00 silk lined coat with satin sleeve lining, and a fine French collar is a beauty. We would like to show you these goods, as they are right early, and escaped the advanced prices.

perfect fit and the best of workmanship guaranteed

"always Good at Cathro's"
J. A. Cathro,
FINE TAILORING.
 St., Napanee, Ont.

Bad Boy.
 Funny play was produced in the theatre here on Wednesday evening by the Warden of the county, C. R. Mackay, extended an invitation to the owners and county officers to be present and a majority of the invited. The show was anything but a few hearty laughs were had at the ludicrous situations.

Christmas Globe.
 Beautiful production is to hand and is at the office of this paper. Besides the book itself, which is full of art as to illustrations and type, there are seven pictures, having. That of the 48th Highlanders, in 14 colors, is much appreciated by everyone while those of Sir Walter and Col. Otter, are thought of equal merit. The numbers are cheapness itself.

Herman's Game.
 Meeting of the executive of the Napanee Hockey Club was held in Mr. Alex. Macdonald on Tuesday afternoon last. Plans were made for the coming season and the rink is now being prepared under the supervision of an ice company for local competition and the club have been written same. The secretary, Mr. Macdonald, is in correspondence with the players concerned.

Hockey Club.
 A meeting of the Napanee Hockey Club is called at the Paisley House this evening. All lovers of hockey are requested to attend as several matters of importance must be attended to.

A Pretty Wedding.
 On Wednesday evening the residence of Mr. Herman Ming, Reeve of North Fredericksburg was the scene of an interesting event, it being the marriage of Miss Lottie M. Ming to Mr. Hiram Cline, a prosperous young farmer, of Richmond. The bride looked very handsome in a gown of white organdie trimmed with Valenciennes lace and white satin ribbon, and carrying a bouquet of white carnations. The bridesmaids of honor were her two little nieces Mabel and Maud Hurst. The ceremony was performed by Rev. W. Lambert in the presence of about forty guests. After the usual greetings the guests sat down to a sumptuous repast. The bride received many costly and beautiful presents. The groom presented the bridesmaids with carved bracelets. The Express wishes the young couple a happy and prosperous journey through life.

A. S. Kimmerly is paying the highest prices for all kinds of raw furs, red fox, from \$1 to \$3.00; mink, from \$2 to \$3.00; skunk, 40c. to \$1; Bear, \$18 to \$20; Coon, 10c. to \$1; Lynx, \$4 to \$6. Remember you should get my prices before selling if you wish to save money.

Need anything in Gent's Furnishing line? New Shirts, Ties, Underwear, Hdkfs, Gloves, etc. Our goods and prices will suit you.
Men's Overcoats \$3.50 to \$12. Men's Ulsters \$4.50 to \$10. **Boys' Overcoats \$3 to \$8,** Boys' Suits \$1.25 to \$9.
 Men's New Christmas Ties in great variety 15c to 50c. Silk, Lawn and Linen Hdk. 5c to \$1, Men's Gloves and Mitts 50c to \$3, Men's Underwear 50c to \$1 suit, Boys' Underwear 40c to \$1.20 suit, White and Colored Shirts, all sizes, 50c to \$1.50.

Farmers' Institute Meetings.
 Supplementary meetings of Lennox Farmers' Institute will be held at the following places and dates:
 Roblin, January 4th, 1900
 Selby, " 5th, "
 N. Fredericksburg " 6th, "
 Switzerville, " 8th, "
 Odessa, " 9th, "
 Adolphustown, " 10th, "
 Sillsville, " 11th, "
 The meetings will be addressed by Messrs. A. P. Ketchen, Bruceville and Mr. A. M. Campbell, Dominionville. All meetings open at 1.30 and 7.30 p.m. Parliamentary representatives have been invited to attend each meeting. Dr. Bradshaw, V.S., Napanee, has consented to give a paper on live stock. The ladies are especially invited to attend the evening meeting.
 MANLY JONES, H. AYLSWORTH,
 President, Secretary.

I. O. O. F. at Deseronto.
 A few weeks ago the members of Deseronto Lodge I. O. O. F. extended an invitation to the degree teams and members of Napanee Lodge to visit Deseronto and exemplify degree work. On Wednesday evening the brethren to the number of about forty, journeyed to Deseronto, and on arrival were met by members of Deseronto Lodge and escorted to the I. O. O. F. hall. The degree teams then took charge and conferred degrees on a number of candidates. After the degrees were conferred the members of Deseronto Lodge invited the Napanee brethren to the Deseronto house where mine host Mr. Hatch had prepared a banquet in every way worthy of the occasion. When the good things provided had been disposed of an hour was spent in conversation and toasting, the chairman Mr. A. Richardson, in a neat speech proposed the health of the Queen, after which all present rose and sang the National Anthem. The next toast was the health and prosperity of Napanee Lodge No. 86, which was replied to by short speeches by Messrs. F. W. Vandusen, Harry Smith, G. F. Rutman and Revs. White and Peck. Mr. H. Aylsworth then rendered the solo "Soldiers of the Queen," which received much well merited applause. Mr. G. F. Rutman proposed the health of Deseronto Lodge, which was replied to by Mr. G. W. Wright. Last, but not least the chairman proposed the health of host and hostess, after which the Napanee brethren started for home, arriving there in the wee small hours of the morning. The Napanee brethren speak in high terms of praise of the Deseronto brethren and the reception and banquet tendered them.

"SUFFERED UNTOLD MISERY."
 South American Rheumatic Cure Thwarted Disease and Cured Him Outright.
 Robert E. Gibson, merchant, Pembroke, says that ten years ago he contracted rheumatism of a very severe type, suffered untold misery—resorted to fly-blisters and other severe treatments with no lasting good or relief. When hope of recovery was well nigh gone he was induced to try South American Rheumatic Cure. The first dose gave him instant relief, half a bottle cured him outright. His only words were: "It is the best rheumatic remedy on earth." Sold by Detlor & Wallace.

Church of England Notes.
CHURCH OF S. MARY MAGDALENE—Sunday services. Holy Communion on 1st and 3rd Sundays of the month at the mid-day service. On other Sundays at 8 a.m. Matins, 11 a.m.; Evensong, 7 a.m. Prayers are said daily in the chapel at 9 a.m.

Mitten Lost.
 Between Clark's Mills and Enterprise, a grey persian lamb gauntlet. Finder will please leave same at H. McCarthy's, Clark's Mills, or Sidney Denyes', Odessa.

A few good second hand cook stoves and coal stoves at bargains.
BOLTE & SON.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.
 The next bread and butter "At Home" under the auspices of St. Mary Magdalene's Guild will be held at Mrs. Wilkinson's residence, East Street, next Thursday afternoon, the 14th inst. from 4 to 6 o'clock. A meeting of the ladies belonging to the Kalendar Fund will take place at the same time when all reports ought to be brought in to the secretary. No admission fee, all welcome.

The Best Name.
 When writing verses, dear, to you,
 As swains custom'd often do,
 No matter then what name I use
 To keep you in a fair disguise
 From idly prying public eyes,
 There is one privilege I choose—
 Whatever name or name or line
 You bear I still must call you mine.
 —New York World.

Called Back.
 "Josephine started on a summer trip, but didn't go."
 "Why not?"
 "On the way to the station she saw new fall hats in the shop windows."
 —Chicago Record.

FIRST PRINCIPLES.
 "The strictest care always exercised in dispensing and compounding drugs."
 "All drugs sold by us are guaranteed to be pure and of full strength."
 "Our patrons supplied with what they ask for at all times. No substituting allowed."
 Special attention is directed to our fresh stock of Paine's Celery Compound. This marvellous medicine is recommended to you with full confidence. Paine's Celery Compound makes pure, rich blood; it banishes rheumatism, neuralgia, dyspepsia, stomach troubles, nervousness and headache. Detlor & Wallace, Druggists, Napanee, Ont.